St. Hs So.

THE ALMONT ARENA

THE PAPER OF PROGRESS

VOLUME II. NUMBER 45. ALMONT, MORTON COUNTY, NORTH DAKOTA, SATURDAY SEPT. 30, 1911 PRICE PER YEAR $1.50

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REMEMBER THIS! If you are looking for building material, We Have the GOODS, the Best there is and at the **lowest** price obtainable.

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Come in and see us.

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IF NOT, can you give any good reason, other than ineligibility, why you should not carry a good life insurance policy?

ARE YOU doing your duty by your family? Life insurance is one sure way to make provision for your family after you are gone. Stop, think, are you square with your family by not leaving them well provided? Act today and be sure.

See the Des Moines Insurance man and find out about the small cost of a good, sound policy in this reliable company.

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District Agent - Almont, N. Dak.

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Farmers State Bank

CAPITAL $10,000.00

Almont, North Dakota

This bank has the organization and the connections to enable it to be of service to every one within its territory and on these grounds solicits your business, promising in return fair and courteous treatment and the best terms that are consistant with sound banking.

We make farm loans.

Insurance in reliable companies. Five per cent interest paid on time deposits. Interest compounded semi-annually.

Consider Your Loss If Fire Would Catch You

Come In and Let me Tell You the Small Cost in a Reliable Company.

E. E. TEMPLETON,
Almont, - - North Dak.

DOINGS IN OUR NEIGHBORING CITIES OF INTEREST TO ALL

SIMS SIMMERS

John Lane visited with his family at Sweet Briar Sunday.

Otto Christenson was in town with a load of hay last Saturday.

Aug. Timmerman of Almont spent a few hours in Sims last Friday.

S. P. Weeks shipped out three cars of cattle for South St. Paul on the 23rd.

Theo Feland shipped two cars of cattle from here the fore part of the week.

Mesdames Bakken and Fallgren did some shopping at New Salem the other day

P. R. Peterson is working at Timmerman's store here this week putting things in shape for winter.

Fred Holritz Sr and niece Miss Dagmar Aasheim of Almont visited at the A Holritz home last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hendrickson of Lyons are visiting with their daughter, Mrs. A. J. Johnson Jr., of this place

Miss Olga Feland who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. Paul Jacobson, near Mandan returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Theo. Feland was taken to the Bismarck Hospital for medical treatment Saturday. We understand she is suffering from inflammatory rheumatism. Mr. Feland accompanied her

A Holritz resumed his duties as Agent on the 21st of Sept. after a leave of absence of thirty days. Mr Cunningham who had charge of the agency during his absence, is working third trick again.

Miss Esther Linstad who is teaching school at Curlew spent a few hours at her home at this place last Saturday. Her sister, Miss Lena, accompanied her to Curlew, on No.7 Saturday returning on No.8, Sunday.

John E. Oling sustained a painful injury the other day. It appears that he was driving some cattle, when he stepped into a hole in such a way as to sprain his ankle. we understand he is unable to step on the foot.

What might have been a serious accident happened here last Friday when Lue Siverson's team became frightened and ran away. Fortunately the traces became unhooked and the horses got away from the buggy before any damage was done. Lue himself was none the worse off

LARK SIZLERS

Miss Sadie McCraith was called away from Lark by the serious illness of her father.

Wheat took another jump to-day and the farmers are jumping around taking advantage of same.

Miss Emma Bonus and mother, of Carl were in Lark yesterday the guests Miss Emma's sister, Mrs. Levy.

Editor's Note: Get the Sizlers off one day earlier if possible. We come near missing you this week.

Mr and Mrs. Meach, relatives of Mr and Mrs W. B Johnson have spent the last week in Lark visiting the Johnson family but left to-day for home.

HEART HEARTLETS

Jesse Melton made a trip to Almont last Monday.

P. P. Brosten made a business trip to Carson last Monday.

Thorval Mortenson is cutting flax for D. McCleand this week.

Mr. S. P. Weeks left Saturday for St. Paul, with a bunch of cattle.

The Misses Rena and Anna Johnson visited at the S. P. Weeks home Sunday.

People around this vicinity are digging potatoes and reports an enormous yield.

Thos. Blakely, who was quite seriously hurt some time ago by falling from a barn, is now able to be up and around.

Mrs. Jacobson and Mrs. Luzon called at Anton Johnson's Tuesday afternoon on their way home from Flasher where they spent a couple of days.

Additional Local.

You need the Arena and we need the "hay".

Douglas C. Filkins was in town the first of the week.

W. D. Wagoner was hauling grain the first of the week.

Mrs. Luzon returned Thursday from a short visit at Flasher.

G. H. Anderson and wife left Friday evening via the automobile for Bristlane.

Miss Dagmar Aasheim returned Thursday from a couple of days visit with relatives at Sims.

The Lark correspondence failed to arrived this week and the undertaker was immediately notified.

J. H. Lunneman, of La Porte City, Iowa, arrived in the city on Thursday for a few days visit attending to business matters.

Postmaster Templeton and Louis Larson drove out into the country Monday, looking over the prospects for a bumper crop next year.

A box social will be held at the home of Nels Jacobson on Friday Oct. 6th. Everybody is invited, and supper will be served to all who do not have baskets.

For the last three weeks, E. H. Erb of the Heart River country has failed to make his appearance in town and this is to notify him to come in and give on account of himself.—Later: The above fat and good natured farmer was seen in town Friday. He was all smiles and not an ounce lighter.

Mr. Zortman was in town today and took home a nice new reaper purchased from Wagner & Hargan.

There has been a hungry bunch in town this week who have been eating at the restaurant. When the bunch was around it made Lark look somewhat like a city.

Florence Dean who was reported as married last week, laughing denies being married still she wears a diamond ring on her engagement finger and leaves to-day for another trip to Mott.

We are going to have a dance a good time Friday night, threshing will be over, the boys all seated up and we are going to have a good old time like we used to have, Everyone come all and bring the girls as this is no stage fright.

Patent Medicines — DRUGS — Books-Magazines

Let Us Know Your Wants.

The Almont Pharmacy

Dr. W. T. Cain, Prop. Almont, North Dakota

A NEW TUNE!

Not that the old tune was not appropriate, but we just had to tell the farmers of this vicinity about our line of PLOWS, so we had to get a new tune. See us for

PLOWS! PLOWS! PLOWS!

J. NELSON & SON
Almont's Machinery Men
Almont, - - No. Dak.

HARD-WARE

We carry a full line of Stoves, Builders' Hardware, Tinware, Whips, Blankets, Tools, Cutlery and everything kept in a first-class hardware store.

The recollection of Quality remains long after the price is forgotten.

SHELLS!

We have a nice line of Repeater and Leader shot gun shells in the famous Winchester make. Get your shells now for your chicken hunting.

J. R. Sherwood,
THE HARDWARE MAN
Almont, N. Dak.

Almont Arena

R. L. LINDNER.

ALMONT. NORTH DAKOTA.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Almost ranking officer of his grade, Col George Hublen, assistant quartermaster general of the army, was placed on the retired list owing to age. Colonel Hublen was born in Germany, graduated from the military academy to which he was appointed from Ohio in 1886 and made an excellent record during the Spanish-American war.

Commerce of the United States with foreign countries was prosperous with a balance of trade for the month of more than $19,000,000 in favor of American business men. With exports of $141,241,515 August this year made a new record for the month surpassing August exports in all previous years and August of a year ago by almost $10,000,000.

The government saved itself from a total loss by the forest fires in the northwest last year when a deal was closed for the sale of 125,000,000 feet of fire-killed timber in Idaho. With the burned outside taken off, this timber is as good for all manufacturing purposes as any other lumber. Part of the timber was sold to an Idaho lumber company, the remainder to a Washington concern.

The Nebraska state society of Washington will hold its annual meeting here on October 27. Announcement to this effect was made by F. H. Abbott, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs. The guest of honor will be Dr. M. W. Davidson, who recently resigned as superintendent of schools at Omaha to accept a similar position in Washington. Among the guests will be a number of graduates of the University of Nebraska, who are now employed as scientists in the various departments of the government.

General.

Strife among factions in Mexico is growing more serious.

Vienna had a serious riot, brought on by the high cost of living.

The Moroccan war cloud over France and Germany is disappearing.

Bogroff the slayer of Premier Stolypin, was sentenced to be hanged.

Aviator Rodgers left New York for San Francisco, being the third to enter the contest.

One issue in the presidential canvass is removed by the defeat of reciprocity in Canada.

While disappointed over the defeat of reciprocity in Canada, President Taft kept on smiling.

Congressman Norris of Nebraska, was surprised to hear of the defeat of reciprocity in Canada.

Reciprocity in Canada was defeated by a landslide vote. Our congress wasted much time for nothing.

A package containing $[illegible] in currency is missing from the postoffice at Sioux Falls, S. D.

[illegible] in session at Omaha unqualifiedly endorsed the Aldrich plan and elected officers.

Directors of the International Nickle company declared a dividend of 4 per cent for the quarter.

To combat the rise in sugar price, Houston, Tex., housewives have started a movement to boycott that product.

News that a decree of divorce had been granted Mrs. Wellman, formerly Emma Juch, the famous prima donna, from her husband, Francis L. Wellman, the well known New York lawyer, in the Paris courts on July 26, was contained in a Paris cablegram.

At Washington Representative Charles D. Carter of Oklahoma was named defendant in a $10,000 damage suit filed by Samuel Gerber, a salesman, on account of an alleged assault by Carter in a downtown store.

John C. Stubbs, vice president and director of traffic of the Harriman lines, announced that he will retire January 1. His successor has not been named.

United States Judge Peter S. Grosscup has already tied a string to his forthcoming resignation from the bench by declaring that if any accusal, organization or individual is now investigating his record wants further time for investigation, he will defer his resignation.

President Taft has granted executive clemency to the [illegible] [illegible] Margaret [illegible] of Big Stone Gap, Va., who was convicted [illegible] imprisonment and $[illegible] fine [illegible] internal revenue [illegible]

[illegible]

Rev. R. H. Dolliver, brother of the late Iowa senator, died at Hot Springs, S. D., aged 65.

Taft is willing to be retired rather than budge on the tariff question.

Canada defeated reciprocity by a landslide vote.

Champ Clark says democracy is in sight of the promised land.

Federal Judge Grosscup of Chicago is soon to retire from the bench.

Spain is facing a crisis as grave as that confronting the nation in 1909.

Congress must soon fix the toll charges for the Panama canal.

Henry Seymour of Lincoln, Neb., was drugged and robbed at Niagara Falls.

C. P. Rodgers, the coast-to-coast aviator, suffered a hard fall at Middleton, N. Y.

Fifty people were killed and two hundred injured in the Sunday riots at Vienna.

Six people, living in adjoining houses were murdered while they slept at Colorado Springs.

Robert L. Borden, opposition leader in Canada, made a final appeal to the voters against reciprocity.

There was a bad slump in steel stocks on rumors of a coming suit for dissolution of the company.

A charge of contempt of court is made against an attorney for the defense in the McNamara cases.

J. J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern railway, celebrated his seventy-third birthday on the 16th.

Carl Morris, the white hope, was outfought in his ten-round battle with Jim Flynn at New York.

Henry Watterson says the day of free passes and free tickets in the newspaper business is passing.

Sensational developments are promised in connection with the assassination of Premier Stolypin of Russia.

Seven Kansas ministers will ask the president to veto Secretary Wilson's connection with the brewers' congress.

Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad shops at Sedalia, employing nearly 700 men, closed for an indefinite period.

Lieutenants Atwood and Sheppard, the English army officers who were arrested at Emden, Prussia, charged with espionage, were released.

Seattle was chosen as the next meeting place of the American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents in 1912.

Unless collections for the state treasury come in more rapidly the state treasurer of Nebraska will be obliged to stop buying municipal bonds.

The fire at the plant of the Hercules Oil Refining company at Vernon, Cal., which burned for twenty-four hours, was brought under control.

Officials of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad said that less than 1,900 out of a total number of 4,200 track employes were on strike.

To become thoroughly familiar with military conditions Secretary of War Stimson contemplates visiting practically every army post in the country.

Fourteen thousand Kansas corporations lost their charters when the charter board found they had not complied with the law requiring annual reports.

Ogden L. Mills, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills of New York and Miss Margaret Rutherford, daughter of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, sr., were married in France.

A number of Kansas democrats who are in favor of Champ Clark for president will meet the Missourian and will seek to learn from him whether he will enter the race for the democratic nomination.

At Des Moines, Ia., Judge Smith McPherson in federal court dissolved the temporary injunction obtained recently by the express companies of Iowa against the State Railroad commission.

The anniversary of Mexico's declaration of independence was celebrated at Mexico City, the feature of the program being a parade of the military, reviewed by President De La Barra.

General Jose De La Luz Blanco, commander of rurales in northern Chihuahua, has been officially ordered to take his forces to Morelos and give fight to Zapata. General Blanco has been with Madero in his campaign in Yucatan and will return at once to Casas Grandes and get his army.

Five governors of western states that have conferred the electoral franchise upon women—Hawley of Idaho, Spry of Utah, Carey of Wyoming, Hay of Washington and Shafroth of Colorado—were participants in a largely attended meeting in the interests of woman suffrage at Cooper union, New York.

