

State Head Lines

THE WEEKLY ARENA

Volume 3 Number 50.

ALMONT, MORTON COUNTY, NORTH DAKOTA, DECEMBER 6, 1913.

Price, Per Year \$1.25

GIRL'S PRINCESS SLIP.



This dainty garment may serve as a petticoat or as a slip for wear under dresses of sheer materials. It has princess front and back, the wide portion joined by seams extending from shoulder to hem. It is provided with full length sleeves which may be shortened or omitted altogether. There is also a small ruffle which need not be used.

This slip pattern (4386) is cut in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Medium size requires 3 1/2 yards of 35 inch material.

To receive this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper, with your address plainly and be sure to give name and number of pattern.

NO. 4386. SIZE _____

NAME _____

TOWN _____

STREET AND NO. _____

STATE _____

Cecil Rhodes a Good Feeder.
Cecil Rhodes' latest biographer says that Rhodes was a valiant trencherman—"one might almost call him a gross feeder"—and liked getting the jokes in front of him and cutting off the great hunks of meat. Though "no drunkard," he also liked his champagne in a tumbler, tossed off the glass absent-mindedly and would have five or six liquor glasses of his favorite Russian brandy after meals. At eleven in the morning he usually, "like Bismarck," had a glass of champagne and stout or light pilsener beer, then Pilsener or hook for lunch, and, with the exception of a gin and soda sometimes at sundown, nothing until dinner. After dinner he often sat at the dining room table talking and smoking innumerable cigarettes until bedtime.

The Usual Sequence.
"I understand the new Brazilian dances, the machuca, is becoming quite the rage."
"Yes, society will take it up formally at the big dinner-dance tonight."
"Then I suppose the police will take it up officially tomorrow!"

There Are Others.
And, when you come to think of it, it isn't only the old folks who can't bear well that laugh at the jokes they don't understand.

Home Happenings.

Bean Supper at Sherwood's tonight.

Bert Day was a Bismarck visitor two days this week.

Roses, Carnations, Narcissus etc cut fresh daily. Large supply of stock. Send for price list.—Hoskins Floral Co., Bismarck. Advt.

R. A. Stratton of Stevensville, in the Bitter Root section of Montana, is engaged in looking over a large tract of Morton county land for eastern parties.

Mrs. H. M. Silvernail returned home Friday, from a week's visit to her parents, at Taylor.

For Sale.—Good milch cow. C. E. Withroe, Almont, N. D. Advt.

Co-operative Live Stock Marketing.

Market Early in Week, in Carload Lots, and Through An Efficient Manager.

In order to market live stock co-operatively, an association must be formed. To do this requires only the adoption of a constitution and by-laws and the election of a board of directors who will appoint a manager to handle the business. The manager should be an honest, energetic, up-to-date man, a good judge of live stock, and a good business man.

It is better to ship during the fore part of the week in order to get the stock on the market when most of the purchasing is done for the week's slaughtering. In case there is not stock enough to fill the car each week, the stock should be held over, as the freight rates are much higher per hundred on less than a carload.

The farmers belonging to the association report to the manager by telephone when the stock is ready for shipment, stating the kind and approximate weight, so that the manager can order a car of the proper size for shipment. All the stock should be reported at least one day before the date of shipment.

On the day of delivery the manager and his helper receive and weigh the stock and give each man a receipt made out in duplicate for the number of animals delivered, the weight on delivery, and the number or mark used in marketing his stock. If all individuals are marked, each man's stock can easily be identified when sold on the market.

The President's Message.

President Wilson's message, delivered to Congress Tuesday, appears in full on another page of this issue in the position of the instrument of the interesting story, "He Comes Up Smiling." The message holds so much of vital import that we feel the omission of it would deprive our readers of an understanding of our national government's attitude on the important matters that confronts the nation.

The President makes plain the position of the United States in the Mexican crisis and reiterates his determination that Huerta must retire. He asks immediate action on the currency bill and urges special provision for facilitating the credits needed by the farmers. Primary elections of president, plimate independence of the Philippines, safety at sea, and our duty toward Alaska are other subjects considered. President Wilson also devotes much attention to the question of government aid for efficient farming. The message, though comparatively short, is an interesting document and should be read by all.

For Sale or Trade for any article of marketable value.—A 600 pound Economy Chief Cream Separator. In good condition.—J. N. Sharff, Almont, North Dakota. Advt.

100 Rhode Island Red chickens for sale.—Address Capt. C. P. Hall, Almont, N. D., advt-4-1

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that certain mortgage executed and delivered by B. E. Werpich of Park County of Morton and State of North Dakota, mortgagee, to the Farmers State Bank of Almont North Dakota, mortgagee, dated December 17th, 1912 to secure the following indebtedness, to-wit:

The payment of two promissory notes for \$75 and \$12.18 due October 1, 1912 and January 1, 1913 respectively, with interest from date at 12 per cent and which mortgage was duly filed in the office of the Register of Deeds of Morton County, State of North Dakota, on the 10th day of December 1912 at nine o'clock a. m. and which defaults in the following nature, to-wit:

Non-payment of principal and interest and that there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of \$72.53 for principal and interest.

And that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the personal property in such mortgage and hereinafter described, at public auction presently to the statutes in such case made and provided at the front door of the first office in the village of Almont, County of Morton and State of North Dakota, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on Saturday, December 14th, 1913. That personal property which will be sold to satisfy said mortgage is described as follows:

One gray riding 2 years old, weight 100. Name Tom.

One black riding 2 years old, weight 120. Name China.

One black riding 3 years old, weight 110. Name Dan.

One bay riding 3 years old, weight 100. Name Dick, white hind foot.

One sorrel riding 1 year old, weight 80.

One black riding 1 year old, weight 80.

Farmers State Bank of Almont, N. D. Mortgagee.

J. V. McCormick, Atty for Mortgagee.

New Advertisements—12-6-13

For Sale.—Three Poland China Boars; six months old. C. E. Withroe, Almont, N. D. Advt.

Mrs. O. C. Ellingson was a Bismarck visitor one day this week.

A number of Almont people are attending the district court which is now in session.

There will be service in the Almont school house, Sunday. Rev. Mr. Meyer will conduct the service to which all are invited to come.

Sunday, December 14th, Rev. L. A. Breen will conduct services in Norwegian in the Resmusen school house. Also baptism of infants will take place.

FOR SALE.—35 Bronze Turkeys.—Address Capt. C. P. Hall, Almont, N. D. Advt-4-1

E. W. Hyde transacted business at Glen Ullin, Wednesday of this week.

U. S. Internal Revenue Collector George Piercy of Pingree, N. D., spent Thursday in this place in the interest of the government in listing those whose incomes are subject to tax under the new Income Tax Law. We have not as yet learned if he has completed the enrollment of all the Almont people whose incomes are subject to a heavy taxation—to make the ends meet.

Sam Anderson made proof on a quarter section of land, Monday, before G. H. Anderson, the U. S. Commissioner.

"Eggs is eggs" and the farmers are getting 30 cents a dozen for them.

John Sharff spent a couple of days at Mandan the first of the week, protesting to the board of county commissioners against the granting of the Peck petition to have a road laid out on the quarter section lands instead of on quarter lines.

Lost: Big bunch of keys. \$25 reward if returned to Arena Office, advt

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Almont Besler and Louisa Besler, his wife, mortgagee, to Brown Brothers State Bank and Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, dated the 30th day of November, 1910, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Morton, and State of North Dakota, on the 11th day of February, 1911, at 9 o'clock a. m., and recorded in Book O-11 of Mortgages at page 232, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in said mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the Court House in the City of Mandan, County of Morton and State of North Dakota, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., on the 31st day of December, 1913, to satisfy the amount due upon said mortgage on the date of sale.

The premises described in said mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same are described as follows:

The North West Quarter (NW 1/4) of section nineteen (19) in township one hundred thirty five (135) north of range eighty nine (89) west of the fifth Principal meridian, Morton County, North Dakota.

The mortgagors having failed to pay three installments Forty four (\$44.00) Dollars due November 1, 1911, and Forty eight (\$48.00) Dollars due November 1, 1912 and November 1, 1913, respectively, the mortgagee hereby elects to declare the full amount thereof due and payable, and there will be due on the day of sale the sum of Four Hundred Ninety seven and 80/100 (\$497.80) Dollars, together with the statutory attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law. The mortgagors having to pay interest Sixty six (\$66.00) Dollars due November 1, 1911, Seventy two (\$72.00) Dollars, due November 1, 1912, and Seventy two (\$72.00) Dollars due November 1, 1913, on a prior mortgage on the here-in described land, the mortgagee herein paid the same, which said amount is included in the amount claimed to be due under the mortgage being foreclosed.

Dated this 13th day of November, 1913.

Brown Brothers State Bank and Trust Company, Mortgagee.

E. A. Ripley, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Mandan, North Dakota.

[Legal Advertising.]

First publication Nov. 22nd, 1913.

FOR SALE.—High grade 3 year old Durham bull. Cheap if taken at once.—Jonathan Pederson, Almont, N. D. advt.

LAND FOR SALE, CHEAP.—Fine quarter section of land few miles from Almont. Good barn, good house, two good wells. Land part under cultivation. Nearly all can be farmed. Splendid piece of property and away down in price. All complete to work—horses, Machinery, etc at a very low price. Address A.B.C. Box 167, Almont, N. D. Advt.

LAND LAND LAND

Several choice pieces of land in the vicinity of Judson, for sale by trade for northern Wisconsin Dairy farms. What have you to trade? Address X, care of Arena office, Almont, North Dakota. Advt.

Come at eight o'clock tonight to Sherwood's and find 1000 100 plates of Boston Baked Beans. A good time is guaranteed.

Ed O. Schmidt of Glen Ullin, is here for a couple of days, looking after his property.

