THE ALMONT ARENA

VOLUME II. NUMBER 18. ALMONT, MORTON COUNTY, NORTH DAKOTA, SATURDAY APRIL 22ND, 1911 ESTABLISHED DECEMBER, 21st

C. H. Chase Lumber Co.

Almont & Lark, N. Dak.

Dealers In

All Kinds of Building Material and Grain. **The Old Reliable** that always gives you a **Square Deal.**

REMEMBER THIS! If you are looking for building material, We Have the GOODS, the Best there is and at the **lowest** price obtainable.

Grain **Grain**

We pay the Highest Market Price All the Time

Come in and see us.

E. W. Hyde, Manager at Almont. F. W. Wagner Manager at Lark, N. D.

N. E. BECKUND, Cashier G. H. ANDERSON, Ass't Cash.

Farmers State Bank

CAPITAL $10,000.00

Almont, North Dakota

This bank has the organization and the connections to enable it to be of service to every one within its territory and on these grounds solicits your business, promising in return fair and courteous treatment and the best terms that are consistant with sound banking.

We make farm loans. Insurance in reliable companies. Five per cent interest paid on time deposits. Interest compounded semi-annually.

CITY MEAT MARKET

J. N. Sharff, Proprietor.

Fresh and salt meats, poultry and fish. We buy hides and pelts.

We ask you to give us a trial, as we believe if you try our market you will continue to trade with us. We try to please our customers.

MANDAN MERCANTILE CO.

If you want a **square deal**, call on us we ARE there with the GOODS!

We are dealers in all kinds of building material, Farm Machinery, Harness and Strap-work. Case Plows, harrows & cultivators. Acme mowers, binders and rakes. Hodge and Craver headers. Hoosier Grain Drills.

C. P. Bergland, Manager. Almont, N. D.

Go and See

E. E. TEMPLETON

For Lands, Homestead Relinquishments Final Proofs, Contests, Fire Ins. and Collections

Almont, - N. Dak

U. S. COMMISSIONER FOR ALMONT.

United States District Judge Appointed Well Known Almont Business Man To Important Office.--Benfits Merchant and Homesteader Alike.

For several years considerabe hardship has been worked upon the homesteader of this section of the Bismarck Land Office, when they desired to make final proof upon their claims, by being compelled to go to Bismarck or Mandan. This has usually taken from three to four days on account of the train service and the distance the claim is from the railroad, and these have necessarily created an expense the people holding down homesteads, could ill afford. This has been changed by Judge Amidon of the United States District Court, who, on Monday at Fargo, appointed Mr. G. H. Anderson United States Commissioner for the Bismarck Land Office.

Mr. G. H. Anderson

The new commissioner needs no introduction to the people of Almont and the territory adjacent. He has been a resident of the town since its inception and has been identified with every movement made to promote the growth of the town and community.

For several years he has, without profit to himself whatsoever, assisted the people who have desired to make proof on their claims, in helping them prepare the preliminary papers. And his ability to speak German, Norsk and English will be a great benefit in conducting the work of the office. It also makes it possible for the people to prove up right here in Almont.

It has been ascertained that for a man to make proof on his land, when proof is made in Mandan or Bismarck, beside the regular fees, there is an additional expense for carfare, witnesses time and hotel bills on an average of $75. This feature is largely done away with by this appointment, and the money hitherto spent at Bismarck and other places, will be spent with the home merchants for necessaries. It has been conservatively estimated that $10,000 a year will be saved to the people of Almont and vicinity by this appointment.

(Continued on last page.)

Fraud Charged In School Election.

Stuffing Ballot Box Is Claim.

Repetition of Illegal Act Will Result in Investigation and Prosecution—DeVaul People Resent Such Actions.

A well authenticated report alleging illegal voting and stuffing the ballot box by partisans at the recent election held in the Cryderman school for ascertaining the desire of the patrons of the school in regard to changing the location.

Feeling is running high and tho no steps have been taken to apprehend the offenders, but if there is an attempt to repeat the fraudulent voting at the election held next week the people of DeVaul & vicinity will eliminate the perpetrators of the fraud.

Hanna Is Against Pact

Congressman L. B. Hanna in an able, succinct and forcible speech a days ago, espoused the cause of the agriculturist, and showed up the fallacies and specious arguments of the supporters of the Reciprocity agreement. His speech is one of ablest delivered against the measure of the measure. It is too long to reproduce so those desiring a fund of information on this subject can obtain it by writting for it.

Almont Means "Opportunity"

Recent Sales of Land Is Proof

Messrs. West, Jones and Rowe of Madison, Wisconsin, were in this place the first of the week and purchased of W. G. Clark, several hundred acres of land which they intend to improve during the coming summer. These gentlemen are well posted regarding the conditions and advantages the various places thruout the state, and it is a matter of great satisfaction to the people of Almont to have others recognize the advantages of our little town and confirm the assertions of our local people who claim and can prove that "Almont is another name for OPPORTUNITY."

Further confirmation of this is that the Western Securities Land Co. thru its representative, W. G. Clark, has sold since Jan. 1st. has sold over 11,000 acres of land, near Almont.

Another proof of the well recognized values of land around Almont is the demand for this land. Many are adding to their holdings, and are inducing their friends and relatives to come and investigate. Investigation means buying in nine out of ten cases.

The Farmers State Bank has sold several thousand acres of land during the last three months, and by isolated or private sale probably 5000 acres have changed hands

Formaldehyde

2000 lbs Just Arrived. Don't take the chance of **spoiling** your crop by using an **inferior** grade of formaldehyde.

Ours is guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drug Law by Prof. E. F. Ladd.

All our Drugs and Patent Medicines are **fresh and full strength.**

It will be to your interest to patronize the

Almont Pharmacy.

J. W. Hurley, Prop. Almont, No. Dakota

The First State Bank of Almont, N. D.

Capital & Surplus $11,000.00

You want YOUR VALUABLES to be safe too. Then come rent a safety deposit vault. It will be the cheapest insurance you can get, and will insure you not only against burglars but against fire. We will gladly show you our vaults if you will call.

We'll pay 5 per cent interest on the money you put in our bank and compound the interest every 6 months.

H. R. Lyon, Pres. P. T. Halvorson, Cashier. C. L. Timmerman, V. Pres. C. L. Timmerman, Director. H. R. Lyon, Director. C. P. Peterson, Director.

You will lose money and so will we if you buy any thing but

Monitor Drill
Emerson Plow
or
Surface Packer

No better machinery made. We also handle all kinds of farm machinery and harness. Agents Minneapolis Threshers.

J. NELSON & SON

The Arena $1.50

CLASSIFYING CUSTOMERS

Some Hints for Shop Salesmen.

Customers are not paper dolls. They must be classified and treated according to their class.

Although you know your stock perfectly and have yourself inventoried and well in hand, you can never do yourself justice as a salesman until you study your customers.

If you treat them all alike you will get into a sing-songy rut, and life will be a burden to you and everyone to whom you talk.

Great things are being done in character-reading these days. There is a bright little lady in Boston who teaches the art and demonstrates her skill by reading strangers' characters at her public lectures.

Customers may be divided into two main classes; those who want cold facts only and those who must be wheedled—appealed to through their sentiment.

To the first you are simply a catalogue, and to sell them you must have the specifications, selling points and the makers' guarantee, if there is one, at your tongue's tip. He or she probably knows what is wanted and wants you to produce it. If such a one is convinced by reading an advertisement, produce the article or offer to get it.

To run down the article is to argue against your house, yourself and the sale.

The first class is increasing, as people are being educated by advertising and experience. Women as a class are better buyers this year than they were last and will as a rule resent substitution. The "just as good" talk makes them angry. So don't be afraid to list their demands in your want book, and stock up if you get repeated calls.

Remember, your personality, your small talk or pleasantries count for little with these shrewd buyers, and woe be to you if you do not analyze them quickly.

Study your customer early and closely and be sure of this fact, that it is better to treat all shoppers as if they were of this class than to err on the other side.

If they are not decided as to what they want, seek to learn it quickly, accurately and produce the goods with a short, concise talk about them.

Don't talk too much to this class, I beg of you; remember, you are a catalogue, so don't run to fine print, and they'll come again and send their friends.

Usually they are undecided, open to argument and easy to sell—the first time. They are free with their confidences and expect the same shy person, the bargain hunter, the woman who cannot concentrate, and other funny folks. Each needs special treatment; each appreciates courteous attention. So analyze them all and be patient with them all, for somebody has to overlook a whole lot of faults when you and I go shopping.—From Butterick's Bulletin.

A really good advertisement, like a mirror, will show things just as they are.

Must Advertise to Keep in Market.

"Advertising was characterized as the missing link between success and failure" by H. B. Sutherland of Omaha, to the members of the National Brick Manufacturers' association at their meeting in Louisville recently. Mr. Sutherland told the brickmakers that they would have to advertise if they wished to keep their place among the industries of the world.

"We have simply been asleep," he said. "We have not advertised. Our competitors have advertised and as a result they are getting the business. When you buy soap or flour or any other commodity what brand do you buy? The brand you always see advertised, of course. It is the same way with the home-maker. When he proposes to build a home he simply goes by the advertisements and he never sees a brick advertisement.

"The only advertisements he sees are of cement and stucco and woodwork. Consequently we lose his trade. He almost forgets there is such a thing as brick. It is now up to the brick manufacturers to advertise if they want to keep in the market."

A Problem Solved.