Personal.

President Taft, on his long journey, made the first stop at Syracuse, N. Y.

Twenty-nine governors attended the meeting at Spring Lake, N. J.

Premier Stolypin succumbed to injuries inflicted by an assassin.

President Taft took a plunge in the pool of [illegible] in [illegible] Michigan [illegible]

Ex-Senator Thomas H. Carter of Montana died at his home in Washington.

Champ Clark is unwilling to accept [illegible] to defeat reciprocity.

[illegible]

253 KILLED AND 88 INJURED

CREWS WORKING TO RESCUE VICTIMS BURIED IN WRECKAGE OF LIBERTE.

THREE OTHER SHIPS IN DRYDOCK

As a Result of the Disastrous [illegible]sion on French Battleship in the Roadstead of Toulon.

Toulon, Sept. 27.—While the drydocks were being hastily put into shape to receive the Verite, Republique and Democratie, all badly damaged as a result of the fire and explosion that destroyed the warship Liberte, detachments from every ship in the harbor are working on the wreckage of the Liberte, trying to rescue members of the crew known to be alive in the debris.

A repair ship is anchored alongside the mass of wreckage, only a small portion of which is still above water. The chrome steel plates are being burned through with acetylene jets, but the work is necessarily very slow because of the danger of dislodging some of the plates and crushing the victims in their prison below the surface of the water in the roadstead.

Nearly 400 on Death List.

An official statement giving the casualties, places the dead at 235 and the injured at 88, with one man missing.

Fifty bodies were recovered and eight wounded men were rescued from that part of the vessel which remained exposed when the hull sank. These men had been pinned in the ruins from sixteen to twenty-four hours. Most of them were unconscious from pain, and their rescuers lacked the assistance that their cries otherwise would have given in locating their exact position.

The official count of the dead and injured is progressing, and it is now certain the list will be nearly 400. Minister of Marine Delcasse and Admiral Germinet, after personal investigation of the incidents in connection with the explosion and a talk with the survivors, selected the opinion of the experts that deflagration of the "B" powder in the magazines, caused the explosion. They say they are convinced that the fire started in the oil store room.

There is a disposition to blame the higher officials of the Liberte for being absent. The fact that the captain and next two in command were away and that the warship was in command of a senior lieutenant, injured discipline, it is asserted. It is also intimated that the best means were not employed in fighting the fire. Had experienced officials been on duty, it is intimated, bunkers and magazines would have been flooded simultaneously with the fire alarm and an explosion would have been impossible.

To Name Court of Inquiry.

The court of inquiry to determine the responsibility for the disaster will be named at once. It will consist of officers of flag rank and they will be ordered not only to fix responsibility, but to recommend changes in construction to prevent such disasters in the future.

The Toulon water front has been transformed into a vast hospital and morgue. Many of the victims are so badly mangled that recognition is almost impossible. In the temporary hospitals, hastily established, terribly burned seamen are being cared for. Of fifty injured sailors in the chief marine hospital, twenty-five have already died and few of the others can recover.

The Liberte appeared as if her bows had doubled over on the stern. Men burned in that part of the wreckage above the water could be heard groaning and screaming for help, which often the rescuers were unable to give.

The lower deck was a charnel house. One man's foot was held under a mass of steel weighing tons. After three hours' vain efforts to lift the mass a surgeon amputated the foot. Through a hole in the armor portion of bodies, contorted and piled together, could be perceived, all of them charred by the flames.

Big Four Annual Meeting.

Cincinnati, Sept. 27.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway company will be held at Cincinnati Oct. 25. In addition to electing directors the stockholders will be asked to approve the lease for ninety-nine years of the Saline Valley Railway company, and to approve an operating agreement between the Evansville, Mount Carmel & Northern Railway company of Indiana and the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis, under which the latter company will have the right to use the former for a period of ninety-nine years.

Rich Lumberman To Marry.

Los Angeles, Sept. 27.—A romance that had its beginning on an automobile ride from the Hotel Virginia at Long Beach, will culminate next month in a wedding in that city, when Mrs. Clara [illegible], a widow, becomes the bride of [illegible], a millionaire lumberman of Michigan. [illegible] about [illegible] the plans for the marriage she admitted that the date now set is Oct. 21 and that the couple will spend their honeymoon in southern California.

ONE MORE AVIATOR IS DEAD

WAS TRYING FOR LICENSE AT INTERNATIONAL MEET.

Postmaster General Hitchcock to Carry Aerial Mail Sacks Today.

Nassau Boulevard, Long Island, Sept. 27.—The international aviation meet was marred by the tragic fall of Dr. J. C. Clarke of New York, an amateur, who was to try for his license. He fell 260 feet in his Queen Bleriot monoplane, sustaining such injuries that he died at 7:50 last night in the Nassau hospital.

Dr. Clarke had not intended to fly. However, after Ignatz Semineuk, the Russian aviator, had flown to Mineola and back in Dr. Clarke's machine, the wheels were smashed by a bad landing, and the doctor was so concerned over the accident that after repairs had been made he took the flyer up in order to test it. He had flown only 500 yards, rising rapidly, when he seemed to lose control and was dashed to the turf. As the aeroplane crashed to the ground it turned over, catching and crushing him.

Five of the most prominent aviators entered for the meet signified their intention of withdrawing from the contest, although their determination was not due to the accident. Eugene Ely, George W. Beatty, Harry Atwood, Bud Mars and J. A. D. McCurdy were those who decided to discontinue their flights. Ely and McCurdy expressed dissatisfaction with the rules, while the three others stated that there was not enough money in the meet for them. Mlle. Dutrieu refused to fly until she received more money.

In the speed contest for monoplanes Grahame-White won the prize of $600, flying ten miles at an average speed of 61¼ miles an hour. Matilda Moisant went up 1,414 feet. In the bomb-dropping event, Beatty's passenger, Genevieve O'Hearn, dropped the missile 3 feet and 9 inches from the bulls-eye, winning the event.

Postmaster General Hitchcock is to fly with Grahame-White to Mineola, carrying several sacks of United States mail, in order to test for himself the possibility of aerial mail transportation.

RATE CASES TO BE APPEALED.

Roads Decided in Matter of Intermountain Rulings.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Transcontinental railroads have decided to appeal the so-called intermountain rate cases to the new United States court of commerce. Conferences have been going on for several weeks in Chicago regarding the situation.

The decision of the interstate commerce commission, which the railroads claim would mean a loss to them in freight revenue of approximately $10,000,000, becomes effective Nov. 15. By Oct. 15, the railroads either must file new tariffs governing the rates in question or else take the case to the commerce court.

The rates affected are freight rates between all points east of the Missouri river and the intermountain cities between the Rockies and the Coast ranges. These cities include Spokane, Salt Lake City, Reno and Phoenix. In times past, rates from Chicago or New York to Spokane, Salt Lake City, Reno or Phoenix have been much higher than from Chicago or New York to Seattle, a longer distance. Three different decisions have been rendered.

TOBACCO TRUST TO DISSOLVE.

Petition Setting Forth Proposed Plans Will Be Filed.

New York, Sept. 27.—Announcement was made at the conclusion of the conference looking to the reorganization of the American Tobacco Company, that a petition would be filed with the United States circuit court, setting forth the proposed plan of dissolution in accord with the mandate of the supreme court.

J. B. Richardson & Co., a North Carolina subsidiary of the American Tobacco Company, which began suit for separation from the company some time before the recent supreme court decision was handed down, will file a petition before Oct. 1 for complete segregation from the parent company in conjunction with the final dissolution plan.

N. P. TO PAY FULL DIVIDEND.

Directors Make No Change in the Regular Rate.

New York, Sept. 27.—Both Northern Pacific and Great Northern preferred suffered severe losses in the stock market, the former dropping to 113⅝ and the latter to 119. In the afternoon rally they were carried back to Saturday's closing figures. It may be stated that the directors intend to declare a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent.

Cotton Report Issued.

Washington, Sept. 27.—The census cotton report shows total supply for year ending Aug. 31, 1911, to have been 13,665,179 running bales, made up as follows: Stock at beginning of year, 1,[illegible]; ginnings, 11,[illegible]; imports, 2[illegible],191. Distribution is 7,[illegible] bales exported, [illegible] consumed and [illegible] stocks held. Manufacturers stocks amounted to [illegible] bales. [illegible] cotton [illegible] of which [illegible] in [illegible] states, and [illegible] in all other states.

TRAIN HITS HAYRACK THIRTEEN KILLED

VICTIMS STREWN ALONG TRACKS BY C. & N. W. PASSENGER AT NEENAH, WIS.

SEQUEL TO A WEDDING PARTY

Collision Comes in the Fog of Early Morning.—Of Eight Others Hurt, Three Are Fatally Injured.

Neenah, Sept. 26.—Whirling along at the rate of a mile a minute, a Chicago & Northwestern passenger train, half an hour late, crashed into a hayrack loaded with thirty-one young people here, killing twelve of them outright and injuring eight others, one of whom died shortly after and three of them so badly that they are believed to be fatally hurt.

A big billboard along the railway tracks obscured the view from the locomotive as well as from the wagon. Dust and fog did the rest. Nine of the thirty-one people on the hayrack escaped without a scratch, and so did both horses. Nobody on the train suffered except from the jar.

Bodies Strewn Along Tracks.

Armless, legless and headless bodies covered the right of way as the train of nine coaches was brought to a stop 800 feet from the scene of the accident. Several of the bodies were mutilated so badly that identification was possible only by fragments of clothing. Six bodies were discovered on the engine pilot where they lay until removed by the train crew and passengers.

Two others of the persons killed were hurled through a flagman's shanty with such force as to overturn the little structure. One of these was Miss Mabel Finn, who was projected through one of the side walls of the house and was still alive when removed. She died a few hours later. Another of the victims killed was thrown high over a barn 50 feet from the right of way.

The party was returning from the farm of Peter Hanson, where the young people had gone to attend the celebration of a wedding anniversary, when the accident occurred. All but two, who were from Chicago, were residents of Menasha, Wis.

Babe Was Hurled 50 Feet, Unhurt.

Among the occupants of the hayrack who escaped were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Brinzinski and child of two years. They were seated in the front of the rack, the mother holding the child in her lap. About half way back in the wagon sat Mary Swartzbauer. The latter was hurled about 50 feet and rendered unconscious. When found by rescuers the Brinziski child was in her arms, having escaped unscratched. The parents of the child were injured only slightly.

Peter Hanson, driver and owner of the horses attached to the ill-fated rig, managed to hang to the reins and was the only person on the rack who was not temporarily stunned by the collision. He declares he looked in both directions along the track, but did not observe the onrushing train until his team had reached the track. He whipped up the horses, but managed to get the wagon only half way across.

The train was nearly half an hour behind schedule. The fact that the engine stopped on the second corner from the intersection where the collision occurred, a distance of more than 800 feet, is evidence that the speed was great. It is said, however, that the rails were slippery from the rain and made the stopping of the train difficult.

On the outgoing trip the hayrack contained 40 persons, but the rig was uncomfortably crowded and on the return trip an additional wagon was obtained. Eight of the party occupied the second vehicle, which followed about a mile behind.

A farmer, his wife and two children recently were killed in a similar accident at the same crossing and during the last eight years nearly two dozen persons have lost their lives at the same place.

Pennsylvania Flyer in Collision.

Pittsburg, Sept. 26.—The Pennsylvania Eighteen-hour flyer between Chicago and New York, was in collision thirty minutes after leaving this city, killing one trainman, injuring four others and one passenger.

Train Hits Auto; Three Killed.

Owosso, Mich., Sept. 26.—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Almendinger, of Flint, Mich., and Miss Mary H. Baughman, of Lansing, were killed and Burr J. Warner, of Flint, was seriously injured when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Grand Trunk passenger train.

26 IN STREET CAR ARE INJURED.

Trolley Runs Through Switch and Overturns at Atlanta.

[illegible], Sept. 26.—Twenty-six persons were injured, four probably fatally, here when a street car crowded with [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] cause of the accident [illegible] although it is said that the [illegible] not slow down [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from the curbing.

BORDEN ORGANIZING CABINET

MANUFACTURERS IN CANADA WANT HIGHER TARIFF.

Premier-Elect Hopes to Be Ready for Coming of the Duke of Connaught.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 26.—R. L. Borden, premier-elect, arrived in Ottawa and has begun the organization of the new government. Earl Grey, the governor general, is considering postponing his departure until a few days after Oct. 4, in order that the Borden government may be fully organized before the arrival of the new governor general, the Duke of Connaught, on Oct. 14.

Mrs. Borden, George H. Perley, M. P., chief whip of the Conservative party; John Thompson, K. C., son of Sir John Thompson, a former Conservative premier, and W. H. Rowley, president of the Canadian Manufacturers' association, were among those who met Mr. Borden. The public celebration of his victory has been deferred. Mr. Borden drove at once to his home in Wurtemburg street.

Mr. Borden will be called upon to give early consideration to several requests for tariff increases. The woolen manufacturers, who considered themselves insufficiently protected from British competition by the existing duty of 30 per cent, are anxious that the tariff be increased to 50 per cent. At present English woolens have a large market in the Dominion, but the domestic woolen industry is stagnant.