O. G. Feland of Custer Creek country, transacted business in this village this morning.

John Jacobson of Bismarck, N. D. Almont, visitor, Friday.

Subscribe for The ARENA.

NOTICE!

I will sell any place in Morton County, if you have a Farm Sale let me have it and get you the highest prices. If you want to sell your land, let it with me and get quick returns. If you want a cow or horse, let me know for I have them on hand all the time. Address—E. R. Erb, Almont, N. D. For Dates see the Arena.—Advt.

(Serial No. 012561.)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D. December 4, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that

Chancy H. Claffin, of Balm, Morton Co., North Dakota, who, on June 11, 1909, made homestead entry, Serial No. 012561, for SW 1/4 & W 1/2 SW 1, section 2, township 136 N., range 85 W., 5th principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register, United States Land Office, at Bismarck, North Dakota, on Jan. 31, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Bendley Wing, of Balm, N. D. Peter Grimsby, of " " " John Bahm, of " " Charles P. Stutz, of Judson, N. D. R. N. Stevens, of " " "

(Legal Advertising.)

First publication December 9th, 1913.

FREE FREE FREE

IGNORANCE OF THE LAW EXCUSES NO MAN.

So do not make another contract, sign another lease, deed or other instrument until you have consulted

BAY'S AMERICAN COMMERCIAL LAW SERIES in nine handy volumes giving in clear understandable terms the Law of Contracts, Negotiable Paper, Sales of Personal Property, Agency, Partnership, Corporations, Insurance, Suretyship, Deeds, Creditors, Bankruptcy, Banks and Banking, and Real Property. The treatment of the foregoing is clear and comprehensive with an intent to place in the hands of those unacquainted with the workings of the Law, a guide-post by which he can avoid the pits into which many are daily falling.

EVERYONE NEEDS THIS WORK.
Every Home; Every Office; Every Business and Every Business Man needs this little series. A Business Man in his Office; A Student in his Room; The Farmer in his Home; A Business Woman seated at her Desk at Home; The Traveler in the Railway Coach; everyone in fact, may now have at his or her elbow for immediate consultation all the Laws of Business and Commerce condensed into this little series of Nine Miniature Books, "THE AMERICAN COMMERCIAL LAW SERIES".

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Don't delay a single day. Get these books in your possession. They are NOW. How many of your lawyers; ask his opinion of them. Ask your friends; calculate what their bill of them. Clip off this extraordinary coupon and mail it to the publishers. I am satisfied with the books I will send you if within seven days after each sends their bill for \$3.00. If I should not be happy I will mail you with within seven days a refund for every cent of the coupon before you turn the page. Mail it.

FREE EXAMINATION COUPON.
ARENA PUBLISHING CO., Almont, N. D.

Give me without any financial charge, one set of "The American Law" (Nine volumes.) and send me the free examination copy. I am satisfied with the books I will send you if within seven days after each sends their bill for \$3.00. If I should not be happy I will mail you with within seven days a refund for every cent of the coupon before you turn the page. Mail it.

Name _____

Town _____

State _____

Send a copy of the International Highway Convention from Bismarck, Friday, looking for some collections on old machinery, notes.

I BELIEVE PE-RU-NA SAVED MY LIFE.



Mrs. Charles Anspaugh, R. F. L. Kimmell, Noble Co., Indiana, writes: "Peruna has been a godsend to me. I can feel safe in saying that it saved my life, as I was all run down and was just miserable when I commenced taking your Peruna, but am on the road to recovery now. I cannot thank you too much."

Those who object to liquid medicines can now procure Peruna Tablets. Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Lucky Day Almanac for 1914.

Pain in Back and Rheumatism are the daily torment of thousands. To effectually cure these troubles you must remove the cause. Foley Kidney Pills begin to work for you from the first dose, and exert so direct and beneficial an action in the kidneys and bladder that the pain and smart of kidney trouble soon disappears.

The New Dances. Miss Lillian Russell, at a dinner in Pittsburgh, said of the new dances: "A girl I know told me she didn't like the tango—she found that in it she was more danced against than dancing."

"This same girl attempted the tango with a fat man as the dancer. The fat man was a great bungler, and he knew it. He gasped, as they bobbed about to the strains of 'Every Little Movement.'"

"It's awfully kind of you to dance with me—no, the worst dancer in the room!" "Then he trod on her foot for the sixth time, and he got lipped: "Oh, how can you say so? Why, you hardly seem to touch the floor!"

Short on Evidence. A Yankee attorney was addressing a jury on behalf of a prisoner. "Gentlemen," he said, "witnesses have sworn that they saw the accused fire his gun; they have sworn they saw the flash and heard the report; they have sworn they saw Pete Jackson fall flat; they have sworn that this bullet was extracted from Pete Jackson's body; but, gentlemen, in the name of justice, I ask you, where is the evidence that the bullet hit Pete Jackson?"

Impossible Education. "I hope you do not whip your children, madam?" "Certainly I do. How else could I bring them up by hand?"

WIFE WON Husband Finally Convinced.

Some people are wise enough to try new foods and beverages and are generous enough to give others the benefit of their experience. A wife writes:

"No slave in chains, it seemed to me, was more helpless than I, a coffee captive. Yet there were innumerable warnings—waking from a troubled sleep with a feeling of suffocation, at times dizzy and out of breath, attacks of palpitation of the heart that frightened me."

"(This was just as injurious as coffee because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.) "At last my nervous system was so disorganized that my physician ordered 'no more coffee.' I capitulated."

"Determined to give Postum a fair trial, I prepared it according to directions on the pkg., obtaining a dark brown liquid with a rich snappy flavor similar to coffee. When cream and sugar were added, it was not only good but delicious."

"Noting its beneficial effects in me the rest of the family adopted it—all except my husband, who would not admit that coffee hurt him. Several weeks elapsed during which I drank Postum two or three times a day, when, to my surprise, my husband said: 'I have decided to drink Postum. Your improvement is so apparent that you have such fine complexion that I propose to give credit where credit is due.' And now we are coffee-slaves no longer."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Michigan Road "The Road to Wellville," in pkg.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be boiled. Instant Postum is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage. Instantly. Grocers sell both kinds. "There's a Reason" for Postum.

News of North Dakota

Telegraph Items of General Interest—Gathered From All Sections of the Flickertail State.

NEW N. D. LEGAL PROCEDURE Pardon Board Grants Youthful Convict Complete New Trial—Has Popular Sympathy.

Possession.—Probably the most remarkable legal procedure in any criminal case in North Dakota has been taken in connection with the prosecution of William McBain, who has been removed from a cell in state prison after pleading guilty to felony charges to permit the conduct of the case from justice courts on the same basis that would prevail in a new action. Instead of being a state convict, McBain is considered as being in the position of an accused man at a preliminary examination, and such a hearing will be held in this case. The case will be carried through all the stages of the early conduct of criminal actions, and it established a remarkable precedent in this state.

A remarkable display of popular sympathy, and the petitioning of hundreds of residents of this county to the state pardon board for the boy's freedom resulted in the new development in the case.

TWO ARE EATEN BY WOLVES Homesteaders Who Go to Alberta Are Devoured While Going to Market.

Mandan.—Killed and eaten by wolves near Parkbush, Ala., was the fate of Axel and Adolph Soderstrom, young homesteaders, who sold their land in this county two years ago and went to Alberta. The men were going from their claims to the nearest market point for supplies when overtaken by wolves. Searchers found their empty guns, their knapsacks, portions of their clothing and a few bones. The location showed evidences of a terrible struggle before the men were overcome.

NEW FARGO COLLEGE HEAD John W. Hansel Will Succeed Dr. Cregan As President of School.

Fargo.—John W. Hansel, former secretary of the St. Joseph, Mo., Y. M. C. A., was elected acting president of Fargo college by the board of directors, succeeding D. C. C. Cregan, resigned.

Mr. Hansel came to Fargo several months ago in the capacity of financial secretary and vice president of the board. The new president will feature an effort to place the institution on a firm financial basis by creating a satisfactory endowment fund.

Fatal Edmond Auto Accident. Edmond.—Alfred J. Nelson, a blacksmith, was severely injured in an automobile accident near Hesper, when Game Warden W. E. Cuff's machine turned turtle. His back was injured, and it is feared he suffered internal injuries. Ed. Keenan had his collarbone broken, and Phil Corkery had his face badly bruised and cut, while Mr. Cuff, the owner of the car, was badly shaken up. This is the second time this car has turned over.

Kiten Shipped by Parcel Post. Wyndmere.—Mail Carrier Manning reports the shipment of a kitten by parcel post over his route. It was sewed into a sack with its head and tail out side. The postage was attached to the tail.

Woman Tries to End Life. Mandan.—Despondency caused the attempted suicide on a Northern Pacific train near bars of Mrs. M. McDermott of Grand Forks. The woman was caught in the act of drinking poison, trainmen preventing her from completing the act. Later the woman was arraigned before the insanity board, but was freed on her promise to return home.

Partisan Rights Through Fraud. Grand Forks.—Homer C. Blair, intoxicated in the estate of Winick, Grand Forks, charges that she signed her name to certain papers and deeds, relinquishing her rights to her share of the estate, by reason of fraudulent deaths employed by other heirs.

NORTH DAKOTA FOOL PROBE Federal Agent in Investigation, Cold Storage Conditions Throughout This Section.

St. Paul.—Minnesota, North and South Dakota are to be included in the sweeping investigation of cold storage conditions begun by the federal department of justice. G. M. Murdock, of this city, has been selected to take charge of the investigation in the north-west according to word received from Washington. Mr. Murdock will go over the ground in the north-west thoroughly. He will turn in a general sketch of conditions as he finds them. Mr. Murdock who is in charge of the bureau of investigation for the department of justice in St. Paul, said he had received no notice of such an investigation, but had been expecting it because of similar work being done elsewhere.