Newspaper advertising has solved the problem of diminishing returns. It has disclosed the utter fallacy of trying to hit 90,000,000 people with magazine distribution that knows neither concentration nor consistency.—Exchange

Serve Facts Attractively

The facts it is true must sell your goods but why not dress them up? They can be made very interesting by warming them up a bit and serving them attractively.

War on "Moonshiners"

Internal revenue officers in the mountains of Kentucky, Tennessee and North Carolina are waging a relentless war against moonshiners. Reports from the front say that the officers are meeting with considerable success.

ADVERTISING NUGGETS

BY WM. C. FREEMAN.

The church that will advertise that its minister is a human being, that he loves humanity, that its choir sings the old hymns and sings them well, that will welcome strangers, that will open up its pews cordially just as a man opens the door of his home to a friend—such a church will not have any trouble in keeping its pews well filled.

George Washington has had attached to his name an advertisement that has lived about 170 years, because he was a slip of a boy when his father accused him of cutting down a cherry tree, and he acknowledged that he had done so by saying:

"Yes, I did it, father; I cannot tell a lie."

There has never been recorded, so far as I know, any statement contradicting that George Washington said this, so the advertisement may be accepted as a truthful advertisement.

Many a merchant thinks he cannot afford to advertise when he looks at the big space used by big advertisers. He forgets that these same big advertisers had to start in a small way—had to creep before they walked.

No man should be discouraged about starting advertising in a small way. It is the only way he should start, and it will pay, for example:

Two advertisers started using two-inch advertisements in two newspapers in a big city some twelve years ago.

The advertisements ran three times a week, and they paid for position. Their announcements always appeared on the same page and they were there regularly, fall and winter, spring and summer.

Today both advertisers are doing a very large business and each is worth more than a million dollars.

HONESTY FIRST REQUISITE

Underlying Principle of Successful Advertising H. N. McKinney Tells Harvard Students.

The students of the graduate school of business administration at Harvard university were told some facts about advertising recently by H. N. McKinney of Philadelphia. He took for his topic, "Advertising a Power in the Molding of Thought." Mr. McKinney is connected with N. W. Ayer & Son, an advertising agency of Philadelphia.

"Advertising is the art of creating a desire, or increasing an already existing desire, and fixing it upon some certain article until that article is purchased. Advertising is the silent salesman, repeating the selling argument until it fastens itself in the mind of the reader. Advertising is not a get-rich-quick scheme. It is not an easy road to success. It is a hard, painstaking study of human nature in all its phases, and its success is an evidence of a correct understanding of the human mind.

"The underlying principle of all advertising is always the same—the application of the principle is rarely twice alike. The principle is the creation of thought, and the molding of that thought in a given direction. It matters not whether the article advertised is a railroad bond, a diamond bracelet or a package of food; the object of the advertiser is to create a desire for that particular thing so intense that a sale follows.

"While the principle is unchanging and unchangeable, the application of it must be fitted to each individual case, and not a small part of many advertising failures is due to the assumption that because a certain line of advertising has been successful in one case it will be in another. The right principle was wrongly applied, with resulting failure.

"The first and most important requisite of all advertising is honesty; no success can be permanent unless honesty is the foundation upon which everything else is built. The article advertised must be honest in its manufacture, in its appearance and in its price, while the advertising must be honest and truthful in all statements and in all impressions and inferences.

"I believe that at least one-half of the hundreds of millions of dollars annually expended in advertising in all the United States is utterly wasted, and this is very largely because of the popular idea that anybody can attend to the advertising of a business."

"It never hurts any business to quote high prices on high quality."—Profitable Advertising.

The Wise Salesman.

The wise salesman is not the man who has a line of talk that would "sell kindling wood to shades." The wise one would market his kindling wood where he could hope for a repeat order.

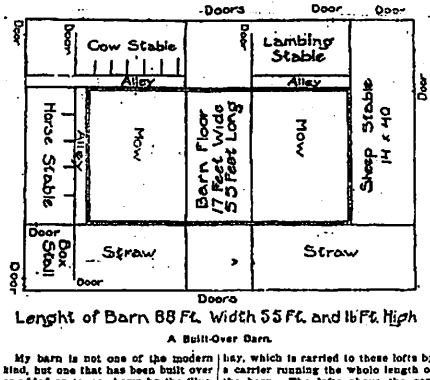
Sufficient Cause

Jim—How is it that the Tearwedds don't speak to you now?

Jack—I'm the man who introduced them to each other.

REARRANGED BARN MADE HANDY AND COMFORTABLE

Additions Made From Time to Time to Old Structure Finally Gives Farmer Convenient Stable at Very Little Expense.



Lenght of Barn 88 Ft. Width 55 Ft. and 16 Ft. High

A Built-Over Barn.

My barn is not one of the modern kind, but one that has been built over or added on to, as shown by the illustration, writes John Jackson of Ottawa county, Mich., in the Michigan Farmer. The dotted lines show the main building, on which additions have been built on all four sides. These additions were built on at different times, and by taking off the boards from the sides and ends of the main barn for the additions it was not necessary to purchase much new lumber. As I did all the carpenter work myself the expense of these additions was comparatively small, and I now have a barn that is very convenient, and one large enough to hold about all the hay, grain, corn fodder and straw that I can raise. As the barn is painted red, it compares favorably in appearance with most barns around the country. A portion of the barn was painted where the lumber was not planed.

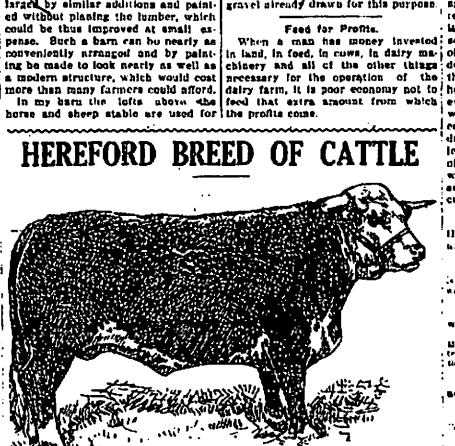
By putting on two good coats there is but little difference in the looks of this or the part where the lumber was planed. There are many old barns around the country, that could be enlarged by similar additions and painted without planing the lumber, which could be thus improved at small expense. Such a barn can be nearly as conveniently arranged and by painting be made to look nearly as well as a modern structure, which would cost more than many farmers could afford.

In my barn the lofts above the horse and sheep stable are used for hay, which is carried to these lofts by a carrier running the whole length of the barn. The lofts above the cow and lambing stable are used for storing corn fodder in winter. The horse stable, exclusive of the box stall, will accommodate five horses. In the cow stable there is room for seven cows, and a few calves on one end. Each cow has a separate stall, and instead of being tied around the neck a small chain which is snapped into a staple at the rear of the stall keeps each cow in place and gives her perfect freedom to lie down or lick herself, and my cows are always clean. These stalls are so arranged that the cow cannot turn around and the milker has plenty of room without being crowded. As my lambs are dropped in February and March it is necessary to have a separate stable for this purpose. In this stable are several small pens in which the ewes are confined until the lambs get strong. Most of my barn floor is covered with plank, which are getting out of shape. Early in spring I intend to tear out these plank, level off the ground and put in a solid cement floor. I have the gravel already drawn for this purpose.

Feed for Profits.

When a man has money invested in land, in feed, in cows, in dairy machinery and all of the other things necessary for the operation of a dairy farm, it is poor economy not to feed that extra amount from which the profits come.

HEREFORD BREED OF CATTLE



The Hereford breed of cattle is among the chief beef breeds in this country. They are believed to have been first imported into the United States by Henry Clay in 1817. They mature as early as the Shorthorns and are nearly as large. The quality of their meat is good and they possess excellent breeding qualities.

The ground color of the Hereford is a rich red, with white face, legs, undermart of the body and tip of the tail. They have thicker skin, more spreading horns and more curly coats than the Shorthorns. The illustration shows a prize winning Hereford steer at the recent Missouri state fair.

Malt Sprouts.

The feed called malt sprouts is simply barley grain sprouted in the processes of making alcoholic beverages

WHY FARMING NEEDS SYSTEM

Vast Amount of Capital Now Invested Must Be Accounted for and Dividends Earned—Conditions Changed.

The bookkeeper estimates that the capital now invested in the United States amounts to fifty billions of dollars, or fifty times the amount invested in the steel industry, which is the next largest, and says:

Calculating on the basis of the original value of his land, the farmer is making money. Calculated on the current market price at which he could withdraw his investment and put it in interest-bearing industrial securities, he is losing money every time the seasons revolve. In many sections of the country farm values have doubled, even trebled, in the last generation. Land that has been worked on the basis calculation of from $5 to $30 an acre, must in the future respond to acreage values of from $75 to $200. The old generation with its obsolete methods, which has persisted solely on the system of cheap land—or gift land—must give way before the new generation. The newcomer, the man who would establish himself as a farmer today, has to meet the changed conditions, and it is to these conditions that the business of farming must respond. The question of fixed capital has come to stay. We are not yet out of our first generations as farmers on a grand scale. The first generation is taking its hand from the plow, and those who follow the pioneers, either through deed of sale of probate, must hereafter reckon interest on investment as an actual item of cost. Farming as an industry is in its transitional stage, and it is to meet the new conditions in a businesslike way that experts have been giving their attention to the question of devising a system of cost accounting for the farmer

Pullet Eggs.