Mecca for Office Seekers.

Ottawa is filling with office seekers. The resignation of A. N. Parent, chairman of the national transcontinental railway commission, is expected at an early date. Mr. Parent formerly was Liberal prime minister of Quebec. The commission was hotly attacked by the Conservatives when in opposition. The Laurier government, while administering the government until its actual retirement, is prevented by custom from making any important appointments. The private secretaries of ministers may be given other positions in the public service, but the real plums offered in vacant judgeships, senatorships, railway commissionerships, etc., will fall to the Conservatives.

Lord Strathcona, Canadian high commissioner at London, is expected here next week. He signified to Sir Wilfrid Laurier last summer his intention of soon relinquishing his position on account of advancing age. He is more than 90. He is a Conservative and although Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, was selected to succeed him, Lord Strathcona, however, did not tender his resignation. If he does so now the appointment of his successor will be made by the Borden government.

Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier are planning a month's trip to California.

FOWLER AGAIN IS DELAYED.

Aviator, After Great Burst of Speed, Forced to Land.

Colfax, Cal., Sept. 26.—Engine trouble terminated Aviator Robert G. Fowler's second attempt to soar above the 7,000-foot pass of the Sierras in his attempted transcontinental flight, which began Sept. 10.

After a burst of phenomenal speed, he alighted in a meadow in Emigrant Gap, 40 miles from here, gliding from an altitude of 7,500 feet. At that height his engine quit work. This altitude, if maintained, should get him safely over the pass in the third attempt, which he expects to make this morning.

Starting from Colfax at sunrise, he circled aloft for nearly 20 minutes, rising 3,000 feet above the ground and then, swinging due east, was lost to sight in four minutes. His first 21 miles were made in 21 minutes. Then at Blue Canyon, he circled 17 minutes for higher altitude, starting east with a fine margin.

As he soared 2,000 feet above Emigrant Gap, his engine stopped absolutely, and he came to the ground. He returned to Colfax on an engine, collected his mechanicians and went back to the biplane, with which they tinkered all day.

300 in Panic—Minor Injuries.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—More than three hundred persons, many of them women and children, rushed panic stricken from a nickel theater when the moving picture films in the cage above the entrance caught fire. The screams of the women and children added to the confusion in the house. The people fought their way to the exits, trampling each other under foot in their terror. No one was seriously injured, aside from bruises sustained in climbing over chairs.

Well-Known Humorist Dead.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 26.—Charles Battell Loomis, famous humorist, author and lecturer, died here at the Hartford hospital. Death was due to cancer of the stomach.

Building Leveled in Quake.

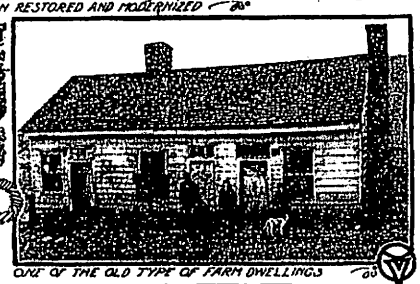
Guayaquil, Sept. 26.—Four heavy earthquakes did serious damage at Riobamba, 85 miles from Guayaquil. At the first shock a great panic prevailed. Many buildings were badly shaken and several collapsed.

The seismic disturbances are attributed to the [illegible] [illegible] Riobamba is situated at an elevation [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] 1797, when the [illegible] Riobamba was destroyed by an earthquake.

AN ERA OF BETTER HOMES IN RURAL DIXIE

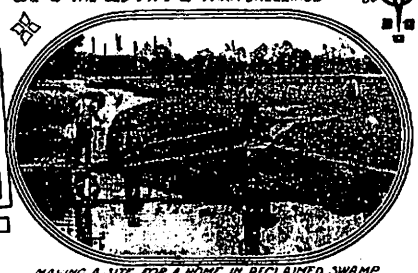
TYPICAL NEGRO CABIN IN THE FAR SOUTH

COLONIAL MANSION RESTORED AND MODERNIZED



ONE OF THE OLD TYPE OF FARM DWELLINGS

A TYPICAL HOME OF THE POOREST CLASS



MAKING A SITE FOR A HOME IN RECLAIMED SWAMP

THINGS are unmistakably "looking up" in the south. This era of better conditions and better feeling is all the more noticeable because it has made itself manifest at a time when business conditions have not been uniformly satisfactory in other sections of the country. Good crops are at the bottom of of the improvement in Dixie, as, indeed, they are usually at the bottom of every widespread change of business conditions in any part of the country. That the yield of the fields serves as the mainspring of the whole scheme of existence below the Mason and Dixon line is by no means strange, for in this territory, to a degree not true of any other equal area in the United States, is the chief industry embraced in the tilling of the soil.

Although an era of more diversified farming is dawning in the south, that good old staple, cotton, is still the chief staple crop and is likely to continue such for many years to ruling. It is the satisfactory condition of the cotton growing industry, then, that is largely responsible for the satisfactory state of things in the "warm belt." Last year's cotton crop was thoroughly satisfactory in quantity and brought gratifying prices. Indeed, the returns were so satisfactory to the planters that this year has found a heavy increase in the acreage put out in cotton—always a sure indication of the sentiments of the growers.

And for all that the skeptical folk have been wont to declare that such a run of luck cannot be expected to continue for more than one season there is every indication at this writing that this year's crop conditions will measure up well with the showing of twelve months ago. The yield is liable to be about as good as that of last year, or at least is almost certain to be above the ten year average, and even if the prices that rule are not quite as high as last year bowing possibly to the increased acreage the returns will yet be sufficient to give the cotton growers a very satisfactory return upon their investment and labor.

A few years of rich cotton yield will do more than anything else to help the south along toward a par with other prosperous sections of the country. Particularly is this the case in rural Dixie for although the country residents of the south are gradually adopting an agricultural policy whereby all their eggs will not be in one basket the fact remains that they are relying upon cotton for the funds that will boost better things and permit, shall we call it experiments, in other means of deriving a livelihood from the soil. The first and most significant evidence of better things in the south is seen in the measures taken to restore or sustain the productive qualities of the soil. Land has been abused in the south, just as it has been in other section of prodigal America, but in few cases has the damage gone beyond repair except, maybap, in some of the land devoted to tobacco culture. Now efforts are being made to rejuvenate it either by an use of rotation of crops, or where that is not practicable, through the instrumentality of the scientific methods prescribed by experts.

However, this soil improvement is of course more real than apparent. The evidence of better things in Dixie that forces itself most emphatically upon the notice of the traveler or stranger is found in the better houses that now shelter the inhabitants. The change that has taken place in this respect is especially impressive to the outsider who visits today a representative district with the conditions in which he was familiar ten years, or even five years ago. It is not necessary to compare the state of affairs with the status just after the Civil war or even as late as twenty years ago. The pace of improvement has been so rapid that it may be grasped within a much more recent period.

That there was need of improvement in the housing conditions prevalent throughout most parts of the south has been all too manifest for those many years past. Indeed the excited conditions to which many of the poorer inhabitants dwell has inevitably been a shock to persons from the north or west visiting the south for the first time. Log cabins or the most crudely constructed frame houses, with mud chimneys and like as not early for a floor have been too numerous to be considered exception. Moreover, such habitations have by no means been restricted to the colored inhabitants. Indeed in many instances the poverty stricken folk known as the "poor whites" have been found living in squalor and discomfort, to say nothing of unsanitary conditions, that paralleled anything in the negro cabins. No wonder so many of this class of the inhabitants felt no time to "hook worm" and other diseases.

As has been said, the coming of material prosperity has proven the chief spur to the era of better homes in rural Dixie but it is only fair to say that the improvement set in before the record breaking cotton crops of the past few years were even in prospect, and have found inspiration from sources quite apart from business activity. For a number of years past a number of individuals and humanitarian organizations have been doing "missionary work" of the best kind in the south. Under the guise of medical attendance they have carried health and hygiene to many benighted families, who had remained in ignorance of modern ideas on such matters; they have sought to educate the children of these poor folk particularly in the remote mountain districts where regular schools are a rarity; and finally they have exerted influence in every possible way to secure the provision of better homes. Efforts have been made to arouse the ambitions of the men to provide better, more commodious and thoroughly weather-tight dwellings, whereas the women have had their interest kindled along the line of home ornamentation, etc.

This arousal of interest has come the more readily where the improvement of business or agricultural conditions has made it possible for the heads of the household to obtain remunerative employment. It has been pretty difficult to nurture ambitions for better home among a people weakened by long poverty and disease and with barely enough money to keep body and soul together. A highly beneficial influence in this direction has been felt in the south during the past few years by the field agents of the United States department of agriculture and by the workers of the state agricultural institutions that have been established in most of the southern states. These men and women have worked for better conditions through the medium of the children of rural Dixie. Having won the confidence of the farmer boys through the Corn club competitions and of the girls through the more recently introduced Canning clubs it has been a simple matter to inspire them with a desire to not only improve the farm but also to improve the farm home and provide it with greater comforts and conveniences. Indeed, many of the prizes offered by southern merchants and organizations of public spirited citizens in these contests designed to improve agricultural yields in the south have been objects destined to afford a bit of home comforts or luxuries hitherto from undreamed of.

The direct sequel of the good crops of recent years in its effect upon home in Dixie is even more conspicuous than the indirect influences above mentioned. All over the south farmers and planters have expended some of the money they have made in these fat years in building new dwellings or in restoring old ones. Many colonial or ante bellum mansions which were rapidly falling into decay have thus been rescued and restored in the disk of time, and when provided with modern heating and lighting systems have afforded habitations of which any farmers in the land might well be proud. Some of the landed proprietors have also expended some of the fruits of recent prosperity in providing better dwellings for their tenants. Of course this is without reference to exceptional cases where wealthy northerners have invaded the south, and, as in the case of the Vanderbilt estate in North Carolina, have not only provided ideal dwellings for tenant farmers, but have also established model dairies, etc.

And just here it may be added that an important contributory to the era of better homes in rural Dixie is found in the influx of northern farmers. Of late years these farmers who are abandoning the worn out farm land of the middle west have been wending their way southward in increasing numbers, many of them giving Dixie a preference over western Canada because of its kindly climate and consequent economy in fuel and the cost of heavy clothing. Naturally these energetic, prosperous farmers have been accustomed to comfortable and convenient farm houses, and, arriving at their new scene of activities, almost the first thing they have done has been to provide dwellings that have in many instances proven a revelation to the natives.

Another new factor has just appeared in southern rural life and the influence which it will exert—and which will probably extend to home ing conditions—is awaited with keen interest. England has always been one of the largest customers for raw cotton raised in America and the manufacturers in Great Britain have long had the idea that they ought to be able to get their cotton at lower prices if British thrift and system could have play in the cultivation and picking of the fluffy white balls. Finally, only a few months ago, they decided to attempt to use cotton cultivation into their own hands, and they have recently spent millions of dollars in the purchase of thousands of acres of cotton land which they will cultivate under the direction of their own experts. Presumably southern labor will be largely employed, but some help may be imported and every person who knows of the instinctive colonizing instincts of the English believes that they will introduce some innovations in housing the families dependent upon the enterprise for a means of livelihood.

The Way They Do In Utah

The extent to which army methods of medical prophylaxis may be drawn upon to instruct the civilian population in matters of public hygiene is shown in the decision of the city of Salt Lake, Utah, to begin the use of typhoid vaccination in an effort to put an end to the typhoid that has ravaged the city for years, saw the Army and Navy Journal. Attempts to trace the cause of the epidemics have been unsuccessful, and the demonstration by the army of the success of vaccination against typhoid in the municipal health campaign has spurred the municipal health authorities to action. Attention to the vaccine was drawn by the visit of the staff of the Army at Fort Douglas, in San Antonio Nurses of the officers from Salt Lake was affected with the disease while there, was away.

NORTH DAKOTA NEWS

Latest Happenings Gathered in the Flickertail State

BAPTISTS PROSPEROUS.

Conference At Grafton Shows Church Extending.

Grafton.—Some progressive and permanent work has been done by the Baptist denomination in North Dakota during the last twelve months period than in any previous year. Report of that fact was made to the state conference in this city by C. E. Hemana general missionary, who in tracing the year's activities, showed wherein forward steps of a decidedly encouraging nature had been taken.

One of the greatest evils in the mission church field was found in short pastorates, the general missionary contending that satisfactory results can be obtained only through retaining good, wide awake, evangelistic pastors at the head of mission churches, and that they would then soon become self-supporting.

That the Baptist pastors in North Dakota should never be paid less than $1,000 a year was another of his recommendations. He believes that this was only due the pastors in view of the higher costs of living, everywhere prevailed.

Other Reports Made.

In addition to this report there was also presented the reports of Scandinavian missions by Rev. Ole Larson of Fargo, the state treasurer by F. E. Starkweather of Grand Forks and the state colporteur by Rev. C. C. Heidenburg.

There was a general discussion of pastoral work by several of the more prominent Baptist ministers of the state. These included Rev. W. H. Rogers of Ellendale, Rev. A. H. Nicholson of Mayville, Rev. Ole Larson of Fargo, Rev. Walter Isaman of Grafton and Rev. C. C. Heidenburg.