"I can form no idea of what will be expected of me," said Mr. Murdock, "until I receive official instructions. I am alone in this office and do not expect that any assistance will be offered me." Mr. Murdock's report will be compared and analyzed in conjunction with reports from other sections of the country. It is the information from Washington. When this is done it is expected that the attorney general will be able to give instructions as to what he wants the United States attorneys in the various states to do in the way of prosecutions. It is said that there won't be any suits instituted in this state until the conclusion of the general preliminary investigation that is now on.

VICTIM MAY BE N. D. MAN. Elderly Man Killed on Milwaukee Road Tracks in St. Paul—Likely From Beach.

St. Paul.—An elderly man, about 60 years old, believed by Corner D. C. Jones to be Oscar M. Siles, was run down and killed on the tracks of the Milwaukee road under the Grand avenue bridge.

The man was first seen by Engineer William Whiteburch, a second or two before the engine struck him. The whistle was blown, but the driver told the coroner that the aged man apparently paid no attention to the warning signal. An examination showed the man's neck and several ribs had been broken, and that death had been instantaneous.

In the dead man's pockets were found 20 cents in change, a card with the name upon it of George A. Siles, jeweler, Lexington, Ohio, and several letters addressed to Oscar M. Siles, Doerh. N. D. From his general appearance, it was coroner Jones' opinion that the train's victim was probably a homesteader living in North Dakota.

N. D. ANTI-SNUFF LAW VALID Supreme Court of State Convicts C. J. Olson, Who Was Backed by Tobacco Companies.

Bismarck.—The supreme court of North Dakota state has decided that the anti-snuff law is constitutional, making that the decision in the case of C. J. Olson of Stark county, who was arraigned several months ago, charged with the sale of snuff.

The anti-snuff law was passed by the last legislature and the supreme court's decision upholding its constitutionality is regarded as one of the most important steps in the campaign for several years' standing against the sale and use of the product.

The tobacco corporations supported Olson in his fight against conviction. In the district court, the verdict was against Olson, and an immediate appeal to the supreme court was made. It is understood that the finding of the state supreme court will be reviewed by the supreme court of the United States in an early appeal to that tribunal, being anticipated by the tobacco companies.

Questions of personal liberty and rights in being deprived of the right to sell or purchase snuff, the North Dakota court says, are not established.

RECALL ELECTION IS SOUGHT. Petition Against Mandan City Commission President Circulated by "Defeated Candidates."

Bismarck.—The city commission form of government at Mandan, the first city in the state to adopt the system, is to be attacked with a recall election by a group of disgruntled citizens. H. L. Henke, who was elected president at a special election. Henke defeated G. C. Kennedy for president by one vote, and in place of contesting the election, Kennedy and his friends are petitioning for the recall.

High Found Guilty. Stargis.—A grand jury, upon the business man and land speculator, Stanley, has been declared guilty of embezzlement by a district court jury, that tried him on charges made by Colonel Anderson of Bemidji, Minn.

900 DROPS A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK. 35 DENTS, 35 CENTS. Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act. Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

Neuralgia suffers find instant relief in Sloan's Liniment. It penetrates to the painful part—soothes and quiets the nerves. No rubbing—merely lay it on. **SLOAN'S LINIMENT** Kills Pain

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS. THERAPION. FARGO DIRECTORY. Shelwell Floral Co. SHIP YOUR HIDES FURS IN WOOL. EARN \$100 A WEEK. **POULTRY WANTED** **G. M. ROBINSON**

400,000 Settlers a Year Immigration figures show that the population of Canada increased during 1913 by the addition of 400,000 settlers from the United States and Europe. Most of these have gone on farms in the prairie provinces, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS. THERAPION. FARGO DIRECTORY. Shelwell Floral Co. SHIP YOUR HIDES FURS IN WOOL. EARN \$100 A WEEK.

JOSEPH & HOENCK READERS

BILLS WOULD HALT NAVAL PROGRAM

CESSATION OF CONSTRUCTION FOR THE NEXT TWO YEARS IS AIM OF MEASURES.

SAME AS CHURCHILL'S IDEA

These said to Indorse the Proposal in Concrete—Regular Session Settles Down to Work.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Representative Hensley, of Missouri, and Representative Gray, of Indiana, will each present measures to the House in the next few days for the cessation of naval construction by the United States for the next two years.

Mr. Hensley asks the house to take immediate action on his resolution proposing that the United States join in suspension of naval construction according to Winston Churchill's suggestion to the British parliament. Mr. Hensley conferred with Speaker Clark on the subject.

The speaker, Representative Mann of Illinois, the Republican leader, and all the other party leaders in the house, have expressed sympathy with the movement.

Representative Gray's measure provides for an international meeting to discuss cessation.

Settle Down to Grind. Congress has now settled down to the grind of the regular "long" session, expected to last well into next summer.

One of the absolutely necessary formalities marked the ending of the old session and the beginning of the new.

The senate shortly after the regular session had been opened began consideration of the bill to grant San Francisco water supply rights in Hutch Hetchy valley.

An attempt to institute the proposed drastic program of day and night sessions for the consideration of the administration currency bill failed.

The Democrats agreed to allow final settlement of the program to go over to give the Republicans time to consider it.

No Minority Filibuster. Republican Leader Hensley and Senator Smet comforted the Democrats with the announcement that the Republicans would make no effort to filibuster or obstruct in any way the passage of currency legislation and the Democratic leaders last night predicted the passage of the measure before the Christmas holidays.

The currency bill as completed by Democratic conference was printed and prepared for the senate and Senator Owen presented it as a substitute for the bill originally presented by himself to the administration.

Another Currency Bill. Senator Burton, Republican of Ohio, introduced a currency bill which would provide for the formation of a central bank to be owned by the public and operated by the government.

The gist of bills in the house was much smaller than that in the senate as well as pending hundreds of bills covering nearly every conceivable form of legislation submitted in the extra session. These include many bills for trust regulation, which the judiciary committee will consider.

Representative Gray of Indiana introduced a bill which provides for an international conference next fall for the purpose of agreeing to a plan of disarmament and suspension of naval construction programs. The bill would authorize an appropriation of \$350,000, the United States to entertain the delegates from foreign powers.

IN FURS AND VELVETS

SEASON'S LONG COATS REACH EXTREME IN LUXURY.

One of the Best Models Fashioned of Ermine and White Silver Brocade—Prices May Be as High as One Like.

Of the long fur coats for evening wear we have had much to say before, but each day brings out new models in fur and fur combined with velvet or rich brocade or plain cloth or cloth.

Some of the coats have a deep yoke or enormous collar and cuffs of fur and a very deep band on the coat bottom, rounding up in the front and narrowing until it meets the collar, the central part of the coat being of velvet, satin or cloth.

One superb model in fur and brocade is fashioned of ermine and white silver brocade, the fur forming the deep yoke and peasant sleeves, while the brocade runs up and forms the entire lower part of the coat, and the big soft ravers and cuffs which are turned back against the sleeves.

Whole coats of ermine are many. Sometimes the pure white ermine is trimmed in the black and white tails or perhaps the black and white ermine is trimmed in black fur, finest breit-schwang, silky caracul or black fox. These fur coats are ample, luxurious, long or three-quarter; the right crossing far over the left, but so cut that the coat is drawn in toward the bottom to give the approved narrow silhouette. Of gorgeous seal, breit-schwang, taupe and sable coats there is no end; but these are not primarily evening coats as are the ermine garments and some of those of chinchilla.

When it comes to fur-trimmed evening coats, one hardly knows where to take up the tale. There are models in all grades of elegance and at prices ranging from \$40 up to a lofty point among the three figure prices. All depends upon the value of the materials used and the value of the name attached to the model. A famous designer charges well for his name and his ideas and when these expensive items are added to the coat of velvet, satin or cloth and fine fur, one has a



sum total appalling to the average woman. And yet it does seem as if the latest prohibitions of these very costly models might be successfully copied by many a tailor or dressmaker who would have been incapable of originating them. Even so, the beautiful materials would make the coat expensive; but at least the costly sum paid for the maker's reputation and originality would be eliminated, and that means cutting down the price by at least one-third. With the profit of the importer who brought the model over, another large item, one-third of the cost of the garment, counted of the cost of the garment.

BEAUTIFUL GOWN



Model of draped velvet trimmed with fur. Collar and cuffs of lace.

CHOICE OF CLOTH OR SATIN

Model Would Make Up Handsomely in Either of Materials to Be Chosen.

This model is of cloth, or satin, ornamented on each side of the front with fancy shibori, which is knotted and finished with tassels. The tucked chemise is of white tulle or muslin, the collar finished at the top with lace.

The fronts are faced at the top with a cravat of black terry, which is knotted and finished with tassels. The tucked chemise is of white tulle or muslin, the collar finished at the top with lace.

How many mothers who have inquired with their children over the antics of the Kewpies know that these delightful creatures come stamped to embroidery? They adorn pillow tops, children's scarfs and table covers, and the child's nursery or bedroom, and they have lost none of their selfishness by being transferred to heavy linen.

They are colored, of course, and are done in outline stitch, which goes so pleasantly fast. Kewpie rhymas are pasted below, describing the pictured action.

The alluring Drayton children come in this form also, and the quite pretty is the Kewpie, who is perhaps the cleverest of all is the sweet little September Morn child, standing up for her chubby knees in water, with the "rose beneath."

"Oh, please don't think me bad or bold, But where it's deep, it's awful cold."

Teach the little maid to carry a needle case in the pocket carried to her school kit. If she has always at hand the means of repairing a rip or a rent in her clothes she will gradually acquire the almost obsolete art of neat mending and it will become ingrained with her never to wear a ragged garment. The "pocket" needle case that is most easily carried is the cartridge-shaped affair in steel which is known to reveal a silver-plated interior when the cap is removed with white, blue and brown threads, and a hollow receptacle for needles.