It is often stated that pullet eggs are less unsuitable for hatching than those from old hens, but Professor Atwood has not found this to be the case, especially after the pullets begin to lay freely. Usually the first few and the last few eggs of pullets are less fertile than the intermediate ones.

STILL IN HIS POSSESSION

Remarkable Coincidence in Case of Mossy Face Rastus Jackson.

Rastus was on trial, charged with stealing seven dollars and eighty-five cents. He pleaded not guilty, and as he was unable to hire an attorney, the judge appointed Lawyer Clearem as counsel. Clearem put up a strong plea in defense, and Rastus was acquitted.

Counsel and client met a few minutes later outside the courtroom.

"Now, Rastus," said Clearem, "you know the court allows the counsel very little for defending this kind of case. I worked hard for you and got you clear. I'm entitled to much more pay than I'm getting for my valuable services, and you should dig up a good-sized fee. Have you got any money?"

"Yes, boss," replied Rastus, "I done got seben dollahs and eighty-five cents."

THE ALARMING PREVALENCE OF ECZEMA

Finds Victims Among Every Race, Age and Condition.

Of all the diseases of the skin and scalp which torture and disfigure mankind, three-fourths are eczematous. Millions are born with eczema, and it is the only thing other millions have left when they die. Neglect in infancy and childhood, irritating conditions affecting the skin, ignorance of its real nature, improper remedies and many other causes that might be mentioned have created an eczema, which, with varying severity, has afflicted countless numbers during their entire lives. Eczema is a skin disease. It is not regarded as hereditary, nor contagious, and is impartially distributed among the rich and poor, the high and low. The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, causing loss of sleep, is usually the most distressing symptom and is caused by the bursting of little vesicles filled with an acrid fluid, which burns as with fire the denuded skin. New vesicles form, fill and burst, scales form upon scales, and crusts upon crusts until disfigurement is added to torture.

One of the most successful treatments for eczema, whether applied to the youngest infant or the oldest person, is hot baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings of Cuticura ointment. For more than a generation, these pure, sweet and gentle emollients have proved the most efficient agents in the speedy and permanent relief of all forms of eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations of the skin and scalp. Although Cuticura soap and ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, in order that those who have suffered long and hopelessly and who have lost faith in everything may make trial of them without charge, a liberal sample of each will be mailed free to any address, together with a 32-page pamphlet, giving a description and treatment of the various forms of eczema, as well as other affections of the skin, scalp, hair and hands—send to "Cuticura," Dept. W, Boston.

It is not the quality of the meat but the cheerfulness of the guests which makes the feast.—Lord Clarendon.

Simple remedies are best! Garfield Tea is simple, pure, gentle in action, and always potent. Composed of herbs, not drugs!

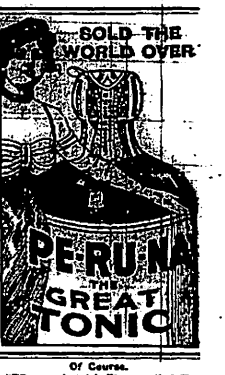
Not by years but by disposition is wisdom acquired.—Plautus.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

To do two things at once is to do neither.—Publius Syrus.

Garfield Tea contains no harmful drugs, composed of herbs, it is an ideal laxative.

It is the doing, not the saying, that makes the hero



Of Course.

"Why are hotel bellboys called 'Buttons?'"

"Because they're always off when you need 'em most."

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Sweating and Smarting Feet, Blisters and Callous Spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The One Destination.

"Is there any field for new poets?"

"Yes, potter's field."—Lippincott's Magazine.

AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS FOR SALE

Old established garage must be sold on account of health. Fine line of cars, large sales. Address B. Byron, 81 W. 4th St. Paul.

Wanted to Know.

Minister—Are you fond of children?

Nursemaid—Nope. Are you?

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Man without patience is like lamp without oil; pride is a rage is a bad counselor.—A. de Musset.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist) Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Fargo, N. D.

Laugh at a fool and he imagines that you are laughing with him.

Busted

Many a man goes broke—in Health—then wealth. Blames his mind—says it don't work right; but all the time it's his bowels. They don't work—liver dead and the whole system gets clogged with poison. Nothing like good, clean-cut brain action like constipation. CASCARETS will relieve and cure. Try it now.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Largest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

A Country School for Girls in New York City

Best Features of Country and City Life

Out-of-Door Sports on School Park of 25 acres near the Hudson River. Full Academic Course from Primary Class to Graduation. Upper Class free-offered Special Studies. Music and Art. Summer Session. Certificate admits to College. Address Court House Place Pupils.

TYPEWRITERS

Jobbers' profits cut out for you. REBUILT No. 2 or 4 SMITH PREMIERS $40.00 No. 3 Blickensderfers $15. Special 3 year guarantee. Shipped on approval. Send for free catalogue and mention this paper. National Writing Machine Co., 135 E. Fourth St., St. Paul, Minn.

Bettie Eye Salve GRANULATED EYELIDS ITCHING LIDS CAN BE CURED

MILLIONS of FAMILIES are using SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

IN THE CIRCLE

ON EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY OF THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS TO OFFER IMITATIONS, IN ORDER TO MAKE A LARGER PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. IF A DEALER ASKS WHICH SIZE YOU WISH, OR WHAT MAKE YOU WISH, WHEN YOU ASK FOR SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA, HE IS PREPARING TO DECEIVE YOU. TELL HIM THAT YOU WISH THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS KNOW THAT THERE IS BUT ONE GENUINE AND THAT IT IS MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE LARGER SIZES ON TOP OF THE FLOWERS PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

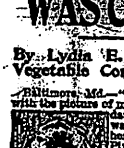
MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS EXCELLENT FOR THE NEEDS OF INFANTS AND CHILDREN, AND IS A MILD AND PLEASING CASTILE AND EFFECTIVE, AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE INGREDIENTS. IT IS EQUALLY COMMERCIAL FOR WOMEN AND FOR MEN, WHEN OCCASION REQUIRES. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

MY DAUGHTER WAS CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Baltimore, Md.—"I send you herewith the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her for and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. CORKRAN, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.

Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

HIS INVOCATION A SUCCESS

Actor Finally Got the Gas Man Awakened and Attending to His Duties.

"Years ago," says Guy Bates Post, the actor, "I appeared in an amateur performance of a play that had a distinct religious flavor. The leading player had studied for the ministry and had a deep and sonorous voice. In one of the scenes the lights were supposed to be turned down and a raging storm simulated. The accompanying lines were:

"'Oh, Lord, deliver us from the powers of darkness.'

"The leading man spoke the lines, but darkness didn't follow. He spoke them again, and still the stage was distressingly light. Finally he roared:

"'Oh, Lord, deliver us from the power of darkness, and give that fool gas man sense enough to turn down the lights.'

"The gas lights went down and the audience roared."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Crippled by Tuberculosis.

According to a recent report by Dr. Conrad Biesalski of Berlin, there are 76,000 cripples in the German empire out of a population of 60,000,000. Over 50,000 of the cripples are in need of proper treatment. Doctor Biesalski states that in 15 per cent of the cripples examined, their deformity was due to tuberculosis of the bones and joints, and that there were 10,000 such children in need of medical treatment. He advocates the establishment of seaside sanatoria for this latter class of cripples.

COFFEE CONGESTION
Causes a Variety of Ills.

A happy old lady in Wisconsin says:

"During the time I was a coffee drinker I was subject to sick headaches, sometimes lasting 3 or 4 days, totally unfitting me for anything.

To this affliction was added, some years ago, a trouble with my heart that was very painful, accompanied by a smothering sensation and faintness.

"Dyspepsia, also, came to make life harder to bear. I took all sorts of patent medicines but none of them helped me for any length of time.

"The doctors frequently told me that coffee was not good for me; but without coffee I felt as if I had no breakfast. I finally decided about 3 years ago to abandon the use of coffee entirely, and as I had read a great deal about Postum I concluded to try that for a breakfast beverage.

"I liked the taste of it and was particularly pleased to notice that it did not 'come up' as coffee used to. The bad spells with my heart grew less and less frequent, and finally ceased altogether, and I have not had an attack of sick headache for more than a year. My digestion is good, too, and I am THANKFUL that I am once more a healthy woman. I know my wonderful restoration to health came from quitting coffee and using Postum."

Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is this. Coffee has a direct action on the liver with some people, and causes partial congestion of that organ preventing the natural outlet of the secretions. Then may follow biliousness, sallow skin, headaches, constipation and finally a change of the blood corpuscles and nervous prostration.

Read the article, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

CASE IS COSTLY

SUMMARY OF EXPENSES IN COWAN TRIAL FOR FIRST SEV. ENTEEN DAYS.

TOTAL MAY BE $50,000

One Hundred Fifty-two Witnesses for Prosecution Cost $6,584.67—Total Daily Expenses Average About $1,500.

Bismarck.—Approximately $25,000 is the cost to date of the trial of Judge John F. Cowan before the high court of impeachment with seventeen days of actual work.

For the prosecution there were 152 witnesses, who received compensation of $6,681.07. Of the 152 witnesses only about seventy were placed on the stand to give evidence, the others having been called here either on the charges that were thrown out by the senate or upon charges which it was supposed they would or could testify to.

To the members of the senate, the daily payroll is $736, being $5 for each member. The mileage paid the senators totaled $2,178.70, and this, together with $4,475 in salary, makes a total of $6,653.70, paid by the state for the jury in this unusual proceeding.