Cause of Crime was the subject of an address by Rev. Geo. Newcomb of Bismarck. He is the head of the movement for prison reform in North Dakota.

Judge F. P. Allen of Wahpeton presided over the general conference sessions, being president of the organization.

New Officers Elected.

President Hon. F. P. Allen, Lisbon; Recording Secretary, Rev. Walter Ingram, Grafton; Corresponding Secretary, Rev. C. E. Hemana, Grand Forks; Treasurer, F. E. Starkweather, Grand Forks.

PROF. LADD MAKES APPEAL.

Anxious to Secure Samples of Wheat For Milling and Baking Tests.

Prof. E. F. Ladd is sending out the following letters:

Dear Sir: We are very anxious to secure quantities of wheat for milling and baking tests of flour production for samples representing the following conditions:

1. Wheat that represents different stages of maturity, owing to retarded growth for lack of moisture.

2. Wheat that has been affected by hot winds so as to cause shrinking.

3. Wheat attacked by black rust, so as to cause considerable damage in the quality of the wheat.

4. Wheat in various stages of development that has been struck by early frosts.

Much valuable data can be secured if we can get a mile of one and a half to two bushels, where the history of the sample can be known as to the cause of the inferior quality of the wheat; and we would be under obligations to those parties who can put us in communication with millers and farmers, from whom such samples can be purchased, and from whom the full history of the sample can be obtained.

(Signed) H. E. Ladd,
Food Commissioner.

W. C. T. U. HAD A GOOD YEAR.

Twenty-two New Local Unions Organized in State.

Jamestown.—Progress in the woman's Christian Temperance Union in North Dakota, as traced by reports of various officers submitted at the twenty-second annual convention here today, has been satisfactory.

The past year twenty-two new local unions have been organized, thirteen Young People's branches have been launched, and eleven Loyal Temperance Legions started.

Mrs. Grace H. Dodge, a former woman, organized a union at Sheldon, thirty miles from a railroad in Richland county. Burtop, Finnek Sheyenne and Hankar are among other points where new unions were established in out-of-the-way districts. There were in this state organized this year four being newly organized.

ESTABLISHED ARSENAL

Colgate Man Created Regular Fort Out of the Home.

Colgate.—In making his home at Colgate General William H. Jones established a military post. [illegible] Colgate, Jones [illegible] Colgate [illegible] Jones [illegible] insane.

GOVERNOR TO BE AT OPENING.

Co. C of Grafton Arranging for Big Dedication Feature Next Month.

Grafton.—Governor John Burke and many prominent officials of the North Dakota national guard will be in Grafton when the dedication of the Co. C armory takes place. The exact date

JOHN BURKE
Governor of North Dakota.

for the event has not been fixed as yet, but it will occur about the middle of October. The armory was made possible through the action of the state legislature in increasing the grant in the state budget. One of the features of the dedicatory program will be a military ball at which Governor and Mrs. John Burke will be honorary guests.

WAR OVER NEW TOWN SITE.

Grand Trunk to Cross Into U. S. Twelve Miles East of Portal.

Minot.—The location of the township at the point where the new Grand Trunk line will cross from Canada into the United States appears to have precipitated a merry contest between real estate men, and the interested parties have engaged surveyors in an endeavor to get the exact lines for the establishment of the site. McCallum, Fulton & Hill of Regina, who were here a few days ago, engaged the services of County Surveyor H. C. Wrahm, who went up to the border line for the purpose of getting the location of the boundary line between the United States and Canada.

The Grand Trunk survey has been made to the border line and will cross into the United States about twelve miles east of Portal. This is where the new town will be located and several real estate firms have already endeavored to get possession of the site. The survey made by the Grand Trunk strikes almost directly north of Bowbells and it is possible that the survey into this country will strike either the Great Northern or Soo line near that point.

Old Landmark Torn Down.

Kenmare.—A crew of men commenced to take down the old part of St. Anthony & Dakota elevator. This part was built in 1887 and was the first elevator built in Kenmare and among the first west of Devils Lake. It was the only [illegible] for a short time required a lot of hard work in handling the grain which came in rather some times, as there was quite a number in more from the foot hills of the Rocky mountains. Much of the lumber was taken away. Many of the lumber used in Great Alkali contained papers, which remember the old settlers they [illegible] the winter. [illegible] Collins, Devil Lake, was [illegible] Kenmare.

[illegible] Williams county [illegible] last week [illegible] was a [illegible] returns [illegible] extend to hour [illegible] Williams county [illegible] [illegible] under the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

ALMONT ARENA

ALMONT, NORTH DAKOTA.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
THE ARENA PUBLISHING CO.
ALMONT, NORTH DAKOTA
RAY L. LINDNER, PUBLISHER.

TERMS.

Subscription Price [In Advance] - - $1.50
At End of Year - - - - TWO DOLLARS

An Independent paper issued every Saturday.

LOCAL RATES: 10 cents per line for the first insertion, and 5cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

DISPLAY ADVERTISING: 15 cents per inch for each insertion. A discount made to regular advertisers.

Entered as second-class matter December 21, 1910, at the post office at Almont, North Dakota, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Advertisers are requested to have the copy for change of ad in the Arena Office by Tuesday Noon preceding issue of the paper in which changed ad is to appear.

All contributions and communications intended for publication must bear the name of the writer.

Come forth ye Burdick followers and work for the cleanest administration that the state of North Dakota has ever seen.

Taft left North Dakota out in his western tour. Well, from the shape some of the eggs were in that we have purchased, recently, we have concluded that he was "wise to be foolish."

Reciprocity was defeated at the recent election held in Canada. We are wondering what next our "fat friend" will try to force upon the people. The people of North Dakota are as highly elated over its defeat as the Canadians.

Custer Creek Creakings

Mr Otto Lidstrom was in town on Monday.

August Johnson was in town one day this week.

Amil Johnson and Ole Jacobson were in town Monday.

W. D. Wagoner was in Almont Thursday with a load of grain.

Cornelius Knutson was hauling sand from the river Wednesday.

Messrs Timpe and Martin were in Almont on business Monday.

Mrs. Nels Jacobson and daughter, Karine were in town the latter part of last week.

The Blue and Red Sunday school contestants seem to be working hard to secure the largest membership. The standing, Blue 22, Red 17.

First Publication Sept. 2, 1911.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Aug. 26, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Fred Grimm, of De Vaul, N. D., who, on July 7th, 1906, made Homestead entry, No. 35652, for Lot 4 SW¼ SW¼ and S½ SE¼, Section 30, Township 137 N., Range 84, W 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson, U. S. Commissioner, at Almont, N. D., on the 13th day of October, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Henry Kovar, of De Vaul, N. D., Jay Slavick, Theodor Grimm and Fred Suppnick, of Almont, N. D.

R. N. Stevens, Register.

First Publication, Aug. 26.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
August, 8, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Adam A. Rupert, of Carl, No. Dak., who, on January, 16, 1906, made Homestead Entry, No. 32752 Serial No. 07642, for North East Quarter, Section 26, Township 136 North, Range 86 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson, U. S. Commissioner, at Almont, No. Dak., on the 29 day of September, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
W. G. White, Iver Bonus, John Bard, Charles Lanson, all of Carl, N. D.

R. N. Stevens, Register.

E. M. F.

Automobiles are guaranteed for one year against breakage from any cause. Write for latest specifications to

Blank & Nason,
Exclusive Agents
New Salem, - N. Dak.

First Publication Sept. 23, 1911.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Sept. 11, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that August W. Borchardt, of Judson, N. D., who, on July 2nd, 1906, made Homestead Entry No. 35517, Serial No. 08871, for W½ SW¼, Section 22, Township 138 N, Range 84W, 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Bismarck, N. D., on the 7th day of November, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
William Borchers, August Nickel, H. Wichman and Ernst Thiel, all of Judson, N. D.

R. N. Stevens, Register.

First Publication Sept. 23, 1911.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Sept. 11, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Christian S. Van Dyke, of Carl, N. D., who, on July 19th, 1906, made homestead entry, No. 35791, Serial No. 08685, for E½ SE¼, NW SE¼ and NE¼ SW¼, Section 30, Township 136N, Range 85W, 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Robert F. Nash United States Commissioner, at Flasher, N. Dak., on the 17 day of November, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Joseph A. Brooks, Harvey V. Weaver, C. E. Werner and Wesley G. White all of Carl, N. D.

R. N. Stevens, Register.

First Publication Aug. 26th.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Aug. 11, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Johannes Hoener, of Almont, N. D., who on January 13, 1910, made Homestead Entry, No. 013742, for S½ SE¼ and S½ SW¼, Section 2, township 136 N, range 87 W, 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson, U. S. Commissioner at Almont, N. D., on the 4th day of October, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Peltzer, John Hoerner, Henry Hoerner and Nick Meuchel, all of Almont, N. D.

R. N. Stevens, Register.

First Publication Aug. 26th.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
August 23, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Rebecca E. Rupert (widow of Samuel G. Rupert) of Heart, N. D., who on August 14, 1905, made Homestead Entry No 31432, (Serial No. 071131, for South East Quarter, Section 26, township 136 N, range 86 W, 5th P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson U. S. Commissioner at Almont, N. D., on the 5th day of October, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John Bard, Charles G. Lanson, W. G. White, and Iver Bonus, all of Carl, N. D.

R. N. Stevens, Register.

First Publication Aug. 26, 1911.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D.
Aug. 5, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Wesley G. White of Carl, N. D., who, on June 26, 1906, made homestead entry No. 35427, Serial No. 08816, for North East Quarter, Section 34, Township 136 N, Range 86 W, 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. H. Anderson, U. S. Commissioner, at Almont, N. D., on the 29th day of September 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses.
C. G. Lanson, A. A. Rupert, John Bard, J. H. Lewis, all of Carl, N. D.

R. N. Stevens, Register.

Read the Almont Arena.

TIME TABLE
—OF THE—
Northern Pacific Railway Company

A. M. CLELAND G. P. A. St. Paul, Minn.

EAST BOUND

No. 2	North Coast Limited	5:08 p. m
4	Yukon Fast Pullman Train	7:20 a. m
6	Chicago and Pacific Limited	12:17 a. m
8	Local	11:00 a. m

WEST BOUND

No. 1	North Coast Limited.	11:17 p. m
3	Pacific Coast Express	12:20 p. m.
5	Yukon Fast Pullman Train	10:13 p. m
7	Local	3:34 p. m

Trains Nos. 8 and 7 carry mails.

No. 99 Local freight, west bound 10:20 a. m
100 Local freight, east bound 1:45 p. m
Both local freights carry passenger coaches.

D. W. FORSBLAD, Local Agent.

Sawyer Bros.
Construction Company.
All Kinds of Carpenter and Construction work satisfactorily done. Let us figure on your next job. Address, Almont or Carl, N. D.

I Have the BEST
Well-Boring Machine in the country. Obstructions make no difference. When in need of a good well, look me up or write to

O. M. Ramsland
Almont. North Dakota

DR. W. T. CAIN
Physician and Surgeon

Call at Almont Pharmacy.

Eyes Tested—Glasses Fitted

Almont, N. Dak.

N. E. Becklund G. H. Anderson
Notaries Public
A complete line of United States Land Office Blanks and Legal Blanks.
Farmers State Bank, Almont, N. D.

...FALL... MERCHANDISE!

WE want you all to remember us when in need of Fall Merchandise for we are receiving new goods every day, and will be pleased to show you. Don't wait until the best choices have been picked over, but come early and get the first choice.

Our grocery department is flooded with rare bargains at all times and you should remember Knutson's when in need of staple or fancy groceries.

Yours to Serve

C. A. KNUTSON & CO.,
Almont, North Dakota.

! GOOD PRINTING !

Your PRINTING should be of the best, as it costs no more than the cheaper kinds.

We are Printers of the BEST there is in the Stationery Line, and solicit your orders now.

Memos
Receipts
Circulars
Envelopes
Statments
Bill Heads
Note Heads
Letter Heads
Auction Bills
Calling Cards
Packet Heads

The Almont Arena
Almont, North Dakota.

North Dakota State Industrial Exposition
Bismarck, No. Dak., Sept. 26 to Oct. 16.

Purpose of the Exposition

Unique in its nature, this Exposition is planned to give the visitor a varied program of amusement and education. Its purpose is to further the agricultural and industrial resources of North Dakota. Thousands of dollars worth of premiums will be awarded for displays of agricultural and industrial productions.

Entertainment Program

Marathon races, field meets, aeroplane flights, band concerts, acrobatic and musical vaudeville acts, Indian features, parades and band concerts. Something interesting every minute for everybody. Numerous convenient daily trains to and from all North Dakota points.

A. M. CLELAND, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

D. W. FORSBLAD, Local Agent, Almont, N. Dakota.

Northern Pacific Ry.

ALMONT NEWS NOTES

Gleaned from Here, There and Everywhere.

By the Arena Gate-Keeper.

For Sale—A [illegible] for sale. Inquire at this office.

[illegible] is [illegible] up from [illegible] for a visit with friends in the city.

For Sale [illegible] 4 years old [illegible]. Inquire at this office.