Cleaning Embroidery. To clean white embroidery without washing, sprinkle it liberally with powdered chalk and roll up for a few days. The chalk will absorb the dirt and the embroidery will be clean and will not have lost its new appearance.

GOOD FARM BUILDINGS

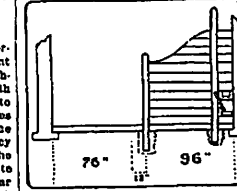
Materials for Cow Houses, Stables and Pigstyes.

Floor of Structure Intended for Accommodation of Live Stock Should Be Impermeable and Non-Absorbent as Possible.

(By W. R. GILBERT.)

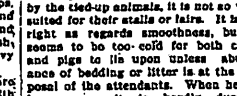
Since the introduction of Portland cement concrete as a floor-lying material there has been no excuse for uncomfortable and inefficient floors at the homestead. To be efficient, the floor of a house intended for the accommodation of live stock must to a great degree be permeable to both water and non-absorbent. If it be neither, it will be liable to become offensive itself, and will lead to the same condition in the soil upon which it lies as well. Fragments of good quality and fine sand flooring tiles may reach a high standard for these respects, but unless they are very carefully jointed liquid matter will leak through the seams and pollute the soil underneath. If with such as these it is difficult to keep the whole structure, it need never be attempted with irregularly finished slabs, far less with small boulders, or paving stones. Concrete can, however, be laid without joint or crack in the whole area covered. It is impervious to water; moisture cannot get through it, nor can ground damp pass up. It can be worked into forms required in such places, and it wears well. A further advantage is its comparative cheapness. Another is the effective resistance that it gives to rotting and other "sappers and miners" are opposed when faced by a well-laid concrete floor.

Open channels alone are permissible in the buildings we are dealing with; covered drains can never be kept clean.



Double Cowhouse. The cows face the walls, their beds or lairs being 7 feet 3 inches long from the wall to the edge of the "grip." The beds are almost level in this direction. They have more or less incline the other way in accordance with the general slope of the building, but as little as can be given. A glass fire-clay trough sits on the floor in front of each cow. The troughs are kept back from the wall about the breadth of a brick, so that the material, when in the act of using, may not damage their horns against the wall. The "grip" is 21 inches broad, 6 inches deep at the side next to the cattle stances and from 2 inches up 4 inches alongside the central passages. The bottom of the "grip" has a dip of 1/4 inches from the one side to the other, and lengthwise as much fall as will quickly lead fluid matter to the outlet provided for its discharge.

The cross-section of a double pigstye is represented in Fig. 3. Concrete is again much in evidence, as will be seen. The beds are of brick, however. They are raised a few inches above the general floor level. The method is adopted it will be found that the pigs rarely mess these "platforms." When feeding they void or



Limitations of Concrete. But while concrete is eminently well adapted for flooring the parts of farm buildings that are liable to be soiled by the tied-up animals, it is not so well suited for their stalls or lairs. It is all right as regards smoothness, but it seems to be too hard for both cows and pigs to lie upon unless abundance of bedding or litter is at the disposal of the attendants. When heavy horses come it is hardly durable enough; the ponding of their manure beds are too much for concrete. The passages and channels of the three places we started with can have go better flooring medium than concrete but something a little warmer and less unyielding is required for both cows and pigs in their stalls. It might be left to take advantage of its smoothness were it more durable against their hoofs, because they usually have more bedding afforded them and they have less time to lie down.

When a Cow Should Go Dry. The dry cow is best cared for during the time of short pasture. She does not need as much lush food as the cow that gives milk. If she comes fresh in the late fall she can go on regular winter feed and be kept up to normal flow of winter milk.

Place for Mixing Feed. A good, tight, clean barn floor is a good place to mix the grain intended for the cows, emptying first the light, bulky feeds, such as corn and cob meal or distillers' grain, spreading them out five or six inches thick, pouring on the next lightest, etc. Then begin at one edge, shovel the feed back into a pile a couple of feet to the right or left. Under ordinary conditions twice turning over and the final shoveling into the bin will afford a uniform mixing.

Fattening Hogs. As soon as your pasture becomes lean, put up your fattening or finishing hogs in a moderately close pen; they feed them all the slope they will drink three times a day, made from the best and corn meal mixed. Also give them all the whole corn they will clean up of at all night.

When a Cow Should Go Dry. The dry cow is best cared for during the time of short pasture. She does not need as much lush food as the cow that gives milk. If she comes fresh in the late fall she can go on regular winter feed and be kept up to normal flow of winter milk.

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THE WEEKLY ARENA

FORMERLY ALMONT ARENA
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ALMONT, NORTH DAKOTA

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(When Paid in Advance)
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Entered as second-class matter December 21, 1910, at the post office at Almont, North Dakota, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Chicago Record-Examiner.

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Farm, Stock and Home Calendar for 1914



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Miss Helga Jacobson	863400
Mrs. Minnie Bremer	3473
Grace Jacobson	963310
Cleria Pippow	1360
Regina Knutson	1396290
Gladys Bird	1280
Mrs. John Behm	1351220
Mrs. Otis G. Malone	853400
Mrs. Anna Larson	853400
Mrs. Christine N.	853400

First publication November 8th, 1913.
Serial No. 011304.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Nov. 8th, 1913.
Notice is hereby given that Emma L. Medina, formerly Emma L. Miller, died (U. S. N. P. No. 20) June 24th, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6044, for SW1, section 2, township 136 N., range 67, of the 5th principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson, U. S. Commissioner at Almont, N. Dakota, on Dec. 16, 1913.
Claimant names as witnesses:
John H. Miller, of Almont, N. D.
William J. McCarthy, of Glen Hill, N. D.
R. N. Stevens, Register.

First publication November 8th, 1913.
Serial No. 011303.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Nov. 8th, 1913.
Notice is hereby given that
Arno L. Brown,
of Almont, North Dakota, who, on April 21, 1910, made homestead entry Serial No. 011203, for SW1 and lot 8 and 9, section 25, township 137 N., range 67, west of the 5th principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson, U. S. Commissioner at Almont, North Dakota, on Dec. 16, 1913.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Edward Erb, of Almont, N. D.
John H. Miller, " " "
Ulf Johnson, " " "
Chas. Hall, " " "
R. N. Stevens, Register.

First publication Nov. 15, 1913.
Serial No. 011645.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
[Publisher]
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Nov. 11, 1913.
Notice is hereby given that Frederick T. Spath, of Almont, North Dakota, who, on June 18th, 1910, made homestead entry, Serial No. 014645, for SW1 and lot 7, section 6, township 136 N., range 86, w. of the 5th principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson, U. S. Commissioner at Almont, North Dakota, on December 23, 1913.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Theodore Stiller, of Almont, N. D.
Herman Timpe, " " "
William Martin, " " "
Bernitt Rollstad, " " "
R. N. Stevens, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Sale By Advertisement.
Notice is hereby given that certain mortgages executed and delivered by Fred Miller and Agnes Miller Mortgagees, to the Hecht Lumber and Machinery Company Mortgagee, dated the 8th day of December, A. D. 1912, between husband and wife, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Morton, and State of North Dakota, on the 28th day of December, A. D. 1913, and recorded in Book One Hundred and twenty-two (122) of the Mortgage Records, at page 228, will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described, at the front door of the Court house in the city of Mandan, in the County of Morton and State of North Dakota, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., on the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1913, to satisfy the same, as situated in the count of Morton, and State of North Dakota, and described as follows, to-wit:
North-east Quarter (NE1/4) of Section Twenty-five (25) in Township One Hundred Thirty-seven (Twp. 137) North of Range Eighty-two (82) West of the 5th Principal Meridian.
There will be due on such mortgage at the date of sale the sum of \$277.00 Dollars, and the Statutory Attorney's Fees and Disbursements allowed by law.
Dated at Mandan, N. D. this 11th day of November, 1913.
Hecht Lumber and Machinery Company, Mortgagee.
E. B. Lanterman, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Mandan, North Dakota.
(Legal Advertising.)
First publication Nov. 15, 1913.

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HUERTA'S POWER FAST CRUMBLING

No Peace in Mexico Until Dictator Is Eliminated, Says President's Message.

MONEY BILL HELPS FARMER

Need of Legislation That Will Facilitate Getting of Capital for Agricultural Purposes—Would Choose Presidential Candidates by Primary—Declares Himself for Philippine Independence—Should Let Antitrust Law Stand.

Washington, Dec. 2.—President Wilson appeared before the joint session of the two houses of congress today and delivered his annual message as follows:

In pursuance of my constitutional duty to "give to the congress information of the state of the Union," I take the liberty of addressing you on several matters which ought, as it seems to me, particularly to engage the attention of your honorable bodies, as of all who study the welfare of the nation.

Departs From Custom.

I shall ask your indulgence if I venture to depart in some degree from the usual custom of setting before you in formal review the many matters which have engaged the attention and called for the action of the several departments of the government or which look to them for their execution. In the future, because the list is long, very long, and would suffer in the abbreviation to which I should have to subject it. I shall submit to you the reports of the heads of the several departments, in which these subjects are set forth in careful detail, and beg that they may receive the thoughtful attention of your committees and of all members of the congress who may have the leisure to study them. Their obvious importance, as constituting the very substance of the business of the government, makes comment and emphasis on my part unnecessary.