The daily payroll for the employees of the senate is only $80, while the daily stamp bill amounts to about $20 more, making a total of $100 a day for that feature, or $1,300.

The printers bill will average about $200 daily, and this, together with about $75 daily as the amount that is paid the court reporters, makes a total of $4,475.

Members of the board of managers have received salary since the adjournment of the legislative assembly, on March 2, and this salary, together with that of a clerk, totals $1,595.

The daily salary of the counsel engaged in the case, both prosecution and defense, is $229. Of this amount $100 is paid to the defense, with $129 for the prosecution. There was also an allowance for the counsel for the prosecution between the time of the adjournment of the legislature and the convening of the impeachment court, making a total of approximately $5,709 for the attorneys.

These several items make up a total of $26,007.77 as the cost of the trial.

With this cost already incurred, and with the prospects that there will be at least two more weeks of the trial, with a strong possibility of three, it can be seen that the cost of the trial will not be less than $50,000.

Horsewhipped Drakeman.

McClusky.—About 200 spectators witnessed Miss Ethel Hawes administer a severe horse whipping to Howard Wasson at Turtle Lake. Miss Hawes is a music teacher of that place and also has a class in music here. Howard Wasson is a brakeman on the N. P. passenger train and is well known here. When the train arrived Wednesday evening almost the entire population of Turtle Lake was at the depot. Immediately after Wasson had assisted the passengers to alight several men aided him and held him while Miss Hawes lashed him across the face and body with a rawhide whip.

Trouble between the parties has been brewing for a long time. Several weeks ago Miss Hawes made complaint against Wasson to the N. P. officials, alleging that he had insulted her and requested that he be discharged from the employ of the company. Pending investigations Wasson was laid off. After investigation the company concluded that the matter was a purely personal one and reinstated Wasson. On Wednesday he made his first trip after his reinstatement and Wasson claims that Miss Hawes wanted to get him discharged in order that another brakeman, with whom the latter company, could get the run.

Will Go to Supreme Court.

Williston.—The question of whether or not a saloon shall or shall not have the confidence of the voters in Divide county from now on will have to be taken to the supreme court for a decision. The county commissioners of this Divide county have no right to collect the saloon tax. That the tax levy was made in the running expenses of the old county. They take the stand that the law said the time for a petition meeting in June and that then and not after are they to determine what to tax over or allow Divide to collect taxes. They contend that Divide should be collecting on an old levy made for the expenses of the old county.

Divide county comes on the other hand that they are entitled to collect the taxes since the first of the year as the authority of this county ceased at that time. They claim that they should collect the taxes and then should pay whatever they owed the county with a warrant.

Select Site for Government.

Minot.—Minot's $150,000 postal building will be erected on the Kuhns site which was originally selected by the government at Second and Reinhue streets.

Word to that effect has been received by John F. Stevens from United States District Attorney Hegerud, who received his information direct from Washington.

Five Druggists Nabbed.

Devils Lake Men Slip Past the Anti-Booze Law.

Devils Lake.—Five Devils Lake druggists will be prosecuted at the present term of the district court on charges of selling liquor unlawfully, the information being filed against them through the instance of Attorney [illegible] Bond, who is Mayor [illegible] Richardson and [illegible] druggists in the [illegible] Vaudeville the [illegible] under arrest.

ROAD WILL BUILD.

Great Northern Will Shorten Its Main Line 75 Miles.

Fargo.—Construction work in this state stopped last summer, because of the crop outlook, is to be carried on this year by the Great Northern, according to official information. This includes the completion of the line from this city to Surrey and from Stanley to Powers Lake, the former being a new main route to the Pacific coast and the latter a feeder tapping a rich agricultural territory to the north.

So far the policy is regarded to extension work for the year has not been decided, but should the crop situation continue favorable and the conditions generally are auspicious, it is expected that the Great Northern will undertake further important work this year.

The line from Fargo to Surrey will cut the present distance of the Great Northern from St. Paul to the coast about fifty-five miles, which will nearly offset the advantage of sixty-nine miles in short distance which the St. Paul road now enjoys in the running of trains between Chicago and Seattle. The present mileage of the St. Paul from Chicago is 2,176 against 2,245 of the Great Northern, and 2,328 of the Northern Pacific, with the two latter roads using the Huntington cutoff between St. Paul and Chicago.

MANDAN'S NEW DEPOT.

Northern Pacific Railroad Is Advertising for Bids for Structure.

Mandan.—The Northern Pacific railroad has advertised for bids for the erection of the new $50,000 freight depot and division headquarters for this city. The plans have been prepared for some time and bids for the erection of the building have been advertised for.

The new building will be 300 feet long, will be built of brick and concrete and will be the most substantial and modern freight depot erected by the company in several years. About 120 feet of the building will be two stories in height and will be used as division headquarters for the Mandan, Medi and the Mobridge-Hettinger lines, which were constructed in the years of 1909-10.

Offices for the local officials of the Yellowstone division will also be provided. In addition the company will have when completed, the most up-to-date freight yards in this city of any railroad company in the west, a large tract of land in the west end of the city having been purchased for this purpose. A large bill will be put down to provide a location for the new freight depot and work will be started on this at once.

It is also understood that the Northern Pacific is to build a new passenger depot here. The present depot is becoming too small for the amount of business done by the company at this point.

Hospital Contract Awarded.

Bismarck.—Wednesday afternoon the contracts were signed for the construction of the new Catholic hospital at Dickinson, the bids having been opened a short time before.

There were eleven bids submitted for the general construction work on the new structure, and they varied all the way from $85,000 to $106,000. The lowest bidders were Doris & Son, contractors of Fargo, who were awarded the contract.

The new hospital at Dickinson promises to be one of the handsomest buildings of the Slope country, and it is expected that work will be started on it at once and the terms of the contract calls for the completion of the work in November 15. Better be enjoyed than Christmas day.

May Get Carnegie Medal.

Fargo.—The brick mason, about who heroically rescued Miss Schmidt from attempted suicide in a well at Grimes, is to be remembered. His name is said to have been reported to the Carnegie hero committee.

A Minneapolis man who read of the act sent Mason a check for $100 in recognition of his bravery. It will be remembered that Chief went down into the well to rescue the girl. His first attempt failed, but he immediately made another effort which resulted successfully. From being in a position with his head downward for too long and under such a strain, Chief had to be carried home from the hospital, but has fully recovered.

Convocation at Grand Forks.

Fargo.—The annual convocation of North Dakota chapters of the Episcopal church at Grand Forks on May 28, 29 and 30, which points from all over the state together with the bishop, will assemble and discuss the affairs of the diocese. All of the church societies of Christianmen conducted at this city will send delegates.

This will be the first in many years that the convocation has met outside the city of Fargo, but as great has been the growth of the Grand Forks church that it was deemed wise to consider the branch as St. Paul's congregation.

Gasoline Engine on Binder.

Braddock.—The Peterson brothers living south of Braddock, have solved the problem of running a twelve-foot grain binder without using their horses, and this year will push a larger binder with two horses instead of six hoses as before. They have installed a gasoline engine centrally on the tongue and by means of a side drive. The engine supplies the power to run the sickle binder head and canvasses, thus having no other work for the team than pushing and guiding the machine.

Woodcutter Finds Skeleton.

Neche.—While cutting wood on his father's farm two miles west of Neche, Fred Aymond discovered the skeleton of a man. Beside the remains was a bottle which had contained carbonic acid.

New Sundry Law Enforced.

Bismarck.—The first attempt to enforce the new state law closing [illegible] stores on Sunday was made here when the [illegible] Vaudeville the [illegible] under arrest.

THE PRICE OF LAND INCREASING

THE "BACK TO THE LAND" CRY IS EFFECTIVE.

"Traveling through the state of Iowa the other day, and Iowa is no exception to the story about to be related, the writer was shown a farm that was offered three years ago for $125 an acre. That appeared to be a high figure for land upon which the owner depended upon the crops of corn, hogs and cattle that could be raised upon it. But it wasn't. A few weeks since the farm changed hands at $325 an acre. Over in Illinois, down in Indiana, up in Wisconsin, across the line in Minnesota, the same experience was met with. And then attention is directed to Canada, which has been the Mecca of so many hundred thousand Americans during the past few years. Not only in Eastern Canada has the price of lands increased, but in Western Canada, during the past few weeks, farm lands have increased from three to five dollars an acre, with the prospect of a similar advance during the next three months. The reason for this is very apparent, and in a few words it may be pointed out that the lands are worth a great deal more than the present prices. The Northwestern Agriculturist of Minneapolis, a paper that was one of the first of the American farm papers to discover the real merits of the lands of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, says: "The reciprocity schedule would encourage American farmers to move to Canada, where the virgin soil will produce greater crops of grain with less labor than can be produced in our own farms in the Northwest. The result will be to enhance land values in Canada." This paper is afraid land values in Canada will be enhanced at the expense of land values in the United States. In face of the fact that land values in the United States are increasing the reasoning scarcely holds. The reason for the advance in value of Canadian lands is partly accounted from the fact, admitted by this paper, that Canada's virgin soil will produce "greater crops of grain with less labor." But that is not the only reason. During the past twelve months 250,000 people have made Canada their home and these are mostly of the farming class. They want farms, and the demand as well as the wealth of the soil is regulating the price. A study of the increase in the acreage of land put under crop last year, which can be had from any Canadian governmental representative, will prove the point, that the demand is increasing at a greater ratio than even the most sanguine would have predicted.