Again we say, [illegible] your subscription to the Arena [illegible] and coal [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] the [illegible] that they [illegible] good [illegible].

[illegible]

For Sale:—Good cow and spring heifer calf. For further particulars call at this office. tf

Solphia Wilson and O. M. Ramsland were Mandan and Bismarck visitors the first part of the week.

Green Duncan, of the De Vaul country was in town Saturday. Mr Duncan will be a reader of the Arena hereafter.

The annual fancy work sale of the [illegible] Embroidery Club will be held in the Socialist Hall at Sims on Saturday, October 7th. Refreshments will be served.

D. F. Duncan, of Lineville, Iowa, is a new subscriber to the Arena. Mr Duncan was resident [illegible] a couple of years ago [illegible] desires to know what is being done in and here.

Attorney G. R. Brainard of [illegible] town Monday, his [illegible] to attend to business [illegible] Mr. Brainard has [illegible] considerable business here and [illegible] more.

[illegible] from [illegible] He states that [illegible] barn of Rick [illegible] just about done now and with a [illegible] finish it during [illegible] next week.

[illegible] of vegetables and [illegible] this fall [illegible] occasion for [illegible] year for all [illegible] up [illegible] than those of previous years.

A. N. Johnson of Almont, N. D., today [illegible] bunch of 1330 pound steers to the market which landed him at [illegible]. They were [illegible] and as usual [illegible] South St. Paul [illegible] of Sept 11th.

We forgot to mention that the [illegible] met at the home of Mrs W. T. [illegible] on Wednesday [illegible] last week. The ladies [illegible] better now and [illegible] that they will keep [illegible] up. They will [illegible] Miss Grace Jacobson at the home of Mrs. L. W. Hyde on Wednesday, October 4th.

[illegible] Kola brought us a few [illegible] vegetables raised on his [illegible] town. Among them [illegible] cabbage head, two varieties of onions, two kinds [illegible] and some very fine [illegible]. One of the radishes was planted a year ago last spring and did not come up until after the last rains that we have been having but the [illegible] has grown to a good [illegible] and has a good taste. Mr. Kola has raised two kinds of potatoes and they both are of a very fine quality.

ATTORNEY GENERAL SAYS PURE SNUFF CAN BE SOLD IN NORTH DAKOTA LEGALLY

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely [illegible] snuff and guarantee that it complies with the law of North Dakota and every other State and [illegible] laws.

AMER[illegible] [illegible] CO., 111 Fifth Ave., New York

For Sale:--Good Bed Room Set, Hotel Dresser, Sanitary Couch, and one 18 Inch Heating Stove. For further particulars inquire at this office.

Pay your subscription today.

Dressmaking done at Mrs. [illegible]'s millinery store.

Rev. Alexander [illegible] preach [illegible] next Sunday. The theme will be "What a Man Thinks, [illegible] The Thinking Man."

[illegible] flocks of geese flew over the city Thursday [illegible]. They were [illegible] but our sport men [illegible].

[illegible] who resides [illegible] the [illegible] River takes the prize for raising potatoes. He raised over 150 bushels on less than a half acre and didn't pick the small ones either. Who can beat it?

Don't forget that the printer needs money the same as other people. When you sell your grain drop in and see the broad smile of satisfaction on his face, when you hand over your subscription money.

Don't fail to read the ad of O. C. Ellingson's in this issue. Mr. Ellingson is selling the famous 1892 Pure Aluminum Cooking Utensils and he would like to tell you how superior it is to the other kinds.

L. V. Duncanson and family departed Monday for Mott, N. D., where [illegible] will be agent for the [illegible] Elevator. Mr. and Mrs. Duncanson made many friends while here who regret to see them leave.

Jens Nelson brought us in some beets, cabbage and two kinds of carrots from his farm near town. Mr. Nelson has proved himself to be a good farmer by the samples of vegetables he has raised. He must have known that we were fond of beet nickles.

A certain man, not more than twenty five thousand miles from Almont had appendicitis. He had [illegible] had but objected to an operation but finally made up his mind that he was either going to die or would have to undergo an operation. He consented on condition that the appendix or whatever it was, after removal must be placed on the window-sill so, upon opening his eyes after the influence of the anaesthetic, he might glance over and see it. All was over in due time and daylight began to dawn upon him. Meanwhile an Italian's performing monkey had mounted the window-sill and was going through his performances. The man awoke, his eyes rested upon the monkey. Slowly and sadly he murmured: "Well, I don't know whether you're a boy or a girl, but I know this—your mother is an awful sick man." Notice, take warning and pay your subscription to the Arena.

Market Report.

Paid at close [illegible] Elevator today

Flax	$2.07
Wheat No. 1	92
Wheat No. 2	9[illegible]
Oats	.38

FALL GOODS

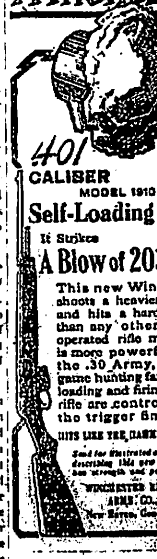
OUR buyer has just returned from the Eastern Markets where he was able to pick up many snaps in new fall goods. Some of these goods have already arrived and every train into the city brings more. Call in and let us show you some real nifty patterns in fall dress goods.

MEN:--Call in and see our new line of neckties.

Yours For Business,

AUG. TIMMERMAN,

Almont and Sims, - - - - - North Dakota.



WINCHESTER

.401 CALIBER MODEL 1910

Self-Loading Rifle

It Strikes A Blow of 2038 lbs.

This new Winchester shoots a heavier bullet and hits a harder blow than any other recoil operated rifle made. It is more powerful than the .30 Army, of big-game hunting fame. The loading and firing of this rifle are controlled by the trigger finger. It HITS LIKE THE HAMMER OF THOR

Send for illustrated circular fully describing this new rifle which has strength and power plus.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
New Haven, Conn., U. S. A.

WANTED—Good Housekeeping Magazine requires the services of a representative in Almont to look after subscriptions, renewals and to extend circulation by special methods which have proved unusually successful. Salary and commission. Previous experience desirable, but not essential. Whole time or spare time. Address with references, J. F. Fairbanks, Good Housekeeping Magazine, 381 4th Ave., New York City.

G. R. BRAINARD
Attorney-at-Law
Solicits Your Law Business.

Will be in Almont [illegible] after September 18th.

Located at the Arena Office
Almont, N. Dak.

Have Your Auction Bills Printed at the Almont Arena Office.

Guard the Family Health

Health is often endangered by unsanitary cooking utensils. Physicians have found that cancer is caused by enamel ware chipping off and irritating the stomach.

If you have children or invalids in the family beware of cheap cooking utensils that crack, scale, peel off, tarnish and rust. Disease germs lurk in the worn places and there is further danger of tainting the food. Health is too precious to take risks with.

Be safe. Use

"1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Cooking Utensils

which are guaranteed for 15 years constant service and will never spoil food nor endanger health.

This new ware is featherweight, beautiful, easy to clean—does not tarnish nor rust. The slight extra cost is more than made up by long service and absolute safety.

Look For Trade mark on Every Piece

The Maltese cross with the words Pure Illinois "1892"-Aluminum—the original, insures that you get the genuine. There are imitations so be sure this trade mark is on every piece.

For Sale By

O. C. ELLINGSON

SECRET OF PASTORS' SUCCESS

Writer Is of Opinion That Proper Manner Has Much to Do With the Matter.

The reason why a good many ministers of fair ability are out of a job is because they do not want to visit, because they are looking for a church that will fit their own notions rather than trying to fit themselves to the needs of a church. It is true that a good many men do not know how to call, they do not know how to behave when they get into a house, they do not like it and will shirk it every chance they get. Yet calling is the secret of success in almost every parish today—not the same kind of calling in all places, but some kind in every place—and if our seminaries had wisdom they would fit their students to do their work in the best way, in the only way in which it can be done in the country at least. Give one year to sermon-making and three years to making gentlemen in the truest sense of that word. Thus send out men who can adapt themselves to the needs of the place where they are called, and can thus serve human souls, who, being as they are, want to be better. The problem of the country church is to be solved by the pastor rather than the preacher.—University Leader.

Suburban Sobriquets.

Everybody else had lived in the summer colony long enough to name his home for whatever tree or shrub grew most abundantly in the front or back yards. Up and down the road were cottages labeled the Elms, the Wistaria, the Lilacs, and so on through the horticultural guide book. The newcomer had no name for her house, but after studying the tactics for a week she took a survey of the premises and thenceforward dated her correspondence the Rhubarbs.

D. B. C. BOY PROMOTED.

E. M. Engle, who recently graduated from Dakota Business College of Fargo and was sent as bookkeeper and stenographer for the Russell-Miller Milling Co. of Mandan, has been made assistant manager. D. B. C. training prepares young men to "get to the front" and it is surprising how quickly they advance.

Roman Gossip.

Munny (the village banker)—What do you suppose the young follows in ancient Rome did to pass the time?

Phunny (the village philosopher)—Oh, I don't know. I suppose they used to hang around and talk about what a punk town Rome was.—Puck.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

His Idea.

"An Ahkound is the best man of his kind, isn't he pop?"

"I believe so, son."

"Then, pop, if I kill more flies than all the other fellows, I will be an Ahkound of Swat?"

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Suspicious Smoothness.

"Your motor boat is running very smoothly now."

"Yes, I think something's broken?"

When a woman calls for her husband to "come here a minute," he knows she has a two hours' job for him.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Fargo, N. D.

Dean Porridge Hot.

"Would you call soup an edible?"

"Yes, an audible edible."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The more a woman runs after a man the easier it is for her not to catch him.

ALL WOOL DRESS GOODS DIRECT FROM THE MILL

SAVE ONE-THIRD IN COST

and make your selection at home from a beautiful line of samples which we will send you free. We cut any length desired. 75c to $1.25 per yard.

TILTON WOOLEN MILL

100 MILL STREET, TILTON, N. H.

CAREY ACT land and water rights. Open to entry on Big Wood River Project in Southern Idaho. $0.50 per acre in 10 annual installments. Ample water supply guaranteed. IDAHO IRRIGATION CO., Richfield, Idaho.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package —other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Pettit's Eye Salve [illegible]

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-est references. Best results.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 39-1911.

Fargo Directory

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for sour cream. Price 30 cents this week. Prompt payment, honest test, guaranteed return of cans. FARGO ICE CREAM & CIDER COMPANY. Largest creamery in the northwest.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies. Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention. FARGO ROBB CO. Fargo, N. D.

SERIAL STORY

ELUSIVE ISABEL

By JACQUES FUTRELLE

Illustrations by M. KETTNER

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SYNOPSIS.

Count di Rosini, the Italian ambassador, is at dinner with diplomats when a messenger summons him to the embassy, where a beautiful young woman asks for a ticket to the embassy ball. The ticket is made out in the name of Miss Isabel Thorne. Chief Campbell of the secret service, and Mr. Grimm, his head detective, are warned that a plot is brewing in Washington, and Grimm goes to the state ball for information. His attention is called to Miss Isabel Thorne, who with her companion, disappears. A shot is heard and Senor Alvarez of the Mexican legation, is found wounded. Grimm is assured Miss Thorne did it; he visits her, demanding knowledge of the affair, and arrests Pietro Petrozinni. Miss Thorne visits an old bomb-maker, and they discuss a wonderful experiment. Fifty thousand dollars is stolen from the office of Senor Rodriguez, the minister from Venezuela, and while detectives are investigating the robbery Miss Thorne appears as a guest of the legation. Grimm accuses her of the theft; the money is restored but a new mystery occurs in the disappearance of Monsieur Boissegur the French ambassador. Elusive Miss Thorne reappears, bearing a letter which states that the ambassador has been kidnaped and demanding ransom. The ambassador returns and again strangely disappears. Later he is rescued from an old house in the suburbs. It is discovered that Pietro Petrozinni shot Senor Alvarez and that he is Prince d'Abruzzi. Grimm figures in a mysterious jail delivery. He orders both Miss Thorne and d'Abruzzi to leave the country.

CHAPTER XIX.

By Wireless.

They paused in the office, the three of them, and while Miss Thorne was giving some instructions as to her baggage the prince went over to the telegraph booth and began to write a message on a blank. Mr. Grimm appeared at his elbow

"No," he said

"Can't I send a telegram if I like?" demanded the prince sharply.

"No, nor a note, nor a letter, nor may you speak to any one," Mr. Grimm informed him quietly.

"Why, it's an outrage!" flamed the prince.

"It depends altogether on the viewpoint, your Highness," said Mr. Grimm courteously. "If you will pardon me I might suggest that it is needless to attract attention by your present attitude. You may—I say you may—compel me to humiliate you." The prince glared at him angrily. "I mean handcuff you," Mr. Grimm added gratuitously.

"Handcuff me?"

"I shouldn't hesitate, your Highness, if it was necessary."

After a moment Miss Thorne signified her readiness, and they started out. At the door Mr. Grimm stopped and turned back to the desk, as if struck by some sudden thought, leaving them together.

"Oh, Miss Thorne left a message for some one," Mr. Grimm was saying to the clerk. "She's decided it is unnecessary." He turned and glanced toward her, and the clerk's eyes followed his. "Please give it to me."