The country, I am thankful to say, is at peace with all the world, and many happy manifestations testify about us of a growing cordiality and sense of community of interest among the nations, foreshadowing an age of settled peace and good will. More and more readily each decade do the nations manifest their willingness to bind themselves by solemn treaty to the processes of peace, the processes of frankness and fair concession. So far the United States has stood at the front of such negotiations. She will, I earnestly hope, continue to adhere to the cause of international friendship by ratifying the several treaties of arbitration awaiting renewal by the senate. In addition to these, it has been the policy of the department of state to gain the assent, in principle, of no less than 31 nations, representing four-fifths of the population of the world, to the negotiation of treaties which it shall be agreed that whenever differences of interest or of policy arise which cannot be resolved by the ordinary processes of diplomacy they shall be publicly arbitrated, discussed, and reported upon by the arbitrator, and the parties before either nation determine its course of action.

There is only one possible standard by which to determine controversies between the United States and other nations and that is compounded of these two elements: Our own honor and our obligations to the peace of the world. A test so compounded ought easily to be made to govern both the establishment of new treaty obligations and the interpretation of those already assumed.

Mexico Has No Government.

There is but one cloud upon our horizon. That has shown itself to the south of us, and hangs over Mexico. There can be no certain prospect of peace in America until General Huerta has surrendered his usurped authority in Mexico; until it is understood on all hands, indeed, that such pretended governments will not be countenanced or dealt with by the government of the United States. We are the friends of constitutional government in America; we are more than that, we are its champions; because in no other way can our neighbors, to whom we wish to extend our friendship, make proof of our friendship, work out their own development in peace and liberty. Mexico has no government. The attempt to maintain one has failed, and the country has broken down, and a mere military despotism has been set up which has hardly more than the semblance of national authority. It originated in the usurpation of Venustiano Huerta, who, after a brief attempt to play the role of constitutional president, has at last cast

aside even the pretense of legal right and declared himself dictator. As a consequence, a condition of affairs has arisen in Mexico which has made it doubtful whether even the most elementary and fundamental rights either of her own people or of the citizens of other countries can be maintained within her territory can long be successfully safeguarded, and which threatens, if long continued, to imperil the interests of peace, order and tolerable life in the lands immediately adjacent to her territory. It is clear that Huerta had succeeded in his purpose, in despite of the constitution of the republic and the rights of its people, he would have set up nothing but a precarious and hateful power, which could have lasted but a little while, and whose inevitable downfall would have left the country in a more deplorable condition than ever. But he has not succeeded. He has forfeited the respect and the moral support of those who were at one time willing to see him succeed. Little by little, he has been completely isolated. By a little every day his power and prestige are crumbling and the collapse is not far away. We shall not believe, I believe, a change in our policy of watchful waiting. And then, when the end comes, we shall hope to see constitutional order restored in distressed Mexico by the concert and energy of such of her leaders as prefer the liberty of their people to their own ambitious ambitions.

Rush Currency Bill.

I turn to matters of domestic concern. You already have under consideration a bill for the reform of our system of banking and currency, for which the country waits with impatience, as for something fundamental to its whole business life and necessary to set credit free from arbitrary and artificial restraints. I need not say how earnestly I hope for its early enactment into law. I take leave to beg that the whole energy and attention of the senate be concentrated upon it until the matter is successfully disposed of. And yet I feel that the request is not needed—that the members of that great house need no urging in this service to the country.

I present to you, in addition, the urgent necessity that special provision be made, also for facilitating the credit needs of the farmers of the country. The pending currency bill does the farmers a great service. It puts them upon an equal footing with other business men and masters of enterprise, as it should, and upon it they will find themselves relieved of many of the difficulties which now hamper them in the field of credit. The farmers, of course, ask and should be given no special privileges, such as extending to them the credit of the government itself. What they do want, and that is legislation which will make their own abundant and substantial credit resources available as a foundation for joint concerted local action in their own behalf in getting the capital they must use. It is in this we should now address ourselves.

It has, singularly enough, come to pass that we have allowed the industry of our farms to lag behind the other activities of the country in its development. It has been the policy of the department of state to gain the assent, in principle, of no less than 31 nations, representing four-fifths of the population of the world, to the negotiation of treaties which it shall be agreed that whenever differences of interest or of policy arise which cannot be resolved by the ordinary processes of diplomacy they shall be publicly arbitrated, discussed, and reported upon by the arbitrator, and the parties before either nation determine its course of action.

The Farming Interests.

The agricultural department of the government is seeking to assist as never before to make farming an efficient business, of wide co-operative effort, in quick touch with the necessities for foodstuffs. The farmers and the government will henceforth work together as real partners in this field, where we now begin to see our way very clearly and are ready to take the next steps are already being put into execution. The treasury of the United States has, by a timely and well-considered distribution of its deposits, made it possible to meet the needs of the present season and prevented the scarcity of available funds too often experienced at such times. But we must not allow ourselves to depend upon extraordinary expedients in the future. We must at the moment by which the farmer may make his credit constant

ly and easily available. Kind command when he will the capital by which he can be supplied. We have had many other great countries of the modern world in attempting to do this. Systems of rural credit have been studied and developed, but the rural estate of the farmer who left our farmers to shift for themselves in the ordinary money market. You have but to look about you in any rural district to see the result, which is that the farmer who has such a system of credit is not only a poor man, but a poor man.

Acting under the authority conferred upon the president by congress, I have already accorded the people of the islands a majority in both houses of their legislative body by appointing five instead of four native citizens to the membership of the commission. I believe that in this way we shall make proof of their capacity in connection with their sense of responsibility in the exercise of political power, and that the success of this step will begin to clear our view for the steps which are to follow. Step by step we shall see the people of the islands taking on of self-government in the islands, making test of them and modifying them as experience discloses their successes and their failures; that we should more and more put under the control of the native citizens of our archipelago the essential instruments of their life, their local instrumentalities of government, their schools, all the common interests of their communities, and so by counsel and experience set up a government which all the world will see to be suitable to the people whose affairs are under their own control.

Stop Private Monopoly.

Turn from the farm to the world of business which exists in the city and in the factory, and I think that all thoughtful observers will agree that the immediate service we owe the business communities of the country is to prevent private monopoly as effectively as the country can be prevented. I think it will be easily agreed that we should let the Sherman antitrust law stand, unaltered, as it is, but that we should as much as possible reduce the area of that debatable ground by further and more explicit legislation; and should also supplement that great act by legislation which will not only clarify it but also facilitate its administration and make it failer to all concerned. No doubt we shall all be glad to see that I expect, this to be the central subject of our deliberations during the present session; but it is a subject so many-sided and so deserving of careful and discriminating discussion that I shall take the liberty of bringing you upon it in a special message at a later date than this. It is of capital importance that the business men of this country should be relieved of all uncertainties of law with regard to their enterprises and that they should have a clear path indicated which they can travel without anxiety. It is as important that they should be relieved of embarrassment and set free to prosper as that private monopoly should be stopped. This the act should be thrown wide open.

I turn to a subject which I hope can be handled promptly and without serious controversy of any kind. I mean the method of selecting nominees for the presidency of the United States. It is the method which I do not misinterpret the wishes or the expectations of the country when I urge the prompt enactment of legislation which will provide for primary elections in the country at which the voters of the several parties may choose their nominees for the presidency without the intervention of nominating conventions. I venture the suggestion that this legislation should provide for the retention of party conventions, but only for the purpose of declaring and accepting the verdict of the primaries and formulating the platforms of the parties; and I suggest that these conventions should be limited to the selection of delegates for the purpose, but of the nomination of congress, the nominees for vacant seats in the senate of the United States, the senators whose terms have not yet closed, the members of the committees, and the candidates for the presidency themselves, in order that platforms may be framed by those responsible to the people for carrying them into effect.

Obligations to Territories.

There are all matters of vital domestic concern and the highest national life in which our affectionate command us as well as our responsibilities toward our territories, Alaska, Hawaii, the Philippines, are ours, once regarded as mere possessions, are no longer to be selfishly exploited; they are part of the domain of public trust and of sacred and enlightened statehood. We must administer them for the people who live in them and with the same sense of responsibility to the people of the United States as we have to the people of our own country. I doubt we shall successfully enough bind Porto Rico and the Hawaiian Islands to ourselves by legislation, and we must not allow ourselves to be misled by the suggestion that the Philippines is a more difficult and debatable matter. We can satisfy the obligations of gen-

erate justice toward the people of Porto Rico by giving them the same and familiar rights and privileges accorded our own citizens in our own territory and our obligations toward the people of Hawaii by perfecting the process of self-government already granted them, but in the Philippines we must go further. We must hold steadily in view their ultimate independence, and we must move toward the time of that independence as steadily as the way can be cleared and the foundations thoughtfully and permanently laid.

Acting under the authority conferred upon the president by congress, I have already accorded the people of the islands a majority in both houses of their legislative body by appointing five instead of four native citizens to the membership of the commission. I believe that in this way we shall make proof of their capacity in connection with their sense of responsibility in the exercise of political power, and that the success of this step will begin to clear our view for the steps which are to follow. Step by step we shall see the people of the islands taking on of self-government in the islands, making test of them and modifying them as experience discloses their successes and their failures; that we should more and more put under the control of the native citizens of our archipelago the essential instruments of their life, their local instrumentalities of government, their schools, all the common interests of their communities, and so by counsel and experience set up a government which all the world will see to be suitable to the people whose affairs are under their own control.

Territorial Rights for Alaska. A duty faces us with regard to Alaska which seems to me very pressing and very imperative; perhaps I should say a double duty, for it concerns both the political and the material development of the territory. The people of Alaska should be given the full territorial form of government, and Alaska, as a storehouse, should be unlocked. One key to it is a system of railroads. These the government should itself build and administer, and the ports and terminals it should itself control in the interest of all who wish to use them for the service and development of the country and its people.