Triumph of Courage.

Courage and the "power of the human eye," acted Walter Sargent, a prosperous rancher, in the Redwood district, San Jose, when he was confronted by a hungry mountain lion the other evening. Sargent was driving a herd of cows to his home in the foothills when he noticed the big cat stalking him. As it crouched for a spring Hament turned and faced the beast with his eye. Man and lion remained as statues for a few seconds and then the animal turned and trotted away.

AN ESTABLISHED FACTORY

Producing standard goods used by stores, banks, farmers and practically everybody, is seeking its special representative to open a distributing office for the district and other unoccupied territory. Only a resident distributor with $200 to $5,000 cash, or more, need be considered; selling orders; we allow $100 to $200 weekly compensation, extra commissions, office and other expenses, per contract, according to size of district allotted and stock carried; permanent arrangements; references required. If you can fill requirements write promptly, "Liberty" Manufacturing Association, 220 West Huron St., Chicago.

Aroused Suspicion.

Old Rockser—Why did you quarrel with the count, my dear?

Miss Rockser—He called me his treasure and it sounded altogether too suggestive.—Smart Set.

Sore Throat is no trifling ailment. It may cause disease germs to get control of the body through the tonsils. When you feel sore throat coming on, use Hamlins Wizard Oil.

Some men are as easily rattled as others are hard to shake.

Constipation slowly undermines the general health. Ripans Tabules relieve constipation and benefits the entire system.

Ignorance of one's misfortunes is clear gain.—Euripides.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 16-1911.

Saskatoon Wants Agriculturists

In all branches. Farmers, farm laborers, carpenters, blacksmiths, bricklayers are badly required. Wages are high; demand great and supply failing. This is your opportunity. Better write to secretary to Commissioner, Board of Trade, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Western Canada.

I am a man, and nothing that concerns a man do I deem a matter of indifference to me.—Terence.

Garfield Tea, Herb remedy; overcomes constipation, indigestion and sick headache.

Man's best possession is a sympathetic wife.—Euripides.

Loss of Appetite

When you lose your appetite you lose the nature of warm weather, is lose all vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a forerunner of prostrating illness.

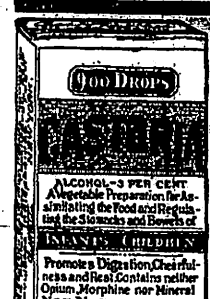
It is serious and especially so to people that must keep up and doing or get behindhand.

The best medicine to use for it is the great constitutional tonic,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50 $3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES

W. L. Douglas Spring Styles include more Snappy and Up-to-Date Shapes in Oxfords and High Cuts than ever before produced. W. L. Douglas warrants every pair of his shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other make, giving you better value for the money than other shoes sold elsewhere.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTIONS

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. If your dealer cannot supply you with the kind you want, send direct to factory. Catalog free. Mail orders filled promptly. W. L. Douglas, 149 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Get one cathartic and purgative. They are found in CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

WHO IS TO BLAME

Women as well as men are made miserable by Kidney and Bladder trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is a great kidney remedy promptly relieves. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar size. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also booklet telling all about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

PATENTS Patents are made to patents. Prosecuted & Co., Box B., Washington, D. C.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm in one of the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Take advantage of the low prices now prevailing and the easy conditions under which you can secure a homestead in these provinces. Read the following extract from the Canadian Government Agent's advertisement:

"Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The homestead entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situated, by the applicant in person, subject to the conditions hereinafter mentioned."

Entry fee $10.00 on each quarter section.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or cultivate the land in accordance with the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act for three years. Six months' notice in writing must be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price, $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or cultivate the land in accordance with the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act for three years. Six months' notice in writing must be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

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For further information apply to the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to any Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING

Clifford Sifton, Minister of the Interior.

(This advertisement will not be paid for.)

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, sheep farming and grain growing in the Province of Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, second to none in the world, are offered to settlers, will provide homes for millions.

Absolutely cool, healthful climate, splendid railway facilities, good markets, low taxation, churches and schools convenient. Write for literature, which is free, and for information as to the cheapest route, to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING

Clifford Sifton, Minister of the Interior.

(This advertisement will not be paid for.)

Instead of Liquid Antiseptics—Peroxide

100,000 people last year used

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

The new toilet germicide powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

For all toilet and hygienic uses it is better and more economical.

To wash and beautify the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay.

To disinfect the mouth, destroy disease germs, and purify the breath.

To keep artificial teeth and bridgework clean, odorless.

To remove nicotine from the teeth and purify the breath after smoking.

To arrest perspiration and body odors by sponge bathing.

The best antiseptic wash known. Relieves and strengthens tired, weak, inflamed eyes. Heals abrasions, wounds and sores. 25 and 50 cts. a box, druggists or by mail, postpaid. Sample Free.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

We Give Away Free of Cost

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, a book of 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, in French cloth binding, to any one sending 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. Over 680,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book were sold in cloth binding at the regular price of $1.50. Afterwards about two and a half million copies were given away as above. A new, up-to-date revised edition is now ready for mailing. Better send NOW, before all are gone. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

THE ONE REMEDY for women's peculiar [illegible] that its makers are not afraid to print on its bottle-wrapper [illegible] every ingredient. No Secrets—No Deception.

THE ONE REMEDY for women which contains no alcohol—not a drink-forming drug. Made from entire medicinal [illegible] of well established curative value.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods [illegible] any other dye. You can tell how to dye any garment [illegible] Sample Card and Booklet How to Dye, Tint and Stain. Write for it. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

ALMONT ARENA

ALMONT, NORTH DAKOTA

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
THE ALMONT ARENA COMPANY
ALMONT, NORTH DAKOTA

TERMS.

Subscription Price [In Advance] - - $1.50
At End of Year - - - TWO DOLLARS.

An Independent paper issued every Saturday.

LOCAL RATES: 10 cents per line for the first insertion, and 5cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

DISPLAY ADVERTISING: 15 cents per inch for each insertion. A discount made to regular advertisers.

All contributions and communications intended for publication must bear the name of the writer.

Entered as second-class matter December 21, 1910, at the post office at Almont, North Dakota, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Advertisers are requested to have the copy for change of ad in the Arena Office by Tuesday Noon preceding issue of the paper in which changed ad is to appear.

Proper Care of a Pipe.

To obtain the best results from a briar pipe and increase the pleasure of smoking, the following hints will be found of value: Fill the pipe well light the tobacco evenly and smoke slowly. This will avoid excessive heating of the wood and will prevent it from burning. See that the tobacco is entirely consumed, so that the cake may form all over the inside of the bowl. Do not fill a new pipe until it has cooled off. Remove the cake which forms inside of the bowl frequently, as if the cake is allowed to become too thick it will split the bowl, because when heated the cake expands more rapidly than the wood. When the cake has been scraped away the same care should be taken as with a new pipe always keep your pipe clean; this will prevent it from getting strong. Best of all, keep several pipes in use and change frequently.

It is no easy task to give direction that will insure the life and coloring of every meerschaum pipe. Much depends on the quality of the material, as also on the care exercised by the smoker. Always smoke slowly. Use a meerschaum button. Allow the pipe to cool before refilling. Keep the hands away from the bowl while it is hot. Use a top bowl if the smoker desires to color the pipe to the top. Avoid smoking the pipe out of doors in rainy or extremely cold weather. Unscrew the mouthpiece only when necessary, that is, when the pipe is charged and needs cleaning. Use a knife with a rounded edge when it becomes necessary to remove the caking in the bowl.

Peacocks for Food.

The peacock cannot well be recommended as a market bird—it is too tender in early youth, too slow in reaching maturity. But as a choice rarity the crest and cap-sheaf of a country gentleman's feast, it is unapproached and unapproachable. This was well understood throughout the age of chivalry—hence the knightly oath: "By the peacock, the heron shaw and the ladies!" Whoever swore thus was truly bound to keep his vow. Turkeys had not yet come out of the western world to conquer a place among the "noble" birds which alone were held worthy of being served to royalty. The swan and the peacock were the chiefest among them, and bore rule even beyond the days of Queen Elizabeth. At the Christmastides the peacock came in the state, the same as the boar's head and the brawn.—Country Life in America.

He Could Not Understand.

Laura B. Payne, of Fort Worth, during her Socialist campaign for the house of representatives, said in an address on masculine limitations:

"Then there was a college professor, a very learned man, who shouted at his wife one day in an enraged voice:

"'I don't know what to make of you, Maria. Five years ago you were crazy to have that hat, and now, when at last I've gone and bought it for you you say you don't like it at all.'"

Trials of the Missionary

Dr John Gibson Paton, the missionary, told in his autobiography how depressed he was when he first arrived in the New Hebrides in 1858. The natives were in their war paint and make-up, a fight was going on, and three men had been killed. His companion, who went out to procure water for tea, came back with—

The savages had cooked and eaten the dead bodies at the only [illegible] had washed the [illegible] the water and had bathed [illegible] missionary drank cocoanut water for a good while after that.

Slighted Wisdom.