It was passed over without comment. It was a sealed envelope addressed to Mr. Charles Winthrop Hankin. Mr. Grimm glanced at the superscription, tore the envelope into bits and dropped it into a basket. A minute later he was assisting Miss Thorne and the prince into an automobile that was waiting in front. As the car moved away two other automobiles appeared from corners nearby and trailed along behind to the station. There a private compartment-car was in readiness for them.

It was a long, dreary ride—a ride of utter silence save for the roar and clatter of the moving train. Mr. Grimm, vigilant, implacable, sat at ease; Miss Thorne, resigned to the inevitable, whatever it might be, studied the calm, quiet face from beneath drooping lids; and the prince, sullen, scowling, nervously wriggled in his seat. Philadelphia was passed, and Trenton, and then the dawn began to break through the night. It was quite light when they rolled into Jersey City.

"I'm sorry for all the inconvenience I have caused," Mr. Grimm apologized to Miss Thorne as he assisted her to alight. "You must be exhausted."

"If it were only that!" she replied, with a slight smile. "And is it too early to ask where we are going?"

The prince turned quickly at the question.

"We take the Lusitania for Liverpool at ten o'clock," said Mr. Grimm obligingly. "Meanwhile let's get some coffee and a bite to eat."

"Are you going to make the trip with us?" asked the prince.

Mr. Grimm shrugged his shoulders.

Weary and spiritless they went aboard the boat, and a little while later they steamed out into the stream and threaded their way down the bay. Miss Thorne stood at the rail gazing back upon the city they were leaving. Mr. Grimm stood beside her; the prince, still sullen, still scowling, sat a dozen feet away.

"This is a wonderful thing you have done, Mr. Grimm," said Miss Thorne at last.

"Thank you," he said simply. "It was a destructive thing that you intended to do. Did you ever see a more marvelous thing than that?" and he indicated the sky-line of New York. "It's the most marvelous bit of mechanism in the world; the dynamo of the western hemisphere. You would have destroyed it, because in the world-war that would have been the first point of attack."

She raised her eyebrows, but was silent.

"Somehow," he went on after a moment, "I could never associate a woman with destructiveness, with wars and with violence."

"That is an unjust way of saying it," she interposed. And then, musingly: "Isn't it odd that you and —I standing here by the rail—have in a way held the destinies of the whole great earth in our hands? And how your remark makes me feel that you alone have stood for peace and the general good, and I for destruction and evil."

"I didn't mean that," Mr. Grimm said quickly. "You have done your duty as you saw it, and—"

"Failed!" she interrupted.

"And I have done my duty as I saw it."

"And won!" she added. She smiled a little sadly. "I think, perhaps you and I might have been excellent friends if it had not been for all this."

"I know we should have," said Mr. Grimm, almost eagerly. "I wonder if you will ever forgive me for—for—?"

"Forgive you?" she repeated. "There is nothing to forgive. One must do one's duty. But I wish it could have been otherwise."

The Statue of Liberty slid by, and Governor's Island and Fort Hamilton; then, in the distance, Sandy Hook light came into view.

"I'm going to leave you here," said Mr. Grimm, and for the first time there was a tense, strained note in his voice.

Miss Thorne's blue-gray eyes had grown mistily thoughtful; the words startled her a little and she turned to face him.

"It may be that you and I shall never meet again," Mr. Grimm went on.

"We will meet again," she said gravely. "When and where I don't know, but it will come."

"And perhaps then we may be friends?" He was pleading now.

"Why, we are friends now, aren't we?" she asked, and again the smile curled her scarlet lips "Surely we are friends, aren't we?"

"We are," he declared positively.

As they started forward a revenue cutter which had been hovering about Sandy Hook put toward them, flying

"Isn't It Odd That You and I—Standing Here by the Rail—Have, in a Way, Held the Destinies of the Whole Great Earth in Our Hands."

some signal at her masthead. Slowly the great boat on which they stood crept along, then the clang of a bell in the engine-room brought her to a standstill, and the revenue cutter came alongside.

"I leave you here," Mr. Grimm said again. "It's good-by."

"Good-by," she said softly. "Good-by, till we meet once more."

She extended both hands impulsively and he stood for an instant staring into the limpid gray eyes, then, turning, went below. From the revenue cutter he waved a hand at her as the great Lusitania, moving again, sped on her way. The prince joined Miss Thorne at the rail. The scowl was still on his face.

"And now what?" he demanded abruptly. "This man has treated us as if we were a pair of children."

"He's a wonderful man," she replied.

"That may be—but we have been fools to allow him to do all this."

Miss Thorne turned flatly and faced him

"We are not beaten yet," she said slowly. "If all things go well we —we are not beaten yet."

The Lusitania was rounding Montauk Point when the wireless brought her to half-speed with a curt message:

"Isabel Thorne and Pietro Petrozinni aboard Lusitania wanted on warrants charging conspiracy. Tug-boat will take them off, intercepting you beyond Montauk Point.

"CAMPBELL, Secret Service."

"What does that mean?" asked the prince, bewildered.

"It means that the compact will be signed in Washington in spite of Mr. Grimm," and there was the glitter of triumph in her eyes. "With the aid of one of the maids in the depot at Jersey City I managed to get a telegram of explanation and instruction to the Foe in New York, and this is the result. He signed Mr. Campbell's name, I suppose, to give weight to the message."

An hour later a tug-boat came alongside, and they went aboard.

CHAPTER XX.

The Light in the Dome.

From where he sat, in a tiny alcove which jutted out and encroached upon the line of the sidewalk, Mr. Grimm looked down on Pennsylvania Avenue, the central thread of Washington, ever changing, always brilliant, splashed at regular intervals with light from high-flung electric arcs. The early theater crowd was in the street; well dressed, well fed, careless for the moment of all things save physical comfort and amusement; automobiles, carriages, cabs, cars, flowed past endlessly; and yet Mr. Grimm saw naught of it. In the distance, at one end of the avenue, the dome of the capital cleft the shadows of night, and a single light sparkled at its apex; in the other direction, at the left of the treasury building which abruptly blocks the wide thoroughfare, were the shimmering windows of the White House.

Motionless, moody, thoughtful, Mr. Grimm sat staring, staring straight ahead, comprehending none of these things which lay before him as in a panorama. Instead, his memory was conjuring up a pair of subtle, blue-gray eyes, now pleading, now coquettish, now frankly defiant; two slim, white, wonderful hands; the echo of a pleasant, throaty laugh; a splendid, elusive, radiant-haired phantom. Truly, a woman of mystery! Who was this Isabel Thorne who, for months past, had been the storm-center and directing mind of a vast international intrigue which threatened the world with war? Who; this remarkable young woman who with ease and assurance commanded ambassadors and played nations as pawns?

Now that she was safely out of the country Mr. Grimm had leisure to speculate. Upon him had devolved the duty of blocking her plans, and he had done so—merciless alike of his own feelings and of hers. Hesitation or evasion had never occurred to him. It was a thing to be done, and he did it. He wondered if she had understood, there at the last beside the rail? He wondered if she knew the struggle it had cost him deliberately to send her out of his life? Or had even surmised that her expulsion from the country, by his direct act, was wholly lacking in the exaltation of triumph to him; that it struck deeper than that, below the listless, official exterior, into his personal happiness? And wondering, he knew that she did understand.

A silent shod waiter came and placed the coffee things at his elbow. He didn't heed. The waiter poured a demi-tasse, and inquiringly lifted a lump of sugar in the silver tongs. Still Mr. Grimm didn't heed. At last the waiter deposited the sugar on the edge of the fragile saucer, and moved away as silently as he had come. A newspaper which Mr. Grimm had placed on the end of the table when he sat down, rattled a little as a breeze from the open window caught it, then the top sheet slid off and fell to the floor. Mr. Grimm was still staring out of the window.

Slowly the room behind him was thinning of its crowd as the theater-bound diners went out in twos and threes. The last of these disappeared finally, and save for Mr. Grimm there were not more than a dozen persons left in the place. Thus for a few minutes, and then the swinging doors leading from the street clicked, and a gentleman entered. He glanced around, as if seeking a seat near a window, then moved along in Mr. Grimm's direction, between the rows of tables. His gaze lingered on Mr. Grimm for an instant, and when he came opposite he stooped and picked up the fallen newspaper sheet.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

FINE CHANCE FOR INVENTORS

Urgent Demand for Telephone Booth Sliding Door That Will Really Slide.

Inventors are requested by suffering New Yorkers to exercise their ingenuity on a telephone booth sliding door that will really slide. Heading the petition is the name of a woman who had a curious experience in a drug store booth.

"There are two booths in that store side by side," she said. "They are about as big as match boxes and are open at the top so when there is a lull in street noises the conversation in one can be heard in the other. One day when listening to a long and interesting communication from the friend I had called up, I heard a man in the adjoining box ask for the number of our own telephone up town. Presently he said: 'Can't you get them, Central?' Of course Central couldn't get us, for I learned afterward that not even the maid was home, so he rang off and left the booth.

"I was most anxious to detain him and learn his message. I insulted my friend for life by saying: 'I can't listen to any more now,' but might just as well have let her finish, for I couldn't get out of that booth. I pulled and tugged at the door, but it wouldn't budge. Finally a drug clerk let me out, but the man had gone away by that time and I don't know to this day who he was or what he wanted to tell us. Imagine having to go through life with a mystery like that unsolved! The telephone company cannot equip their booths with movable doors too soon, I think."

Land of Small Farms.

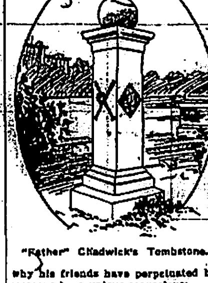
Egypt's land is for the most part divided up into small holdings of from half an acre to five acres.

HAS MANY OLD TOMBSTONES

Greenwood Cemetery in Brooklyn Contains Some Strange and Very Unique Monuments.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—There are fashions in tombstones as well as in everything else, and some of the strangest and most unique monuments can be found in the famous Greenwood cemetery, Brooklyn. One of the best known of these is the one erected to "Billy" West.

There are many who remember "Billy" West of Primrose & West fame. As a chaser of frowns and sighs he rivaled Lew Dockstader, literally provoking the pessimist to forget his woes and smile with him. That is



"Father" Chadwick's Tombstone.

why his friends have perpetuated his memory by a unique mausoleum.

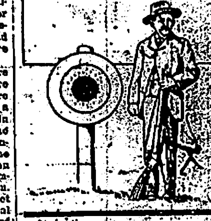
Passersby are sure to be attracted by the pretentious monument, and those who pause will see a number of curious symbols, all of which have reference to some phase in the minstrel's life. Over the granite entrance is inscribed the name which tells whose body lies therein. The monument itself is surmounted by a life-like bust of the minstrel. All the carvings are symbolic of the muse he served—the Goddess of Music herself. There are the bones and castanets and banjo; there is the mask of mirth; there is the seat of minstrelsy—empty, to be sure, for "Billy" West is no more. Within this inclosure, too, are the signs of several fraternal orders to which the minstrel belonged.

In striking contrast to the simplicity which characterizes another section of Greenwood is a pretentious marble slab surmounted by a huge baseball. Two bronze bats crossed over a baseball glove on one side of the monument tell their story. Evidently friends who erected the monument realized that no other eulogy or epitaph was needed, and the small bronze nameplate facing the low mound bears the simple inscription: "In Memoriam, Henry Chadwick, Father of Baseball. Born October, 1824. Died April 20, 1908." This bronze tablet is in the shape of a baseball diamond. In the center of the inscription is a quill and fountain pen, in memory of his being sporting editor of the Brooklyn Daily Eagle from the early days of the quill until the advent of the fountain pen. His signature, "Old Chalk," was much beloved by baseball enthusiasts, who watched daily for more than a quarter of a century for his reports. The marble sphere surmounting the monument signifies more than a prosaic baseball; it is a sphere of the globe symbolizing the world in which once lived and moved the "Father of Baseball."

CHALLENGES ALL MARKSMEN

Aged Rifleman Who Will Shoot With Any Man Within Ten Years of His Age.

Denver, Colo.—John P. Lower, aged 78, and known to all Colorado pioneers, celebrated the sixty-first anniversary of his apprenticeship in the gun business recently. This photo was taken on his sixtieth birthday, when he put fifty consecutive shots



An Expert Marksman.

into a twenty-three inch space at 200 yards in twenty minutes.

"My hand is still steady," he said the other day, "and I will challenge any man within ten years of my age to shoot with me. I have a score of medals, but I want some more."

Mule's Greed Cost Its Life.

York, Pa.—The greed of a mule owned by Leo Hollinger, chief of the Middletown fire department, brought the animal to an untimely end. Hollinger found it hanging over the partition separating its stall from the main barn floor, strangled to death by its hitching strap. The sight of an open feed bin close by is believed to have tempted the mule to leap over the partition.

SHE GOT WHAT SHE WANTED

This Woman Had to Insist Strongly, but it Paid

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered from a female weakness and stomach trouble, and I went to the store to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but the clerk did not want to let me have it—he said it was no good and wanted me to try something else, but knowing all about it I insisted and finally got it, and I am so glad I did, for it has cured me.