But the construction of railroads is only the first step; it is only the first step in the key to the storehouse and throwing back the lock and opening the door. How the tempting resources of the country are to be exploited is another matter, to which I shall take the liberty of from time to time calling your attention, for it is a policy which must be worked out, and considered states, not upon theory, but upon lines of practical expediency. It is part of our general problem of conservation. We have freer hand in working out the problem in Alaska than in the states of the Union; and yet the principle and object are the same, wherever we touch it. We must use the resources of the country, not lock them up. There need be no conflict or jealousy as between state and federal authorities, for there can be no essential difference of purpose between them. The resources in question must be used, but not destroyed or wasted; used in such a way as to leave any surplus idea of individual rights as against the abiding interests and welfare of the communities. That a policy can be worked out by conference and concession which will release these resources and yet not fetter or restrict them, I feel for one have no doubt; and it can be done on lines of regulation which would be no less acceptable to the people and governments of the states concerned than to the people and government of the nation at large, whose heritage these resources are. We must bend our counsels to this end. A common purpose ought to make agreement easy.

Three or four matters of special importance and significance. I beg that you will permit me to mention in closing. Our bureau of mines ought to be equipped and empowered to render even more effectual service than it renders now in improving the general condition of the laboring classes of the mines, more economically, productively as well as more safe. This is an important part of the work of conservation, and the operation of the bureau and energy of the geologist is in our interest, as the preservation from waste of our material resources.

Employer's Liability.

We owe it, in mere justice to the railway employees of the country, to provide for them fair and adequate compensation in the event of injury or death. We can stand by in this matter, or we can take the advantage of those who are injured by the railroads of the country, and the advantage of those who employ them. We should not be content with the mere payment of damages to the injured party, but we should see that the injured party is restored to the condition in which he was before the injury. We should see that the injured party is restored to the condition in which he was before the injury. We should see that the injured party is restored to the condition in which he was before the injury.

SUFFRAGISTS HOLD BIG MASS MEETING

URGE WILSON TO FAVOR VOTES FOR WOMEN IN ANNUAL MESSAGE.

OPPOSITION IS NOT HEARD

Delegates Not Favorable to Program Have No Opportunity to Explain—Dr. Anna Shaw Quite Optimistic.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The American Woman's Suffrage association, now holding a week's conference, proceeded today with the adoption of a constitutional amendment to enfranchise women. An assemblage which packed the theater listened for three hours to discussion by conspicuous advocates of the women's movement.

Banner Profranchise Demand.

Suspended above the drop curtain was a huge yellow banner bearing the legend:

"We demand an amendment to the United States constitution enfranchising women."

The association adopted almost unanimously resolutions introduced by Mrs. Helen Ring Robinson, a member of the senate of Colorado, calling upon President Wilson in his forthcoming message to congress "to support the woman suffrage constitutional amendment as an administrative measure and to urge congress to take immediate and favorable action upon it; urging the senate to pass the amendment; and asking the house to create a committee on woman suffrage."

The only protest was voiced by one of the delegates from Louisiana, backed by a small following. The opposing delegates, however, were not given an opportunity to explain the reasons for their attitude.

Spacy "Deliverance" Seen.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the association, presided, and in her address voiced the hope that "a deliverance" speedy deliverance would be effected by the action of the American congress and through the president of the United States.

Introducing Mary Anderson, Margaret Hinchey and Rose Winslow, all women industrial workers, Dr. Shaw said:

"The right of the people to a voice in their own government is the one point to which we are directing our efforts. We know no politics—no political parties. We stand for no class for no race, but only for a voice for all the people in their own affairs."

Miss Anderson, a member of the Industrial Workers of the World, told of her experience before the Illinois legislature. She maintained that if they had votes they could have accomplished much by direct influence. Miss Hinchey, a laundry worker of New York, discussed the Underpaid and Underworked of the Industrial Worker. She said some of the trials which they were compelled to undergo on account of low wages and bad working conditions.

Girls' Homes Ridiculed.

Miss Winslow ridiculed the establishment of working girls' homes and similar philanthropies. She, too, demanded equality of rights, an equal chance for each girl to accomplish something for herself at a living wage—not merely a minimum wage.

Mrs. Robinson, the Colorado senator, delivered the principal address, her subject being "Women as Legislators."

Lead Penicillin Cause Epidemic.

Buffalo, Conn., Dec. 2.—Lead pencils distributed and collected by the Buffalo State grammar school were held to be responsible for an epidemic of diphtheria among the pupils of Dr. W. B. Caldwell, the health officer. He advised the continuance of the custom. Fifteen of the 40 pupils in two rooms have the disease.

Summit for South Dakota.

New York, Dec. 2.—To repopulate the state as much as possible with the great animals that once abounded there by the thousands, fourteen American lions have been shipped from Bronx Park and collected there where they will be turned out on the Wind Cave National park.

British Parkhouse in Italy.

London, Dec. 2.—Mrs. Sylvia Parkhouse, one of the leaders of the British women's suffrage movement, was the guest of honor at a dinner given by the Italian women's suffrage league in honor of the British women's suffrage movement. Mrs. Parkhouse is the only woman in the world who has been a member of both the British and the Italian women's suffrage leagues.

PADEREWSKI
THE WORLD'S
GREATEST
PIANIST
 plays in Fargo, N. D.,
 December 10, 1913.
 Address
DAKOTA CONSERVATORY OF
MUSIC
 Prices of admission,
 \$3.00 and \$2.00.

Might Not Look Well.
 "You inherited quite a nice little fortune," said the lawyer.
 "Yes," replied the fortunate youth.
 "I suppose you will pay a lot of your debts now?"
 "I thought of it, but I concluded to make no change in my manner of living. I don't want to be accused of vulgar display."—*Stray Stories.*

PAINFUL BLISTERS ON BODY

R. F. D. 4th, Port Orchard, Wash.—
 "When my baby was about five days old his abdomen became entirely covered with varying sized blisters which were very painful, causing very much distress and sleeplessness. They appeared very much like scalds or skin burns apparently itching and burning. The bands irritated the blisters, causing sores.
 "I tried a powder and afterwards other remedies but the sores became worse. They lasted about six weeks before I used Cuticura Ointment. After washing the irritated parts well with Cuticura Soap and applying the Cuticura Ointment he received almost instant relief, and the cure was complete in seven or eight days."
 (Signed) Mrs. J. G. Kelley, Dec. 4, 1912.
 Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 25-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—*Adv.*

Not in Training.
 Dix—Can your wife keep a secret?
 Dix—Yes, she's generally out of form from lack of practice.

Consistency is a jewel, but no girl wears it on her engagement finger.

Backache Warns You
 Backache is one of Nature's warnings of kidney weakness. Kidney disease kills thousands every year.
 Don't neglect back. If your back is lame—if it hurts to stoop or sit—if there is irregularity of the secretions—inspect your kidneys. If you suffer headaches, dizziness and are tired nervous and worn-out, you have further proof.
 Use Doan's Kidney Pills, a fine remedy for bad backs and weak kidneys.
 A Texas Case
 Mrs. R. F. Benson, of Anderson, Texas, says: "I suffered for some time to relieve my kidneys, but had no success. I had hemorrhages of the kidneys and passed pure blood. I was told to use Doan's Kidney Pills and after taking a few I was cured. My health is now better than ever before."
 Get Doan's at Any Store. 50c a Box.
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
 POSTER-ALBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty
 Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
 gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.
 Cure Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Headaches, and Dizziness After Eating.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
 Genuine must bear Signature
Wm. Wood
Raw Furs and Hides
 We want large quantities of Raw Furs and Hides. Will pay high prices for same. Write for our price list. They are free. Correspondence handled confidentially.
LA CROSE, FUR & HIDE CO., 232 S. Front St., La Crosse, Wis.



KING OF ALBANIA
 Prince Frederick of Wied has been selected by the powers to be king of Albania, the new state created out of part of the Balkan region. He is forty-one years old and is a nephew of Carmen Sylva, the queen of Rumania. He married in 1903, Princess Pauline of Wurtemberg, and has several children.

WANT U. S. TO OWN RAILROADS

DECLARATION OF SUFFRAGE DELEGATES TO THAT EFFECT.

Dr. Anna Shaw Says Time Has Come for Demand of Ballot by Women.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The ownership of the railroads in the United States by the federal government was threatened in the national convention of the American Woman Suffrage association here when Miss Marie V. Smith, a delegate from New York, reported difficulty in getting reduced rail rates for delegates to the convention.

After the cheers for the declaration that the railroads should be owned by the government when women vote had subsided, Dr. Anna Shaw, president of the convention, created more cheer by declaring, "when we vote, we shall own the railroads."
 Suffrage legislation has been introduced or passed in various states this year on an unprecedented scale, according to the report of Mrs. Mary W. Bennett of New York, corresponding secretary.

Enthusiasm over reports on what already had been accomplished by the woman suffrage movement and even greater enthusiasm over promises of what the future will bring forth marked the formal opening sessions yesterday of the forty-fifth annual convention of the association.
 "The time is past when we say 'Please let women vote.' This has been changed to 'We demand an amendment to the federal constitution enfranchising women.'"

KNABE MURDER TRIAL ON

Council for State Restrained in Denunciation of the Defendant.

Shelbyville, Ind., Dec. 3.—The accusation that Dr. William B. Craig had engaged in a system of avenging women, brought forth a charge of unprofessional conduct against Ephraim Inman, of counsel for the state, at the trial of Craig for the murder of Dr. Helen Knabe.
 Henry N. Spain, leading counsel for Craig, protested to the court that Mr. Inman was exceeding the bounds of propriety. The jury was excluded while Mr. Inman explained to Judge Blair that it was necessary to show "Craig's alleged relations with women in order to establish a motive for the murder of Dr. Knabe." The court ruled that counsel should not indulge in a general denunciation of the defendant.

Thus restrained, when the jury was recalled, Mr. Inman asserted that the prosecution would show that two witnesses of vital importance in the state's case had been placed beyond the courts through the influence of the accused man.