"Platitudes are merely commonsense," [illegible]

[illegible]

Estrayed from my farm, 4 miles southwest of Almont, one 2-year old red heifer, with short horns & branded ○B on left rib. Finder notify J. N. Sharff
4-15— Almont, N. D.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, North Dakota, March 30, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Ed J. Bitter, of Almont, North Dakota, who on May 25, 1908, made Homestead Entry, No. 40683, for SE¼, Section 28, Township 138, Range 85, W. 5 Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register & Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Bismarck, North Dakota, on the 8th day of May, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Henry Truss, John Truss, Nels Olson and Ike Cunningham, all of Almont, North Dak.
3-23 4-27 E. N. Stevens, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D., November 23, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Gustaf A. Nelsestrom, of Almont, North Dakota, who on August 19th, 1905, made Homestead Entry, No. 21562 for W½ SW¼ SE¼ NW¼, Section 28, Township 137 N., Range 85 W. 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver, at Bismarck, North Dakota, on the 3rd day of May, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Alfred Otis, Axel Peterson, Rudolph O. Feland and Oscar H. Feland, all of Almont, N. D.
3-25 4-27 E. N. Stevens, Register.

GOOD OLD North Dakota

The census shows that this state has made almost unparalleled development during the past ten years.

The growth will be even greater during the next decade.

What has brought this about? The rich soil, the healthy climate, the live and active spirit of its citizens have had something to do with its progress. These facts have induced the rapid extension of railroad systems, which has [illegible] the business men do pros[illegible].

Above all, North Dakota [illegible] the rapid development to [illegible] newspapers, and your [illegible] paper has been a great [illegible] to [illegible]. Is it not wholesome now to [illegible] to your home paper—live it every [illegible] in your power.

After your local newspaper, if you desire state news or a daily paper, subscribe for the Forum. It is [illegible] instead of going semi-[illegible] as the case for your general paper. By doing this you will not only get a good newspaper, but will help to build up this [illegible].

Daily, $4 per year; $2 for six months, or $1 for three months—all cash in advance payments. Sample copies sent free.

The Forum Printing Co.
Fargo - - North Dakota

Brain Drill with Fingers.

Brain drill with the fingers is the latest recommendation to those who would be efficient. It is not a system of massage that is recommended, but simply the regular use of the hands.

The hands, say the lecturers, say, thing and everything, in fact, that calls for manual skill you want to have an active, resourceful and versatile brain, people are told. The truth of this statement is said to lie in the fact that in every manual act the hand is directed by the brain. Every act responds upon the brain, strengthening and stimulating it.

INDIAN OCEAN IS UNKNOWN.

Suez Canal and Steamers Leave Untraversed Wastes in This Sea.

Perchance of no area of our great oceans do we at the present day know less than of the Indian ocean within the tropics, says the Geographical Journal. Fifty years ago, in the days before the great China and Indian clippers it was, save for a small area to the north of Madagascar, alive with white wings anxious to take advantage of every slant of wind or the smallest current its minutest characteristics were then the subject of anxious study, whereas now its greater part is to most navigators an unknown sea.

With the opening of the Suez canal there was a profound alteration of trade, and the most important routes now start not from Mauritius or the cape but from the Red sea. Hundreds of steamers, laughing at winds and currents, pass monthly from Aden to Bombay and Colombo on the one hand and to East African ports, Madagascar, Mauritius and Seychelles on the other. From Colombo, again, there are regular lines to Calcutta, Singapore, West Australia, Mauritius and South Africa.

But except on the lines from the Red sea to Colombo and from the latter to the far east and to Australia there is a relative absence of competition, a want of that necessity for accurate knowledge of the winds currents and topography which is only called forth by a keen desire for saving time or mileage. The routes across her surface are also wide apart and her islands are comparatively unimportant. Great areas are seldom or never crossed by ships. In one six months' cruise on his majesty's ship [illegible] we never saw [illegible] in port a single merchant [illegible] one solitary [illegible] from Mauritius to the Chagos

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Bismarck, N. D., April 3, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that John Hansen, of Almont, N. Dak., who on September 27th, 1905, made Homestead Entry, No. 21739, for NE¼ section 18, township 137, range 86 W. 5 Prin. Meridian has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Ed. Morck, Clerk of the District Court, at Hazelton, N. Dak., on the 3rd, day of June, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jonathan Pederson, Martin Peterson, Otto Feland, and John Scharf, all of Almont, N. Dak.
E. N. Stevens, Register. 4-6 5-4

N. E. Berkland G. R. Anderson.
Notaries Public
A complete line of United States Land Office Blanks and Legal Blanks.
Farmers State Bank, Almont, N. D.

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Well-Boring Machine in the country. Obstructions make no difference.
When in need of a good well, look me up or write to.
O. M. Ramsland
Almont, North Dakota

Pasturage
Wanted:—20 horses to pasture this summer. A good pasture; running water. 1 mile north of Heart River Hotel. Write for rates.
Bert Day,
Almont, North Dakota.

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All Kinds of Carpenter and Construction work satisfactorally done. Let us figure on your next job. Address, Almont or Carr, N. D.

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MASCOTS of PETS ON OUR WARSHIPS

ONE of the most interesting sidelights on American naval life, and one that gives insight as to the kind-heartedness of Uncle Sam's blue jackets, is accorded by the care and affection bestowed upon the mascots or pets of our warships. There is probably not a single craft, big or little, in the whole American navy, that has not its mascot, and in many instances—particularly in the case of big battleships—there are aboard anywhere from two to nail a dozen pets that vie with one another for the homage due a ship's mascot.

The number of pets or mascots aboard ship depends somewhat on the good nature of the captain, for the commander of the warship has the say as to whether or not any prospective pet be allowed to find a home aboard the craft. Indeed, the naval regulations—that bulky blue-bound volume which lays down the law for everything in the navy—dignifies this subject of pets by devoting a paragraph to it. In this reference to pets in the naval book of etiquette it is set down that the officer of the deck (who corresponds to the officer of the day at a military camp) must not allow any pets to be brought aboard unless the permission of those in authority on the vessel be obtained.

However, it is only an exceptionally grouchy commander who ever makes any objection to the presence on board of any reasonable number of pets. Indeed, many an officer with a natural fondness for pets, has come to have a genuine affection for four-footed friends aboard ship. Moreover, the presence of pets helps to keep the seamen contented. And finally it is just as well for an officer—considering the well-known superstitions of tars—to recognize that ancient tradition of the sea which declares that the presence of certain animals aboard a ship will bring it luck.

Almost any pet having found a domicile on board a floating fortress, speedily advances to the dignity of a "mascot," no matter whether the aforementioned pet belongs to one individual in the ship's company, or is the property of the crew at large. And in this connection it should be mentioned that there are several different ways in which a pet or mascot may find a berth aboard a naval craft. The most dignified entry is that made by the animal which has been specifically designated in advance as the official mascot, of a new warship, and is brought aboard with due ceremony at the time the vessel is placed in commission. Often such a mascot is a native of and a donation from the state or city after which a warship is named, as, for instance, the handsome white goat which was presented to the battleship Kentucky by citizens of the blue grass state when that craft first went into commission.

Another favored manner of introduction for pets aboard warships is by transfer from other craft. This is apt to occur only when one vessel is being placed out of commission and another and newer craft is being placed in commission at about the same time, and presumably at the same navy yard. There have been instances when entire crews have been transferred thus from one ship to another, and even when a warship is merely being laid up for repairs and will retain a "skeleton crew" aboard it, it often happens that there is quite a contingent of bluejackets to be shifted to some other floating home. These boys naturally like to take with them their pets or mascots, and the officers of ships to which they are thus transferred can seldom find much fault with having their enlisted, since such veteran pets are experienced in all the ways of life aboard a warship and there is no danger of them making trouble, as do some newcomers until they get their "sea legs."

Many a cat or dog has begun an honorable career as a "mascot" rather ingloriously by wandering aboard as a "stray" or waif; being allowed to remain on sufferance, and finally winning a place in the affections of a large portion of the ship's company. After all, however, the mascot most commonly in vogue in the recruiting of mascots is that whereby the individual bluejacket takes aboard ship a pet that has caught his fancy on shore. Under such circumstances the tar who has adopted the mascot is accounted the owner of the pet remains aboard ship, and his [illegible] of ownership are recognized, however much the other jackies may pet the mascot or teach it tricks.

The officers of warships prefer to have [illegible] responsible for the animal; and for his behavior in [illegible] advantages to the [illegible] ship if he become the [illegible] as the mascot has [illegible] that make it the common property of the crew. The problem of feeding a mascot is not one that need give anybody any concern, for as may be imagined, the average naval mascot is hopelessly overfed by his indulgent masters, but the responsibility for keeping a pet in his proper place aboard the vessel and seeing to it that he behaves, is a different matter. Especially must a sharp watch be kept on his deportment if there be several pets aboard, for then the animal jealousy that usually appears under such circumstances is fanned to a fierce flame, and free for all fights on deck would be daily occurrence, save for the vigilance of the bluejackets detailed to keep order.

Many persons who seldom visit United States warships have long been of the impression that dogs and cats constitute almost the sole representatives of the animal kingdom holding position as naval mascots. This is very far from being the case. To be sure these household favorites do head the roster, numerically, of naval mascots, but they are by no means in a majority in the whole census of pets afloat. On the census of Uncle Sam's navy pretty nearly every animal that could be mentioned, except the ones that are too large to find quarters aboard ship and the very wild ones which are too ferocious to be tamed, even by the blandishments of the bluejackets. Furthermore, a wide variety of birds have proven their eligibility to classification as naval mascots.