"I know of so many cases where women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I can say to every suffering woman if that medicine does not help her, there is nothing that will."—Mrs. JANZYSKI, 2963 Arch St., Chicago, Ill.

This is the age of substitution, and women who want a cure should insist upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound just as this woman did, and not accept something else on which the druggist can make a little more profit.

Women who are passing through this critical period or who are suffering from any of those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of the fact that for thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills. In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

THE DECEIVER.

Sergeant—Ah! Take Murphy's name for talkin' in the ranks.

Corporal—Wy, sergeant, 'e weren't talkin'.

Sergeant—Wasn't 'e? Well, cross it bout and put 'im in the guard room for deceivin' me.—The Tattler.

Cause of the Excitement.

The sons of the rich were all enthusiastically following some one down the street.

"What's up?" somebody asked.

A rather more accommodating young nabob than the others turned around.

"Do you see that tall fellow up front?" he asked.

"Yes."

"Well," he said, "he's discovered a new way to spend money."

Needed at Home.

Brown—That is the worst behaved kid I ever saw. Do you know his parents.

Jones—His father is one of those scientific management experts.—Puck.

Some men never reach the top because the elevator isn't running.

Easy Breakfast!

A bowl of crisp

Post Toasties

and cream—

the thing's done!

Appetizing

Nourishing

Convenient

Ready to serve right out of the package.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

SILENCE IS GOLDEN.

Mrs. Ruley—Poor dear, he hasn't said a word for three weeks.

Dr. Bull-Frog—Well, you don't want him to croak, do you?—Exchange.

Buying Legislators in Jobiota.

One day, writes Sloane Gordon in Success Magazine, a former member of the Ohio house displayed, inadvertently, a large roll of bills in the Neil house lobby. A fellow member stared in awe at the show of wealth.

"I just sold a drove of hogs," explained the former member rather hastily and confusedly.

The observing one was thoughtful. He did not reply for the half-minute usually essential to the full-measured beat of his mental processes. And then—

"Yaas," he drawled, "and I'll bet I'm one of them hawgs."

Plenty of Biz.

"How is your son, the young doctor, making out?"

"First rate, since he learned to adapt himself to circumstances. He started out to be a lung specialist, but he's a green apple specialist now."

FOOD AGAIN

A Mighty Important Subject to Every One.

A Boston lady talks entertainingly of food and the changes that can be made in health by some knowledge on that line. She says:

"An injury to my spine in early womanhood left me subject to severe sick headaches which would last three or four days at a time, and a violent course of drugging brought on constipation with all the ills that follow.

"My appetite was always light and uncertain and many kinds of food distressed me.

"I began to eat Grape-Nuts food two or three years ago, because I liked the taste of it, and I kept on because I soon found it was doing me good.

"I eat it regularly at breakfast, frequently at luncheon, and again before going to bed—and have no trouble in sleeping on it. It has relieved my constipation, my headaches have practically ceased, and I am in better physical condition at the age of 63 than I was at 40.

"I give Grape-Nuts credit for restoring my health, if not saving my life, and you can make no claim for it too strong for me to endorse." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

NO CHANCE FOR RECIPROCITY

LAURIER'S LIBERAL GOVERNMENT COMPLETELY SWEPT OFF ITS FEET.

RESULT A GREAT SURPRISE

Conservative Majorities Are Everywhere Overwhelming, While the Liberals Barely Carry Their Few Districts.

Montreal.—Seven Liberal cabinet ministers defeated and a Liberal majority of 43 changed to a Conservative majority of 50—such is the result of the parliamentary elections in Canada. Reciprocity is dead.

The results with a few of the distant constituencies estimated, were:

Province.	Lib	Conservatives	Ltbs.
Ontario	13		79
Quebec	36		27
Nova Scotia	9		2
New Brunswick	8		5
Prince Edward Island	2		2
Manitoba	1		9
Saskatchewan	7		3
Alberta	6		1
British Columbia	0		6
Total	82		132

Opposition majority, 50.

The Liberals lost ground practically in every province of the Dominion. Where they won, their majorities were small. Where the Conservatives won, their majorities were tremendous. Ontario, the leading province of Canada, declared almost unanimously against the administration and reciprocity.

Robert L. Borden, leader of the Conservative party, shortly will become the prime minister of Canada. He will be supported in parliament by a working majority of members for more than ample for his purposes.

Fast Not to Be Introduced.

The government defeat means that the Fielding-Knox reciprocity agreement, ratified by the American congress in extra session, will not be introduced when the twelfth parliament assembles next month, and that a revised basis of trade with the United States, looking to closer commercial relations, will not be possible in the immediate future. The Conservatives are committed to a policy of trade expansion within the empire and a closed door against the United States.

Although reelected in two constituencies in Quebec, the defeat of the Liberal party also means the retirement from public life of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who for nearly two decades has directed the destinies of the Dominion. Several times during the bitter campaign the venerable premier said that defeat of his party at the polls meant the end of his career; that he never would consent to lead a minority in opposition to a Conservative government.

A Liberal membership of 55 from Quebec was cut down to 36, which, taken alone, seriously threatened the supremacy of the party. But it was in Ontario that the Conservatives won their greatest victories.

Spurred on by appeals to patriotism and the cry that reciprocity was the entering wedge for annexation, the Conservatives swept nearly everything before them. Ontario, which in the last parliament was represented by 26 Liberals and 51 Conservatives, will send a delegation to the next one composed of 13 Liberals and 77 Conservatives. A notable feature of the defeat was the opposition's capture of two hitherto Liberal seats in Saskatchewan.

Landslide Is Unexpected.

The land slide was not expected by either side. The Liberals were confident that they would be returned by the people with an increased majority, for they believed that reciprocity would be most acceptable to the Canadian electors. While the Conservatives claimed that they would have a majority, they did not expect that it would be so large or that the general verdict of the country would be given so decisively against the government.

They feared that reciprocity would prove popular with the farmers of Ontario and the farmers and fishermen of the maritime provinces, and, while confident that they would win the cities, they were dubious as to the result in rural constituencies. However, in Ontario especially, the agricultural vote went almost solidly against reciprocity, and in the maritime provinces it did not prove to be the popular issue expected.

The farmers and fishermen of the East do not appear to have placed the high value upon the American market which was anticipated. While Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the prime minister, was safe in two counties, it was not in his own county, where he was defeated by a majority of 500 votes. Three other members of the government were also defeated in their own counties.

Boy Fixing Target Is Killed.

Moose Lake.—While Floyd Ireland, aged 16 years, son of H. Ireland of this village, was adjusting a target lat which he and companions were about to shoot, Victor King, aged 14 years, who held a small rifle, accidentally discharged the gun and the Ireland boy was shot dead. The King boy ran to the village, a half mile from the scene of the shooting, and reported the accident. Medical aid was sent at once, but it was found that the bullet had entered the Ireland boy's back, causing instant death.

SOME OPINIONS OF RESULT.

William H. Taft: I am greatly disappointed. I had hoped that reciprocity would be put through to prove the correctness of my judgment that it would be a good thing for both countries. It takes two to make a bargain, and, if Canada declines, we can still go on doing business at the old stand.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier: I gladly lay down the premiership, a burden which I have carried for 15 years. We believed that in making the reciprocity arrangement we had done something which would be greatly to the benefit of the people of Canada. The electors have declared otherwise, and now to their decision. I regret that we have been unable to carry reciprocity, which I still believe would have promoted the material advancement of Canada and would have promoted the growing friendship between the United States and Great Britain. However, the country has spoken. We must bow to the inevitable, and I cheerfully do so.

Robert Laird Borden, leader of the Conservatives: In rejecting reciprocity, Canada has expressed her faith in the development of Canada, which she has pursued for many years. The government, without mandate from the people, undertook to reverse that policy and upon submitting its action to the people, was defeated. The verdict was in no wise dictated by any spirit of unfriendliness to the great neighboring republic. No such spirit exists. It is my conception that friendly relations can best be maintained if each country preserves complete and entire control over its own tariff and enters into no entangling agreements which might impair and affect that control.

James J. Hill — Reciprocity should have won in Canada because it would have been a good thing for that country. It would also have been a good thing for the United States. Its benefits to both countries cannot be fully realized by many. Canada, next to England, is our best customer. Last year we sold to Canada about $30 per capita of her population and she paid back to us in trade $20 per capita of her population. That the proposition did not win in Canada perhaps is due to the fact that there were people there who do not see merits in the measure, or perhaps there were some in that country and in our own who were indifferent to the general welfare of the two countries. As to whether the reciprocity pact will prejudice the re-election of President Taft, I do not wish to be quoted.

Conservatives made a great harvest of ministerial heads; thirteen members of the Laurier cabinet sought re-election and seven of them were defeated.

Makers of Pact Defeated.

Minister of Finance Fielding and Minister of Customs Patterson, who made the reciprocity bargain with the United States, failed to win their elections. Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia; MacKenzie King, minister of labor, Sidney Fisher, minister of agriculture; George P. Graham, minister of railways, and William Templeman, minister of inland revenue, also went down to defeat.

The ministers who survive the landslide are William Pugsley, of New Brunswick, minister of public works; Charles Murphy of Ontario, secretary of state, Frank Oliver of Alberta, minister of the interior; Premier Laurier; Rudolphe Lemieux, minister of marine and fisheries, and Dr. H. S. Beland, postmaster general in the province of Quebec.

The splendid majority of followers obtained by R. L. Borden in the English provinces will make him practically independent of the French nationalist group, for he has a working majority without them. The effect of this will be to minimize greatly the Nationalist party, which Henri Bourassa has been creating for eight years past.

The result of the election works so complete a disorganization of the Liberals that the Conservatives probably will remain in office for many years before their authority can be seriously challenged. The former Conservative government held office for 18 years and the Laurier government, which has just been turned out, followed with 15 years of power.

The verdict is looked upon as a triumph for the cause of protection and a victory for the manufacturers of Canada, who openly and avowedly were opposing the government because they feared the removal of duties upon natural products would be followed by an attack upon the protection which Canadian manufacturers have enjoyed for many years.

Laurier Expected to Resign.

Ottawa.—The result was a complete surprise to both parties in Canada's capital. The Liberals expected a victory, the Conservatives did not hope for the landslide which occurred in their favor.

It is expected that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the premier, will tender to Governor General Earl Grey his resignation within the next two weeks, although that is required to do so until 43 received by an adverse vote in the house.

Three Girls Drown.

Bayfield, Wisconsin.—Mary Henderson, Rose Perton and Ellen Lindberg, all between the ages of 16 and 19, were drowned at Houghton, Wis., three miles from here. Annie Henderson, another member of the party, was the only one to reach shore. They were out in a canoe when it was, in some manner, overturned about 300 feet from the land. All four could swim, but the distance was too great for all but Annie Henderson. The other three were found about twelve feet from shore.

BIG DEVIL'S TOWER

Rock Is One of Uncle Sam's National Monuments.

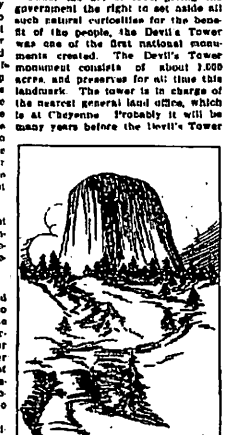
Gigantic Stone Stake Upward 1,250 Feet From the Level Plain and Is a Landmark Visible for Many Miles.

Denver, Colo.—Under the act "for the preservation of American antiquities" the United States government has become custodian of many remarkable attractions, which have been grouped under the head of national monuments, and none of these is more wonderful than the little-known Devil's Tower in northern Wyoming.

The Devil's Tower is a gigantic rock, 1,250 feet high, rising sheer from the level plain. No doubt it is the product of long ages of wind and water erosion. It can be seen for hundreds of miles on all sides, as it is in a plains country. The rock would be remarkable even if it were in a broken and rugged country, but rising as it does from the open prairie, and standing like a lone sentinel amid the vast and silent plains, its weird effect is incalculably heightened.

The Sioux, Cheyennes and Crows, who made the country surrounding the Devil's Tower, their hunting ground in early days, have many legends about this strange rock. In later years, when the venturesome white men began to push across the northern plains, they utilized the Devil's Tower as a guide post. The landmark, looming up on the prairie, served to enlighten many an emigrant as to his whereabouts.

Under the act of 1906, giving the government the right to set aside all such natural curiosities for the benefit of the people, the Devil's Tower was one of the first national monuments created. The Devil's Tower monument consists of about 1,000 acres, and preserves for all time this landmark. The tower is in charge of the nearest general land office, which is at Cheyenne. Probably it will be many years before the Devil's Tower



The Devil's Tower.

is generally visited. At present it is many miles from a railroad and few people visit it in the course of a year. Those who make the trip, which is usually done from the little northern Wyoming town of Hundance, feel amply repaid for their visit.

As one approaches the Devil's Tower his amazement and awe increase. It seems incredible that any forces of nature could have carved the solitary monument that rears its head so far above the brown plains. The sides of the tower rise sheer from the ground, its sides of limestone being fluted, giving it an almost organ-like appearance. The rock presents the same appearance from every side, and to scale it seems to be an impossibility. It is said that a few years ago a man and woman successfully negotiated the ascent of the Devil's Tower, but they were compelled to drive iron spikes in the face of the cliff and mount by such artificial aids. To ascend the tower without the use of some such means would be an impossibility.