Brothers Meet After 44 Years.
 Macon, Mo., Dec. 3.—Edgar Worth Campbell of Benedict, Kan., and his brother Tom Caldwell of Callao, Mo., met for the first time here after a separation of fifty-four years. They are natives of Somerset county, Pennsylvania.

MANITOBA CROP YIELDS

Gladstone, Man., reports that the wheat crop of 1913 exceeded all expectations, 40 bushels per acre was the general yield. The trade never better. One farmer had 400 acres in wheat which weighed 60 pounds to the bushel.

On Fossage Plains, Manitoba, there were good returns of yields. Coach Blight and 31 bushels of wheat per acre on the government farm, 61 bushels; Geo. E. Stacey, 64; T. J. Hall, John Ross and D. W. McCuaig, 50; W. Richardson, 51; M. Owens, 51 1/2; Anderson and Turnbull, 40; J. Lloyd, 48 1/2; Jan. Bell and Robt. Brown, 48; R. B. Tully, 53; J. Wishart, 49 1/2; Philip Piper, 47; J. Stewart, 45; J. W. Brown, 38; Chester Johnson, 41; E. H. Muir, 43; L. A. Bradley, 43; W. Boley, 40; Albert Davis, 43; E. McLaughlin, 37; farming the same land for 40 years, J. Wishart secured a crop of 49 1/2 bushels to the acre, the best he ever had, and the yield of Mr. Bradley's was on land plowed this spring.
 Marquette, Man., Sept. 21.—Splendid weather has enabled the farmers of this section to make good progress with the cutting and harvesting of this season's crop. Wheat is averaging twenty bushels to the acre, with barley forty-five and oats going seventy. There has been no damage of any description.

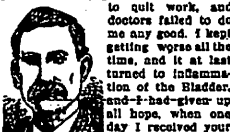
Disincrust, Man., says: Good reports are coming from the machines of high yields and good sample. The elevators are busy shipping cars every day.
 Dauphin, Man., Sept. 13.—Threshing is general the grain is in good shape and the weather is ideal. The samples are best ever grown here, grading No. 1 Northern. The returns are larger than expected in nearly every case. E. B. Armstrong's wheat went thirty-four bushels to the acre, others twenty-five to thirty-seven.

Disincrust, Man., Sept. 3.—Cutting is finished here and threshing is in full swing. This part of the province is keeping up its record, wheat averaging twenty-five bushels to the acre.—*Advertisement.*

Fact Often Noticed.
 He—I like to hear a man say what he thinks.
 She—But people who say what they think generally think quite disagreeable things.—*Houston Transcript.*

SUFFERED FOR 25 YEARS.

Mr. R. M. Plesner, R. F. D. 18, Otterbein, Ind., writes: "I had been a sufferer from Kidney Trouble for about 25 years. I finally gave up and had to quit work, and doctors failed to do me any good. I kept getting worse all the time, and at last I was told to try your pills, and I had given up all hope, when one day I received your little booklet advertisement stating your pills, and I resolved to try them. I did, and took only two boxes, and I am now sound and well. I regard my cure as remarkable. I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to any one who is suffering from Kidney Trouble as I was." Write to Mr. Plesner at this wonderful remedy.



Doan's Kidney Pills, 50c per box at your dealer or Doan's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Homeopathic Hints, also made of Latin, English (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 5 sent free. Adv.

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PUTNAM FADE-LESS DYES
 Colors more bright and faster colors than any other dye. One lot contains colors all there. They are in soft, warm, better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without retreating. WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET, containing: Mottos, etc. **AMERICAN DYE COMPANY, 125 West 11th St., New York, N. Y.**

This is Vital to Every Owner

Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Car

Made at Tarrytown, N. Y. and New Castle, Ind., 1905 to 1913

Also to all Owners of Stoddard-Dayton, 1905 to 1914; Columbia Gasoline and Electric, 1905 to 1914; Everitt Cars of Any Model; Brush, Sampson and Cottrier Cars

THERE ARE THREE GOOD REASONS why you should have your car overhauled now and worn parts replaced.

FIRST: The garage man can give you better service—and you can spare the car better now than later. No matter whether you are going to keep the car or sell or trade it in on a new one—it will pay you well to have it thoroughly overhauled, worn parts replaced by new ones and body repainted.

SECOND: We are able to furnish replacement parts for all models of above makes of cars within 48 hours from receipt of order. Have concentrated this branch of the business at Newcastle, Ind. (Center of population of the U. S.) Here we have a \$1,750,000 investment in plant and stock, 45,000 separate bins of parts.

THIRD: And perhaps the best reason why you should secure your requirements now—we must increase prices 20% January 1st, when the new parts price lists will be off the presses.

NOW NOTE THIS—Never before in the history of this industry has a new concern, having bought the plants and assets of a bankrupt one, taken upon itself the obligation of furnishing replacement parts for the cars it never made.

THE MAXWELL MOTOR COMPANY LTD. We considered it good business, even if not a moral or legal obligation.

WE FOUND 122,000 owners out in the cold, as it were—pleading for parts. Their cars laid up and useless in most cases.

WE'VE INVESTED about one and three-quarters millions (\$1,750,000) dollars in a plant and stock of parts, for over 150 different models, made by the concerns that comprised the United States Motor Company; whose assets we purchased from the Receiver thru the U. S. Courts.

WE TOOK THE NAME MAXWELL solely for the protection of 60,000 persons who had bought cars under that name.

HAD WE CHOSEN ANOTHER NAME those 60,000 cars would have had almost no value in the second-hand market. As it is, they have a definite value. And by the replacement of the worn parts your car will be good for a long time to come.

ANY RECOGNIZED DEALER or repair man—whether he handles the present Maxwell line or not can procure these parts for you. If you can order direct, shipment will be made within 24 to 48 hours after receipt of the order at Newcastle.

Maxwell Motor Co., Inc.
 1003 Woodward Avenue
 DETROIT, MICH.

Note: For quicker service those living East of the Alleghenies can order from Maxwell Motor New York Co., 13th & East Aves., Long Island City, N. Y. For those living West of the Alleghenies, order direct from Maxwell Motor Newcastle Co., Newcastle, Ind. West of the Rockies, order from Maxwell Motor Sales Corporation, 675 Golden Gate Ave., San Francisco.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
The Typewriter for the Rural Business Man
 Whether you are a small town merchant or a farmer, you need a typewriter.
 If you are writing long letters and bills by hand, you are not getting full efficiency.
 It doesn't require an expert operator to run the L. C. Smith & Bros. typewriter. It is simple, compact, complete, durable.
 Send in the attached coupon and we will give special attention to your typewriter needs.
 L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co., 65 Broadway, N. Y. City. Write for the new book about typewriters.
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
 The man who makes friends has either money or mass!
PUTNAM FADE-LESS DYES

FOR NURSERY EATING

DELICIOUS PUDDINGS SUITED TO THE SMALL PEOPLE.

Crownups Also Will Enjoy These Recipes, Which Are of the Best—Lemon Rice Compound Especially Recommended.

Delicious Indian Pudding—Three cups of boiling water (in spider), one cup of molasses, one cup of sugar, one cup of butter, one cup of corn meal, one cup of milk, one cup of raisins, one cup of molasses, two eggs well beaten, half a cup of brown sugar, pinch of ginger, salt and nutmeg, one teaspoon of soda dissolved in a little water; mix stuff as pancakes and pour into covered pails; steam two and one-half hours. To be eaten with sour sauce.

Mother's Cloverbread Pudding—One cup of sweet milk, half a cup of molasses, half a cup of seedless raisins, chopped fine, half a cup of butter or suet (if the latter chop fine), half a teaspoon ground clove, salt and cinnamon, one teaspoon of soda dissolved in a little water; mix stuff as pancakes and pour into covered pails; steam two and one-half hours. To be eaten with sour sauce.

Lemon Pudding—Soak for one-half hour a pint of bread crumbs in one quart of milk, then add the grated rinds of two lemons, one cup of sugar, yolks of two eggs and pinch of salt and tablespoon of butter. Bake until done and cool just a little, and frost with the whites of two eggs beaten to a stiff froth, then add one cup of sugar and juice of one lemon. Heat all together. Spread on pudding, set in oven and brown just a little.

Delicious Orange Pudding—Pare and slice five oranges, lay in deep dish and sprinkle with one-half cup granulated sugar, lay stand two hours. Make a custard of one pint of sweet milk, yolks of two eggs, two tablespoon of corn starch, six custard make it smooth, then cool pour over the oranges. Beat the whites to a stiff froth, add two tablespoons of powdered or granulated sugar, place over custard and brown quickly in oven. Serve hot or cold. It is delicious either way.

Marshmallow Pudding—One pound of marshmallows, one can peaches, chopped and mixed together with one pint of whipped cream. This makes a delicious pudding. Try it.

Lemon Rice Pudding—One cup of boiled rice, one pint of milk, grated rind of a lemon, one quart of cream, yolks of three eggs. Bake 25 minutes, froth with the whites of the eggs beaten with one-half pound of granulated sugar and juice of the lemon just after taking from the oven. Retain, and brown lightly in a moderate oven. Very nice.

Queen Charlotte Pudding—One pint of bread crumbs, one quart of milk, one cup of sugar, yolks of four eggs, butter size of a walnut. Bake half an hour. Take out of the oven and cover with currant jelly. Heat whites of four eggs, one cup of sugar, juice of one lemon, spread over the jelly, and brown in the oven. Very nice.

Corn Starch Pudding—One pint of milk, heated to boiling, stir in white of one egg, one cup of sugar, three even tablespoons corn starch, two spoon vanilla and a little milk mixed together; boil until it thickens. Pour into small molds. Serve cold with following sauce: Into one cup boiling milk stir one level teaspoon corn starch, yolk of one egg, quarter of a cup of sugar, teaspoon cocoa and a little cold milk mixed together. Let cook five minutes. Delicious.