Among the more or less dumb companions selected by Yankee tars to help enliven life aboard our warships there might be mentioned bears, [illegible] ponies, monkeys, pigs, geese, deer, ducks, mice, burros, kangaroos, raccoons, canaries, parrots, an endless variety of tropical birds, and almost all the small fur-bearing animals. A warship spending most of her time along the seaboard of the United States may have a small and miscellaneous lot of pets aboard, but let a vessel go on a cruise to the tropics or around the world, and she is likely to come home with a veritable menagerie aboard. Once some ports are reached, however, such a collection is rapidly thinned out, for many of the sailors send to their homes on shore or bestow upon friends the living trophies they have brought home, particularly the birds and monkeys and the quaint little dogs that are brought from China and Japan.

It is no more than is to be expected that the pets aboard our warships are as a rule possessed of a wonderful line of accomplishments. When a warship is engaged in an extensive cruise, the majority of the men aboard have, at one time or another, plenty of leisure at their disposal, and they devote a considerable portion of it to teaching tricks to the pets aboard. Many persons who have witnessed the really wonderful "stunts" done by naval mascots or have noticed four-footed mascots marching in parade with a naval battalion, and conforming to all the military orders given, have gained the impression that the bluejackets possess an especial and almost unique knack for instructing dumb animals. The secret of their success, however, lies in the devotion of much time to the task, combined with the circumstances that the tars have a seemingly inexhaustible supply of patience and an almost unfailing fund of good humor, which, when reinforced by plentiful supplies of sweets, will ultimately win over the most stubborn furred or feathered captive.

One of the most remarkable tricks to the credit of any naval mascot is that of a famous cat that was domiciled aboard the cruiser Chicago a few years ago. This cat would sit on its hind legs and "salute" with one front paw when the band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," and any person who knows how difficult it is to teach tricks to cats can appreciate what this performance meant. The battleship Vermont has a goat that will smoke a pipe with evident relish and one of the ships has as a mascot a bear that will engage in wrestling matches with members of the crew to the delight of audiences of cheering tars. Of course, the parrots on our warships have fearful and wonderful vocabularies and the monkeys are adepts in clever tricks. Especially is this the case with a small red monkey on board the cruiser Chester. In many instances a naval pet will evince a fancy for some certain part of the ship, and will not be induced to leave it under any circumstances. A striking case in point is that of an Eskimo dog on the battleship Minnesota. He selected a home, high up on the bridge of the vessel (possibly because it is cool and airy, and reminds pet of his home in the far north), and he remains constantly on this lofty platform, eating and sleeping here, no matter whether the vessel be anchored in port or cruising in a heavy sea.

DEMONSTRATION IN METZ

Great stress is being laid in France upon an agitation that has prevailed in Metz lately, the New York Sun says. It started one Sunday evening when a local association called La Lorraine Sportive attempted to give a concert in a room in a hotel which it had hired for the purpose. No sooner had M. Samain, the president, arisen to make an address of welcome in French than an inspector of police and eight constables took possession of the stage and announced that the concert could not be held because it was a public meeting and contrary to law.

There were loud protests, but in vain. Samain and the leader of the orchestra were arrested but the musicians went on playing. They played the "Marche Sambre et Meuse," which is a French air. The trumpets sounded French fanfares. The police ordered the audience to disperse. Instead it hoisted the police and shouted "Vive la Lorraine!" Finally it marched out singing the "Marseillaise," the trumpets still playing.

Samain was held prisoner for more than a week. The police endeavored to get a full list of members of La Lorraine Sportive, but failed. One of its committeemen, M. Sahl, was arrested, however. Samain was interrogated in court every day on charges of inciting rebellion. Public opinion remained at high tension and in the middle of it all M. Forel, a member of an old family of Metz, was elected mayor, or as the Germans prefer to say, burgomaster.

It is said the order for the police action came from the central authorities of the annexed province of Strassburg. Some are of the opinion that it was designed to provoke demonstration which would cause postponement of the new constitutional scheme for Alsace-Lorraine. In the long run the government seems to have become alarmed at the violence of the pro-French sentiment revealed by the incident. Of a sudden Samain and Sahl were released without bail and no one seemed to know whether they will ever be prosecuted any further.

Meanwhile the bitter feeling against Germanization is generally expressed in talk and finds vent in the flowers in protests against the so-called constitution as a scheme of Prussian tyranny. In France there is unmistakable rooting in all classes over what is taken to be a remarkable proof of the innate loyalty of the suggested people to the French flag.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

"WHO waits until the wind shall all cease
Will never find the ready hour to sow;
Who watcheth clouds will have no time to reap."
—Helen Hunt Jackson.

A Few Good Desserts.

A frozen dessert is always one well liked: they are easily made if one has a good freezer and fully as economical as desserts which take time and heat to prepare, as well as material more expensive.

A delicious dessert of rich milk and lemon juice, called sherbet, is made as follows:

Milk Sherbet.

Juice of three lemons and a cup of sugar is added to a quart of good, rich milk. Stir and dissolve the sugar and do not think it is ruined if the milk is curdled by the lemon juice, as it will freeze smooth.

Another very pretty and nice dessert is made from grape juice. Use a cup of the juice, a cup of sugar if the juice is not too sweet, and a pint of thin cream. Freeze as usual. The flavor and color is improved by adding a tablespoonful of lemon juice.

Raisin Pie.

This is a pie that is very rich, but when made of good raisins is especially delicious.

Cover a pound of raisins with water and cook gently until well softened. Add a lemon, three tablespoonfuls of flour, one and a half cupfuls of sugar and at the last a half cup of cold water. Bake in two crusts.

Grape Sherbet.

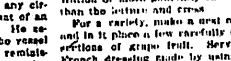
To one cupful of grape juice add the juice of a lemon and one orange, one cup of sugar, a pint of water and a tablespoonful of gelatine. Moisten the gelatine with a portion of the water, heat the remainder to the boiling point, pour over the moistened gelatine, add the sugar and juice and freeze as usual.

Generalities.

Wash eggs as they come from the market, and the shells may then be used in clearing coffee and soup.

Core apples before paring them, as there is less danger of their breaking.

Save all scraps of good soap and cook in soft water. This jelly may be used to wash the hair.



ONLY owls and bats love the shadows and live by them. Only cowards and fatal hearted fail the world's tale of love. Because there is trouble in the world, shall we plant it in our gardens? Because the hate lies, shall we care them and hang them in our bedrooms?
—Amber.

A Few Simple Salads.

During the early spring months there is no salad more simple in preparation or more generally satisfactory than the lettuce and cress.

For a variety, make a nest of cress and in it place a few carefully divided sections of grape fruit. Serve with French dressing made by using a teaspoonful of vinegar and three of olive oil; a teaspoonful of salt and a few dashes of red pepper.

A few peanuts rolled with a rolling pin and then sprinkled over crisp fresh lettuce and served with French dressing makes a fine salad.

Young green onions sliced with fresh radishes on lettuce with a boiled dressing served on cress or lettuce is another good spring salad.

Cream Cheese Salad.

Season cream cheese with salt, pepper and chopped chives, mold in balls with butter paddles, arrange two or three in a nest of blanched lettuce, or if the lettuce is not good, cut it with the shears or a sharp knife into shreds. Serve with French dressing.

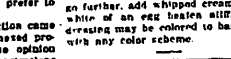
Stuffed Tomato Salad.

Firm, raw tomatoes may be [illegible] owed out and stuffed with a variety of edibles. Finely diced meat, well [illegible] marinated with oil dressing or seasonings, one or more cooked vegetables, raw cucumbers cut in dice and mixed with onion, sweet cress and celery, as well as other greens and fruits, which will accord with the taste.

Summer Salad.

Pare, eye and cut a ripe pine apple in cubes; slice tender celery. To each pint put a cup well broken pecan meats, moisten with mayonnaise and garnish with pecans and sliced pimolas.

When using mayonnaise, to make it go further, add whipped cream or the white of one egg beaten stiff. The dressing may be colored to harmonize with any color scheme.



CHEERFULNESS is just as rational in the heart of a man in strong health as color in his cheek, and where there is cheer there [illegible] food, [illegible] [illegible] digestible.

This combination applies vegetables is attractive when first [illegible] in the market, but it is one of the most [illegible] very vegetables to have in the house [illegible] Where making an asparagus [illegible]

bed the two-year-old roots are the most satisfactory to buy, as they roots are ready to use the following year.

Make a trench about eight inches deep, put in some good rich fertilizer and cover with a little dirt. Allow the soil to become warm, and then set out the roots about a foot apart. In the fall cover with a layer of fertilizer at least six inches deep and in the spring this is forked into the soil. The difference between large and small asparagus is in the amount of fertilizer used. A bed of asparagus makes a nice hedge between lots in the city. An asparagus bed should not be moved for years, but it must be cultivated.

Salt should be used generously in the spring, as it is a marine plant and needs salt to nourish it. The water from the ice cream freezer may be used with good effect if sprinkled on to the asparagus bed.

During the first year the bed will need cultivation several times; after that only in the spring before the shoots start and in the fall a thick coat of fertilizer.

A hundred roots will produce enough asparagus to supply a family of six with all the asparagus needed.

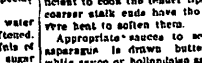
When cooking the young, tender stalks, the best method is to tie them in bunches and stand the bunches in the boiling water. The steam is sufficient to cook the tender tips and the coarser stalk ends have the more severe heat to soften them.

Appropriate sauces to serve with asparagus is drawn butter sauce, white sauce or hollandaise sauce.