It is not unlikely that, in the course of a year or two the government will send an official expedition to the top of the Devil's Tower monument, and that stairways and ladders to the summit will be constructed. Surveys have been made and it is not impossible to build a series of ladders and stairways by which the venturesome may reach the top of the rock.

The Indian legends concerning the Devil's Tower are many. The plain tribes all regarded the rock with superstitious awe and the medicine men ascribed its construction to the powers of darkness. Probably this view has been school by the white men in christening the rock the Devil's Tower.

Indian legends add not a little to the interest surrounding the Devil's Tower. Occasionally the rock is visited by Indians from adjoining reservations, the Crows and Cheyennes being located about 200 miles westward, while the Sioux stop at the tower every year on their way from their agencies in the Dakotas to attend the Crow Indian fair at Crow Agency. Old men and white quite in regarding the great rock with awe, and pioneers, who remember the Indians when they crossed the plains, say that the superstition has preserved this great lithic monument for the benefit of posterity.

WHEN CUPID WAS OFF DUTY

Lover's Bad Cold That Led to Most Unfortunate Misunderstanding With Girl.

"Sweet was the kiss, low was the gas; it was the evening she expected him to put across the big question.

He did not look well. Something seemed to be troubling him. He tried to say something, but the words stuck in his throat, and the girl, noticing this, turned the gas even lower.

Suddenly he turned to her and cried, "I'm a dub!"

"No," she said, fondly. "You don't appreciate yourself as well as some others do, perhaps. Too bad!"

"Yes," he persisted stubbornly. "I'm a dub!"

"No," she maintained.

"Yes," he almost shouted, "I'm a dub!"

She was a sensible girl, and so, realizing that he ought to know best, she thanked him kindly for warning her in time and handed him his hat. It was only after the door slammed behind him forever that she realized the awful truth.

He had contracted a nasty cold, and what he had been trying to say was, "I'm in love!"

HANDS BURNED LIKE FIRE

"I can truthfully say Cuticura Remedies have cured me of four long years of eczema. About four years ago I noticed some little pimples coming on my little finger, and not giving it any attention, it soon became worse and spread all over my hands. If I would have them in water for a long time, they would burn like fire and large cracks would come. I could lay a pin in them. After using all the salves I could think of, I went to three different doctors, but all did me no good. The only relief I got was scratching.

"So after hearing so much about the wonderful Cuticura Remedies, I purchased one complete set, and after using them three days my hands were much better. Today my hands are entirely well, one set being all I used." (Signed) Miss Rita Navlor, R. F. D. 2, Spring Lake, Mich., Sept. 26, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 2 L, Boston.

Only a Mouse.

"The modern woman isn't a bluff," asserted Mrs. Gobbolink, looking up from her newspaper. "This suffrage movement has more in it than mere ideas. The new woman is brave and fearless. Here is a story of a woman up in Canada who killed a mouse. It seems that she—"

"Impossible!" interjected Mr. Gobbolink. "There must be some mistake—read it again."

Mrs. Gobbolink searched out the paragraph and then blushed vividly. "How stupid of me," she stammered. "I did make a mistake. It wasn't a mouse she killed—nothing but a moose."

Folly of Vain Regrets.

The late John W. Gates, an incurable optimist, harped continually on the futility of pessimism. One of Mr. Gates's epigrams, still quoted on the Chicago Stock Exchange, ran:

"He who nurses foolish hopes may be an ass, but he is not such an ass as he who nurses vain regrets."

TOMMY MURPHY.

The great horseman who is winning most of the big races for Tom Dwyer with that farm horse, "Tommy Murphy," says: "SLOAN'S DISTEMPER CURE is the best remedy for all forms of Distemper and coughs I have ever known. I have used it a number of years. My druggists so send to manufacturers." Sold and it is Sold by Medical Co., Chemists, Boston, Inc. U. S. A.

Play It or Raise It.

A German composer has written an altisonant piece of music called "Hell." There will be any number of people in this country able to play it at a glance.—Houston Post.

The Pure Food Law stopped the sale of hundreds of fraudulent medicines. They could not stand investigation. "Hamlins Wizard Oil has stood the test of investigation for nearly sixty years.

Few of us can do more than one thing well. Many a man who has the difficulty in making money is a normal failure in a spender.

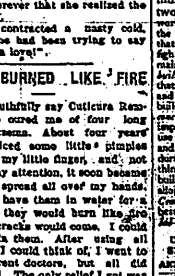
Cement Talk No. 7

Newspapers print nearly every day the story of some *fire disaster* involving the complete destruction of great property values and sometimes the loss of human lives. The annual fire losses of the United States are measured by the millions; in fact, it is stated that over two hundred and fifty million dollars worth of property was wiped out by fire in the United States last year. While it is true that the precautions to prevent fire and fire fighting systems are often inadequate, the main trouble lies in *flimsy, non-fireproof building construction*. Experience has proved that fireproof construction is both practicable and economical. In some industries fireproof building is compelled by law. Reinforced concrete has come to the front as the most important agent in building against fire. The use of cement in building is becoming more and more common, due to its fireproofness, durability and economy. When building anything from the back porch steps to an office building, concrete construction may be safely adopted. The use of *Universal Portland Cement* in the concrete will insure some of the best quality possible to manufacture. *Universal* is handled everywhere by the best dealers.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,500,000 BARRELS

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes. Largest in variety, finest in quality, most in demand, best value.



GIFT BOX—The only ladies' shoe polishing outfit with a reputation. Contains Dandy Quick Shine and Whittemore's Creme and Cloth. Beautiful box and cloth. Retails for 50c.

DANDY—A combination for cleaning and polishing black shoes. Quick shine, no rubbing.

ELITE—A combination for patent leather, whether old or new, dull or shiny. Quick shine, no rubbing. Comes in handy bottle with a brush in the cork. Retails for 25c.

If your dealer does not handle the line you want, send us his name and 25c for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
93-99 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Make the Liver Do Its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel the liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL SMALL DOSE SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

For Ulcers, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Blood Poisoning, Abscesses, Tumors, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Sore Nipples, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Bites of Insects, Poisons, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Sore Lungs, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Gout, Sore Feet, Sore Joints, Sore Muscles, Sore Chest, Sore Back, Sore Limbs, Sore Stomach, Sore Bowels, Sore Kidneys, Sore Bladder, Sore Rectum, Sore Anus, Sore Nose, Sore Head, Sore Ears, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Sore Lungs

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United States Commissioner

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Almont, - - North Dakota.

[illegible] for

Your Products

[illegible] handiwork at the

[illegible] Land & Irrigation Exposition

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[illegible] Garden New York City

[illegible] the Farmers and Fruit-growers of the [illegible] where the Real Goods come from!

[illegible] List of Prizes:

For Best 25 [illegible] any varieties	$ 500 in Gold
For Best [illegible] Wheat grown in U. S.	$1,000 Gold Cup
For Best [illegible] Wheat grown [illegible] No. A. [illegible] America	$1,000 in Gold
For Best [illegible] U. S.	$1,000 Cup
For Best [illegible] Oats grown in U. S.	$1,000 Cup
For Best Alfalfa [illegible]	$1,000 Cup
For Best [illegible] grown in U. S.	$1,000 Cup
For B[illegible]	$1,000 Cup
For B[illegible] U. S.	$1,000 Cup
[illegible]	$1,500 Cup

[illegible] detailed information about [illegible] for displays of [illegible] acres of Mon[illegible] by the

Northern Pacific Ry.

G. W. Forsland. Local Agent.

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If [illegible] a ***square deal***, call on us we ARE there with the GOODS!

We are dealers in all kinds of building material, Farm Machinery, Harness and Strap-work. Case Plows, harrows & cultivators. Acme mowers, binders and rakes, Hodge and Crave[illegible] [illegible] Grain Drills.

[illegible] Manager. Almont, N. D.

FRUIT! FRUIT!

Leave your orders for canning.

[illegible] all kinds of [illegible] Confectionery, Etc.

[illegible] Records for your Phonograph [illegible]

[illegible] Store,

Almont, North Dakota.

[illegible] & Sale Stable

[illegible] BIRD, Proprietor.

Almont - North Dakota.

The [illegible] and Rigs and [illegible] Drivers.

Horses [illegible] and Sold.

North Dakota News Notes

Mandan.—A new lodge of Elks will be organized in Mandan Oct. 14, with the Jamestown lodge in charge.

Dickinson.—German and Hungarian farmers south of this city have organized the German-Hungarian Telephone company.

Bantry.—Authorities of [illegible] county are searching for men accused of having set fire to the Layton school near here, under course of construction.

Mandan.—With only two or three more weeks required to complete the north line of the Northern Pacific as far as Sanger, local residents are extremely optimistic.

Fairmount.—According to the 1911 school census, Richland county ranks fourth in the state with a school population of 6,620, an increase of 364 over last year. Cass county leads with a total of 9,319

Grafton.—Governor John Burke and many prominent officials of the North Dakota national guard will be in Grafton when the dedication of the Company C armory takes place. The exact date for the event has not been fixed as yet.

Dickinson.—The Lutheran congregation celebrated its first mission festival with an elaborate program. Rev. Messrs. Kretzschmar of Wilmot, S. D., H. Feloriag of Fergus Falls, and P. L. Kluender of Ellendale, N. D., were the principal speakers.

Bismarck. — James McCarty was found guilty of escaping from the penitentiary and was given a sentence of eighteen months. The evidence showed that he was working outside the prison walls and deliberately walked away, and as prisoners are not supposed to follow the lines of least resistance when they lead to liberty, McCarty was adjudged guilty of the offense for which he stood charged.

Stanley.—The store at Manitou was robbed, the cash drawer being taken out, which was found later with the money and several notes and checks missing. The checks and notes were found later near the premises but the money was missing. The same evening James Borner who has been working in that vicinity was suspected and was placed under arrest by Deputy Sheriff Evind Tweeten and brought to Stanley. The evidence against Borner is pretty strong and besides he has made some damaging admissions that tends to connect him with the crime. The amount of money taken is not large.

Minot.—Amos Hermanson, who was arrested two years ago for pigging, was turned over to Sheriff Ed Kelly to start serving his sentence. The prisoner was sentenced Nov. 22, 1909, to serve six months in the county jail and pay a fine and costs aggregating $800, by Judge Davis of the county court. The case was appealed to the supreme court but the appeal was dismissed and the judgment of the county court affirmed June 1. Hermanson was delivered to the sheriff and immediately started to serve his sentence. In default of paying the $800 fine and costs, he will be compelled to serve an additional six months, which will make his sentence exactly one year.

Bismarck.—The library commission is receiving so many inquiries concerning laws passed at the last session that Mrs. Budlong has found it necessary to have digests prepared for circulation. Iver Acker, legislative reference librarian, has just finished summaries of the juvenile court law and of the board of control bill. Sveinbjorn Johnson is at work compiling the North Dakota laws pertaining to women and children. These digests will be of very great assistance to the sixty federated clubs which are studying state laws this year. Typewritten copies of the summaries will be sent them until such time as the material can be printed for general distribution.

Mercer.—Is Brush lake a government body of water and if so, how far back from the water edge does the government own the land? This question has been the cause of no little trouble and has never been settled to the satisfaction of different parties. A party of hunters appeared on the lake and were shooting ducks when they were ordered off by H. R. D. Bentley, who owns most of the land surrounding the lake, but the boys contended that as long as they were at the water's edge of the lake they were not on Bentley's land, and refused to vacate. The next morning Bentley appeared before Judge Sperry and demanded warrants for their arrest, charging them with trespassing. The gentlemen appeared in court and entered a plea of not guilty. H. Von Fredenberg appeared for the defense and moved that the case be dismissed for the reason that the complaint did not specify where the offense was committed, the motion was granted and thus ended the case. It is possible that Bentley will carry the case to a higher court in order to ascertain whether or not he owns the land along the shore.

New Salem. The new machinery in the plant of the Dakota Coal Products Co. at this place has been installed and is now in working order. The [illegible] and the mine are lighted by [illegible] machine has been placed [illegible] will be in [illegible] days. Last [illegible] fifteen cars [illegible] supplying the local [illegible] The output will be greatly [illegible] when the new machinery [illegible] The com[illegible] to furnish [illegible] institutions

FRED HOLRITZ & SONS,

Almont, - - No. Dakota

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General Merchandise

Hats
Caps,
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Overalls,
Jackets,
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Fancy and Staple Groceries.

Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs.

Yours for More Business

Don't Rent.

? ? ? ? ?

We will sell you land cheaper than you can rent. If you are ambitious and willing to work the land we will sell you a good quarter on crop payments. You get one half of the crop and the other half you apply on the purchase price of the land. It's just like renting land excepting that when you have raised so much grain you get a Warranty Deed to the land and it is yours, while if you rent you rent you get nothing but a receipt and a chance to move to another rented place. If we did'nt have faith in our land we could'nt and would'nt sell it in this way. Write to us for further particulars.

North Star Investment Company.

Office at Farmers State Bank.

Almont, North Dakota