Curry of Veal. Two tablespoons butter or dripping, one and one-half onion, chopped; one stock with three tablespoons four teaspoon curry powder, salt and pepper. Fry the onions in the butter or drippings, remove and fry the rest until it is brown. Transfer to a double boiler, cover with milk and cook until the meat is tender. Add the curry powder a short time before the meat is done and thicken the milk with four before serving.

Fried Veal. Take a chop cut veal and have it cut in thin pieces. Take one slice of fat salt pork, cut into dice and fry until crisp. Put veal in fat and fry until crisp, brown all over, season and cover, put in oven or on gas range for about 30 minutes or longer, add it is a dish fit for a king. Before covering put on a cup of boiling water. This, with mashed potatoes and dandelion salad, a nice dessert and coffee, is a fine, nourishing meal.

A deep dish a layer of bananas, then of dressing, then of orange and so on, having bananas on top, and pour the remainder of the dressing over it. Serve very cold.

To Cure Hams. Seven pounds rock salt, five pounds brown sugar, two ounces saltpeter, five gallons water. Boil all together and skim. When cold, add two ounces cooking soda and pour over hams. This will be ready to use in a few days.

Unvarnished Truth. There was a young man very vain of his accomplishments as a preacher, who, after officiating at a certain service for a Scottish minister who occasionally had to avail himself of the assistance of probationers, was met by the old gentleman with extended hands as he descended from the pulpit. Expecting high praise, he said: "No compliments, I pray." "Nay, nay, my young friend," said the parson, "nowadays I'm glad of anybody."

Algebra. The science of algebra is said to have been the invention of Mohammed of Basra about 830 A. D. The science was introduced into Spain by the Moors: The first treatise on the subject in any European language is believed to have been that by Luca Pacoli in 1484. The first English algebra was written by Robert Recorde, teacher of mathematics at Cambridge, about 1570. He was the first to use the sign of equality.—London Standard.

Spelling Porte Sultan's Court. The sublime porte is the official name of the court of the sultan of Turkey. Mehemmed, the last of the Abbasside caliphs, fled at the threshold of the principal entrance to his palace at Bagdad a piece of the black stone adored at Mecca, and thus the entrance became the "porte" by eminence, and the title of his court. The sultan, successors of the caliph, assumed the title.

Utilizing the By-Product. "Janus," said the efficiency expert, annoyed by the cheerful habit which his chauffeur had of whistling while at his work, "you should remember about the greatest fortunes nowadays are made from the by-products of waste. Hereafter when you whistle, whistle in the tires and save me the expense of a pump."—Harper's Weekly.

No Soup for Tommy. Tommy went out to dine at a friend's house on a evening. When the soup was brought Tommy did not touch his and the waitress, looking over, said: "Why, Tommy, dear, what's the matter? Aren't you hungry tonight?" "Yes," replied Tommy. "I'm quite hungry, but I'm not thirsty."—Judge.

Value of Initiative. One great value of initiative is the conquering of fear. Through all history we find that those things that to-day are the greatest things lived above fear. Fear of adverse criticism, fear of hardship, fear of failure, all were lost in a supreme effort to share with their fellow men the gifts God had entrusted to them.—Bischofs Bleasing.

Ashes! "Waiter," ordered the fussy-looking customer, sniffing the air suspiciously, "never mind bringing that order. I never can eat when there's a smell of fresh paint around." "If you'll just wait a few minutes," replied the waiter, "them two young ladies will be going."

Impotent Rage. "It has been a long time since I have read any contemporary newspaper that moved me to tears." "Only the other day, I read a poem that moved me to tears." "How did it move you so?" "I wept because I couldn't get at the author."—Birmingham Age Herald.

Idea Refuted. Wife—"According to this paper, hot water will prevent wrinkles." Hub—"Don't believe it! Look how wrinkled Peck is, and his wife keeps him in hot water all the time."

Daily Thought. The only faith that wears well and holds its color in all weathers is that which is woven of conviction and set with the sharp mordant of experience.—Lowell.

For Gas Stoves. After using a gas stove for baking, leave the door open a little while. This allows the heat to escape, and will prevent the metal sweating and rusting.

Practical Fashions



In the latest style this coat can be made of cloth, silk or velvet and trimmed with satin or with fur. It closes quite up to the throat where there is a small collar. The sleeves are regular and plain, and there is a pocket, which has a panel cut in the back. Fur may replace the collar if preferred.

The coat pattern (6414) is cut in sizes 14, 16 and 18 years. Medium size requires 7 1/2 yards of 34 inch material, with 1 yard of 24 inch velvet to trim.

To secure this pattern send 5 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 6414. SIZE.....
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STREET AND NO.....
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CHILD'S DRESS.



In this novel design we have the silk skirt effect adapted to the needs of very little people. The fruch has sleeves and body to one and is closed down the center of the back. It is gathered at the neck in front and back and has a small collar divided in two parts and plain band cuffs to fit the bishop sleeves which may be short or long.

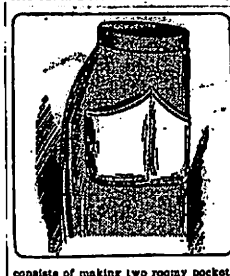
The dress pattern (6415) is cut in sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Medium size requires 3 yards of 37 inch material.

To secure this pattern send 5 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 6415. SIZE.....
NAME.....
TOWN.....
STREET AND NO.....
STATE.....

USEFUL IN THE HOUSE WORK

Extensive Pockets in Which Many Articles May Be Bestowed Are Worth Consideration.



For such occasions as housework the older the garments worn the better, for the obvious reason that good clothes would be quickly soiled, therefore an old skirt that "doesn't matter" should especially be set aside for the purpose.

The simple suggestion illustrated by the accompanying sketch can be carried out in a few moments. It merely consists of making two roomy pockets of the nature shown in the front of the skirt. These pockets can be made of any strong material such as brown holland, for instance, and may be cut out in one piece, sew down the center and bound at the openings with bind, or possibly, should we have a remnant of material from which the skirt was made, then that could be used.

In each work as sewing up pictures, laying carpets, hanging curtains, an apron is very often much in the way, and an old skirt with roomy pockets of the nature described is almost as easily slipped on as an apron and will be found a great improvement upon it, and hammer, tacks, pins, etc., can be placed in the pockets and be ready to hand whenever required.

NOW IT IS WINTER PILLOWS

Important Household Accessories Have Arisen to Demand Their Share of Attention.

No longer are we in search of cool designs in pillows for the porch. It is the cosy, warm-appearing pillow for the window seat and ingenious that now concerns feminine heads and workbags. Pillows that need not mean, however, pillows of woolen stuffs or infantary silks—unless, of course, one wishes it so. But the colors must be warm, either in the background or the embroidery.

And now what designs are best for the warm-colored embroidery? There are, of course, the conventional designs, which can be worked in any color that one prefers, and so it is that we concern ourselves more with a choice of floral designs. Shall we head the list with red roses? Surely nothing could be "warmer," but they are beautiful only when used with discretion, like all flouting decorations. Poppies, too, are appropriately used on winter pillows. Poinsettias are easily worked and are effective. Then there is holly and hollyhock, and Fuchsia, too, make a graceful decoration. Instead of having the pillows covered with pale tans and greens, as were the summer pillows, select rich warm browns, with only an occasional green one among them. Yellow sunflowers upon dark brown are warm and bright. Nasturtiums will give one a chance to work in warm, yellow and orange.

But work is effectively used in pillows. A dark brown pillow top ornamented with cut work is very beautiful when green silk is placed under the cut-out design.

Self Improves Milk. A little salt is an essential to each tubercular—makes milk more easily digestible for most people and makes it less apt to cause biliousness.

There Are Others. And, when you think of "think of it, it isn't only the old folks who can't do it, but the young folks at the jobs they don't understand."

Featherness of Wisdom. A sage is a man who will sit up all night and worry over things that a fool never even heard of.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Daily Thought. Avoid difficulties, and when the least of each who will be a great too little or too much too late.

Unfamiliar Phrases. An old farmer says the banana is "shining" but "black" and "red."

Practical Fashions



This frock closes at the front and has six gored skirt. The sleeves may be made long or short. Stays, cashmere, chevrot or mixed goods can be used with the collar and cuffs of contrasting material.

The pattern (6400) is cut in sizes 14, 16 and 18 years. Medium size requires 6 1/2 yards of 36 inch material, with 1 1/4 yards of 24 inch contrasting material.

To secure this pattern send 5 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

VOILE AND BLUE CHIFFON

Effective Garment Formed by Combination of Materials That Suit Each Other.

A fine blue and white checked voile combined with dark blue chiffon is sketched here.

The sleeve and side portions are of blue chiffon, the former with narrow cut of lace. The little yoke and collar are of lace and the collar is joined to the front of voile by straps of narrow blue velvet which hangs at the back of the skirt; the sides and front are draped. The panel back and part of the front drapery as well as the voile portion of the bodice are bordered with black bands of the same.

Wool Embroidery. The new wool embroideries promise to add much beauty to fall and winter-gowns, blouses and coats. They are even being used on household articles such as pillows, scarfs and table covers. The turkish and post-impressionist influences are also being seen in the color combinations. Elizabeth Goss, Germantown, Pa., on a finely tapestry wool are best for the new wool embroidery.

What She Does. "Do you have any trouble with the servant problem?" "Not a bit." "How lucky you are. Would you mind telling me how you manage it?" "Surely, I do all the housework myself."

Shrewd Dodge. "This new orderer is a forty-one." "How so?" "Declares he's perfectly sane. Now, of course, everybody will have to go to town to prove he's sane."

Not Satisfying This Time. At the Paganza grand masquerade and reproduction of the "The City of Dreadful Night," a sign to be that it is a lucky day for the important steps in the construction.

NO. 6400. SIZE.....
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