If any of the vegetable is left, the sauce may be washed off and the asparagus may then be added to a salad with French dressing.

The tough ends may be used in a soup.

Asparagus is medicinal in its properties, especially valuable as a liver and kidney remedy.



THERE are nettles everywhere,
But smooth green grasses are more common still;
The blue of heaven is larger than the cloud.
—T. H. Browning.

Some Hot Puddings.

A steamed or baked pudding is a dish appreciated by the men, who usually like a rich dessert. Here are a few that will be an addition to, any recipe book:

Whole Wheat Pudding.

Mix two cupfuls of whole wheat flour, half a teaspoon of soda and half a teaspoonful of salt. Add one cup of milk, half a cup of molasses and one cup of chopped raisins or a cup of ripe berries. Steam two hours and a half and serve with cream or pudding sauce. One cup of dates, the stoned pieces, or chopped apple makes a variety which is pleasing.

An egg sauce made with hot milk sugar and flavoring makes a good sauce for this pudding.

Cabinet Pudding.

Butter a melon mold and decorate it with candied fruit, or with raisins lulled until soft. Fill in a layer of cake or lady fingers, then a few pieces of fruit, and repeat until the mold is full, or nearly so. Pour a pint of boiling milk into the yolks of three eggs beaten with three tablespoonfuls of sugar and half a teaspoonful of salt. Pour over the cake to fill the mold and set the mold into a [illegible] of water on the back of the stove for half an hour, then place in the oven, still in the hot water and bake an hour. Serve with foamy sauce.

French Bread Pudding.

Butter small, thin slices of bread and spread with apple jelly, lay them in a pudding dish, filling it half full. Pour over a boiled custard and cover with a meringue. Brown the meringue and serve cold.

Sponge and Cocoanut Pudding.

Butter a tall mold, sprinkle the bottom and sides with grated cocoanut, using the fresh nut. Crumble rather fine a stale sponge cake. Fill the mold almost to the top with alternate layers of cake, cocoanut and sliced or [illegible] angea. Heat four eggs, add a pint of milk, a pinch of salt and three tablespoonfuls of sugar. Haste this slowly over the fire, pour into the mold and let stand for 15 minutes. Steam for 45 minutes.

Nellie Maxwell.

Clumsy Compliment.

He was a flatterer, but a clumsy one. Noting that the girl of his heart possessed beautiful teeth that shone like ivory, he ventured to pass a compliment.

"Dearest," he whispered, leaning over the music rack, "your teeth are like piano keys."

Pressing him with an icy glance she turned on her heel. "Sir, how dare you insult me?"

"Insult you?"

"Yes, insinuate that my teeth are as large as piano keys." And without another word she left the parlor leaving him crestfallen and be[illegible]

U. S. Commissioner.

(Continued from page 1.)

The Almont commissioner will serve a large territory in every direction as he is the only one between Bismarck and Dickinson. Also, the commissioner will be of considerable assistance to the U. S. Marshal and deputies.

The Arena joins with the citizens of Almont in congratulating Mr. Anderson and the community at large upon the acquisition of this office for the place.

Locals.

In passing over a large section of the southern half of North Dak. the fore part of the week the Arena representative observed conditions and talked with many people. In all the places stopped at there was a buoyancy and optimism only to found where the outlook for the future is really most roseate. And nowhere were conditions better than here; nor were conditions as good in many places. Local merchants assert that where the community has given its entire time to raising wheat, the hard times are most felt and very little ready money in that place. The people have bought more carefully and closely and have in a number of communities turned their attention to the meek old Cow and in numerous cases reported she has paid the grocery and fuel bills. In every community where there is a creamery the merchants report a fairly good cash trade and considerable money in circulation. Also the farmers are giving more time to the subject of fodder and pasturage,—the hand maids of the creamery.

DeSendreries FARGO

DeVaul Doings

John West and wife have been in Mandan for a few days looking after business.

Mesdames Fred Grimm and Otis Malone entertained a few friends at an Easter dinner.

Nearly all the farmers have begun seeding.

A dance was given in Flasher, Monday night. George Werks and sister Julia also Mr. Albert Anderson and Miss Mable Rogers attended. A good time was had by all present.

Can not some one furnish Louie Olson with a pair of gloves so the next time he attends a dance his hands won't get sore? What was the matter with your girl Louie? Couldn't she hold them for you?

A big time was was had at the Jay Hedlicks home when his daughters gave a supper and dance to their many friends. The "Valley Forge" band furnished the music.

Mrs. Bert Hungerford and Mrs. and Mrs. W. F. Gantt made a call at DeVaul.

Thursday was 'cleaning up' day at the school house and all afternoon, teacher and pupils worked with might and main to remove the rubbish that accumulated during the winter.

O. C. Ellingson has been making some improvements in the New Store building. Nels Becklund did the work.

Thursday afternoon a fire started by a spark from the engine of No 3 came near destroying the Rasmussen home and would have done so had it not been for Frank Todd who worked valliantly till the fire was out.

Several New Salem people were business visitors in thif place Fri.

ALMONT NEWS NOTES

Gleaned from Here, There and Everywhere.

By the Arena Gate-Keeper.

N. H. Becklund transacted business at Mandan the first of the week.

J. W. Hurley and Cornelius Knutson went to Bismarck, Friday evening to ride the Elks' goat. At the time we are going to press, no report has been made as to whether they succeded in keeping the goat in order or not.

L. Larson, O. W. Erickson and Lawerance Nelson transacted business at Bismarck, Tuesday of this week and returned home in the evening on train No. 5.

T. J. Miller and H. G. Timpe went to Glen Ullen, Monday, to bring home their new Reeves—P & O Canton breaking outfit which they recently purchast from Matt Greuer. T. J. says they are going to rip the old covering off the earth this year.

W. F. Krenz of New Salem, and who is representing Park, Grant & Morris, wholesale grocers of Fargo, was calling on the local merchants Friday. He stated to the Arena that conditions were improving all along the line, and so soon as the indications for a good crop show up, business will begin booming. He also stated that a feeling of uncertainty exists over the outcome of the special session of Congress and the action on the reciprocity pact.

The Farmers State Bank will write your fire insurance on your good buildings.

Anna Morstad was a New Salem visitor, Sunday.

Mrs. August Timmerman and daughter, Mary, were Sims visitors Easter Sunday. They returned to Almont in the afternoon and Miss Anna Timmerman came with them for a short visit.

P. T. Halvorson of the First State Bank was a Mandan visitor last Sunday, and later in the day returned to Almont on train No. 7. He went to Mandan to obtain a permit to go to Canada to visit his mother. Also to secure an acting cashier in his absence.

C. E. Nilson and Charles Westmark, two of New Salem's prominent business men, visited friends in this burg, Sunday afternoon

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Buy your magazine subscriptions at the Arena office. All the standard magazines are listed.

DON'T take any risk of losing your property by fire when you can get good insurance. The Farmers State Bank represents the BEST companies.

Ye Editor received a message on ye Sunday laste, that on Ye Goode Friday a daughter was born unto himself and better half. All ye familie are doing well—and ye scribe is able get out the Arena once again.

Mrs. G. G. St. Clair visited in Mandan a few days this week. She returned home Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Charles Knutson returned home Tuesday evening from Moorhead, Minn., where she had been attending her daughter Agnes who has been very sick of an attack of pneumonia. For a time it was believed that the Grim Reaper would carry the day but at last the tide turned and the sick girl began to mend and is now out of danger.

Church Notice.

There will be a Song Service and a short sermon in the school house Sunday Evening, April 23rd, conducted by Rev Gordon Clark, and wife of the Moody Institute of Chicago. Everybody invited.

Barnabus Miller of Madison, South Dakota, was in this place a few days this week, looking over land with the intention of locating.

Fritz Holrita and P. T. Halvorson transacted business in New Salem, Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Nels Morstad and children left for Castor, Alberta, Canada, to join husband and father who had preceeded them to that place, where he has a homestead.

J. H. Lunneman went to Bismarck, Tuesday to meet his wife and family. They came to Almont, Wednesday on the local and left immediately for their commodious home south of town.

J. W. Hurley, wife and son Johnny autoed to New Salem, Wednesday. They report a pleasant trip and the roads in fairly good condition.

Walter Larson drove to Sims, Tuesday night to meet a number of Almont people who were returning from Bismarck. He didn't go alone, either.

Almont can boast of one of the neatest little restaurants to be seen anywhere along the line from Fargo to Glendive. It was recently opened by Frank D. Hurley and its appointments are as good as can be found anywhere.

Walter Larson left Thursday afternoon for Dickinson where he will be in charge of the creamery for a few days in the absence of the local man.

Money Making

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Arena Publishing Company
Almont, North Dakota.

Everybody

Likes to see a nice garden. Beside being a thing of beauty, it is a source of profit. And it is a place from which the industrious housewife secures the material to make so many savory and palatable dishes for her hungry household. Invest

a $1.50 for your summer's pleasure, and receive your dividends when the high cost of fresh vegetables usually cause you to spend sleepless nights planning ways and means to meet this added expense.

Order this authority on gardening of
ARENA PUBLISHING CO.
Almont, North Dakota.

We need not dwell at length upon the many features embodied into The Woman's Home Companion to make it, pre-eminently the ONE GREAT HOME Magazine—that is read every month by 2,000,000 people. 1916 will only myit is to be by far better than ever this year. Order it through us. Price $1.50 a year. Send now.

Arena Publishing Co. Almont, N. D.

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